

METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD

DECEMBER 31,1912.

Metropolitan Water & Sewerage Board

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N PLACE,

BOSTON.

WILLIAM N. DAVENPORT



COMPLIMENTS OF . . .

METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD.

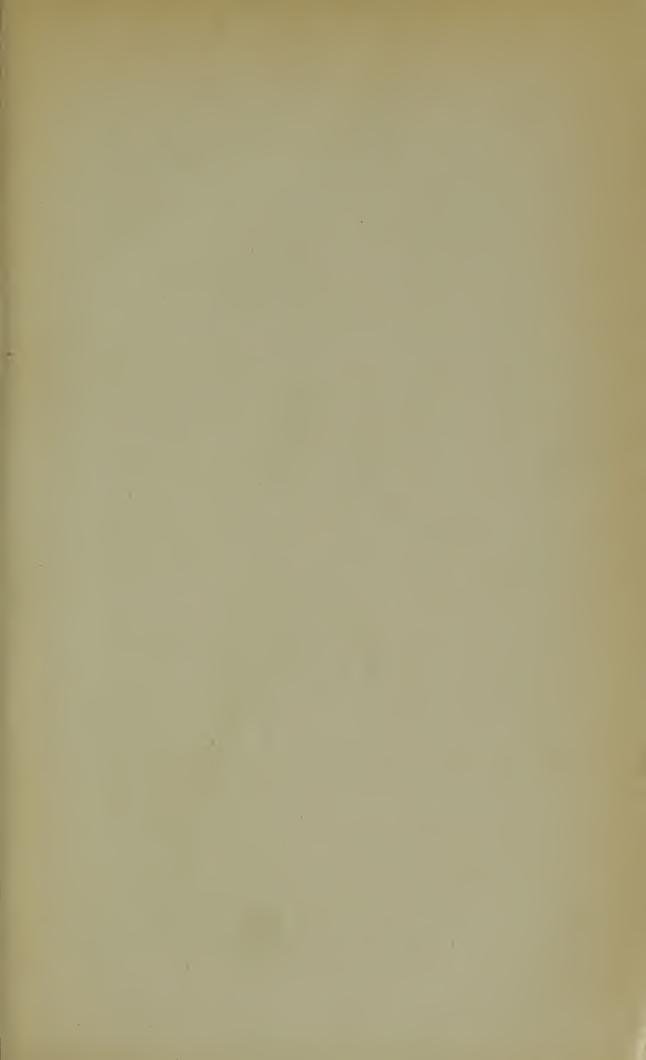
HENRY H. SPRAGUE, CHAIRMAN. HENRY P. WALCOTT. JAMES A. BAILEY, JR.

1 ASHBURTON PLACE,

WILLIAM N. DAVENPORT, Secretary.

BOSTON.





HYDE PARK PUMPING STATION.

TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD.

FOR THE YEAR 1912.



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METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD.

To the Honorable the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts in General Court assembled.

The Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board, established under the provisions of chapter 168 of the Acts of the year 1901, has already presented to your Honorable Body an abstract of the account of its doings, receipts, expenditures, disbursements, assets and liabilities for the fiscal year ending on November 30, 1912, and now, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 235 of the Acts of the year 1906, it presents a detailed statement of its doings for the calendar year ending on December 31, 1912, being its

TWELFTH ANNUAL REPORT

made since the consolidation of the Metropolitan Water Board and the Board of Metropolitan Sewerage Commissioners on March 20, 1901.

I. ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION.

(1) Board, Officers and Employés.

The term of office of Henry H. Sprague expired on March 21, 1912, and he was reappointed for the three years next succeeding. The membership of the Board has consequently remained as in the preceding year: Henry H. Sprague, chairman, Henry P. Walcott, M.D., and James A. Bailey, Junior. William N. Davenport has continued as secretary and in charge of the auditing department. Alfred F. Bridgman has been the purchasing agent and Miss Alice G. Mason the bookkeeper.

There are also employed in the administrative office a paymaster, an assistant in auditing, two general clerks, three stenographers and clerks, a telephone operator, a messenger, and a janitor with two assistants, one of whom acts as watchman.

Such general conveyancing work and investigation of real estate titles in the different counties as has been called for during the year has been performed by George D. Bigelow and Miss Celia M. Tibbetts.

The consulting engineers of the Board are Hiram F. Mills and Frederic P. Stearns, who are called upon for services when matters arise which require such consideration.

Dexter Brackett, Chief Engineer of the Water Works, has had supervision over the various departments of both construction and maintenance of the Water Works. William E. Foss has been Assistant to the Chief Engineer and has exercised a general charge over engineering work in all departments. The following have also acted under the direction of the Chief Engineer: Elliot R. B. Allardice, Superintendent of the Wachusett Department; Charles E. Haberstroh, Superintendent of the Sudbury and Cochituate Works and of the portion of the Weston Aqueduct above the Weston Reservoir; Samuel E. Killam, Superintendent in charge of the Weston Reservoir and the remaining portion of the Weston Aqueduct, and of all reservoirs and pipe lines within the Metropolitan District; and Arthur E. O'Neil, Superintendent of the several pumping stations.

There has been a still further decrease in the number of the engineering force during the past year. The average force employed on construction and maintenance during the year has included, in addition to the Chief Engineer, 4 department superintendents, 2 division engineers, 6 assistant engineers, and 33 others in various engineering capacities and as sanitary inspectors, clerks, stenographers and messengers, the total force numbering 46. The maximum engineering force employed at any one time during the year on both construction and maintenance was 49.

A maintenance force in addition to those engaged in engineering capacities, as above mentioned, numbering upon the average during the year 236, has been required at the pumping stations, upon reservoirs, aqueducts, pipe lines, and upon minor construction work. At the end of the year this force numbered 215.

William M. Brown resigned the position of Chief Engineer of Sewerage Works on February 21, 1912, to accept the position of Chief Engineer of the Passaic Valley Sewerage Commissioners. The Board, in recognition of his services, caused the following entry to be made upon its records:—

In regretfully accepting the resignation of William M. Brown, the Chief Engineer of the Metropolitan Sewerage Works, the Board gratefully recognizes the great indebtedness which is due to him from the Commonwealth. From the beginning he took part in the construction of the Sewerage Works, and in the year 1895 was appointed the Chief Engineer of the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission; upon the consolidation of the Boards in 1901 he continued at the head of the Sewerage Division; and he has in these periods directed the construction of the larger part of the works which now constitute the North and South Metropolitan Sewerage systems. His service of more than sixteen years in charge of the building and operation of these systems has displayed a large constructive ability and an intimate knowledge of the details of maintenance. Faithful devotion and prompt execution and accomplishment have characterized the performance of all his duties.

Frederick D. Smith was, on February 28, 1912, appointed as Engineer in charge of both construction and maintenance of the works. Mr. Smith has been assisted by Henry T. Stiff, Division Engineer in charge of the office and drafting, by 2 assistant engineers and by 10 others employed in different engineering capacities, and by 2 clerks and stenographers.

The maximum engineering force employed at any one time during the year on the construction and maintenance of the Sewerage Works was 16.

The regular maintenance force required in addition for the operation of the pumping stations, the care and inspection of the sewers, and for other parts of the Sewerage Works, exclusive of the engineers and day-labor forces, has upon the average numbered 170.

The whole regular force of the Sewerage Department at the end of the year numbered 186, of whom the Engineer and 15 assistants and draftsmen were engaged in general upon the works, and of the remainder, 103 were employed upon the North System and 67 upon the South System.

The day-labor forces under the supervision of the engineers and the immediate direction of the foremen have been employed during the year in connection with the extension of the East Boston pumping station and its equipment, and in the construction of a siphon at Saratoga Street, East Boston, under the Metropolitan sewer, for the City of Boston.

The maximum number of men employed upon contracts and upon day-labor construction on the Sewerage Works during the year was for the week ending October 30, when the number amounted to 86.

(2) Offices and Buildings.

The offices of the Board and the secretary, and of the auditing and conveyancing departments, and the main engineering offices of both Water Works and Sewerage Works, are located in the buildings numbered 1 and 3 Ashburton Place, at the corner of Somerset Street, in Boston.

The headquarters of the Wachusett Department of the Water Works are at the gate and power house at the Wachusett Dam, in Clinton. The branch office for the Sudbury Department is maintained at South Framingham. Headquarters of the maintenance force of the Water Works for the northern part of the Metropolitan District are maintained in the Glenwood pipe yard in Medford, where there are offices, shops, store-rooms and stables; and the maintenance force for the southern part of the District has headquarters in like buildings at the Chestnut Hill Reservoir.

Branch headquarters of the maintenance and repair forces of the Sewerage Works are maintained for the North Metropolitan System at the stable and locker building at East Boston and at the Deer Island pumping station, and for the South Metropolitan System at the Ward Street pumping station and at the storage yard at Hough's Neck.

II. METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT.

The Metropolitan Water District now comprises the cities of Boston, Chelsea, Everett. Malden, Medford, Melrose, Newton, Quincy and Somerville, and the towns of Arlington, Belmont, Lexington, Milton, Nahant, Revere, Stoneham, Swampscott, Watertown and Winthrop, — in all 9 cities and 10 towns. The District has an area of 174.8 square miles, no additional municipalities having been admitted into the District during the year. Its population, according to the United States Census taken for April 1, 1910, was 1,070.256. The population of the District on July 1, 1912, the date upon which

calculations for the Water Works are based, was estimated as 1,127,210.

The city of Newton, though belonging to the District, did not take water from Metropolitan sources during the year 1912.

III. METROPOLITAN WATER WORKS - CONSTRUCTION.

The total amount expended for the construction and acquisition of the Metropolitan Water Works since the passage of the Metropolitan Water Act in the year 1895 has been \$42,036,311.97.

The total amount expended during the calendar year on account of the construction and acquisition of works has been \$103,461.53. There has been expended on account of the Wachusett power plant the sum of \$6,955.31; in the laying of the new 60-inch main for bringing the supply of water from the Weston Aqueduct into the Metropolitan District, the sum of \$13,319.97; on account of the new pumping engine which has been installed at Chestnut Hill pumping station for the use of the southern high-service district, \$14,093.20; in the laying of a new main to Hyde Park and on account of the construction of a new pumping station, the sum of \$57,426.14; and for other minor works, engineering and administration expenses, the remaining sum of \$11,666.91.

(1) DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM.

(a) New Pumping Engine at Chestnut Hill.

The new pumping engine for the southern high service had been put in operation in the preceding year, but the official duty trial was not made until October 16 and 17, 1912. The test which was made showed that the engine fulfilled the various requirements of the specifications and is capable of pumping 40,000,000 gallons of water per day with a lift of 130 feet. The engine has been accepted. The cost of the engine proper has been \$99,769, but the additional sums paid for the engine foundations, providing new boilers and making the necessary connections and for incidental expenses, carry the entire cost of the work to \$148,265.44, for which the estimate made was \$150,000.

(b) Supply of Water to Hyde Park.

The district of Hyde Park, now a part of Boston, was in the preceding year connected with the Metropolitan main running through

Forest Hills, and the Board began the supply of water to the district on February 5, 1912.

The foundation of the new pumping station to be erected on Hyde Park Avenue was also begun in the preceding year, and the superstructure has been erected and, with the exception of some painting and plumbing, has been entirely completed. The walls of the building are red-faced brick with granite trimmings. The main engine room is 60 feet long and 43 feet wide, and the boiler room in the rear is 38 feet by 40 feet. A side track has been built and connected with the railroad, so arranged as to provide for the convenient delivering of coal and other supplies. Two pumping engines have been completed and at the end of the year their installation in the station was in progress, each engine having a capacity of pumping 3,000,000 gallons of water per day, with a lift of 140 feet. It is expected that the building will be entirely completed, the grounds graded, and the engines ready for operation in the early part of the year 1913.

The sum of \$100,013.74 was expended for the laying of the pipe lines to connect the district of Hyde Park with the Metropolitan main, and for the pumping station, engines and equipment the expenditures have thus far amounted to \$63,971.77. The total sum required for the work will be within the estimated cost of \$212,000.

(2) Acquisition of Lands and Settlements for Damages.

The only additional land acquired during the past year was a purchase in Chelsea, for the pipe tunnel to East Boston, of 0.0324 of an acre in fee, and an easement in 0.0299 of an acre.

The Board conveyed back, in settlement, a parcel of 0.0514 of an acre in Newton which it had taken in connection with the construction of the tunnel for the Weston Aqueduct Supply Main, and granted an easement over 0.042 of an acre of land which it had before taken.

The settlements made during the year on account of land both purchased and taken have numbered 3. The total amount paid in settlements was \$1,605. All of these settlements were effected by voluntary agreement.

There have been 4 takings of land in fee, including a total of 179.874 acres, to all but one parcel of which title by deed had previously been acquired.

The following is a list of the takings made during the year for the Water Works:—

Takings for Metropolitan Water Works for the Year 1912.

No.	LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION.	Former Owner.	Re- corded.	Purpose of Taking.
143	Newton, — Land adjoining south- easterly side of Cochituate Aque- duct location. Area, fee in 0.133 of an acre.	Charles G. Rice	1912. Feb. 21.	Weston Aqueduct Supply Mains.
144	West Boylston, — Ten parcels of land on Prescott Street, Sterling Street, Pleasant Street, along Boston & Maine Railroad and Waushacum Brook. Area, fee in 126.97 acres.	Frank H. Baldwin and Lena Leazott	Mar. 15.	Improvement of Wachusett watershed.
145	Natick, — Four parcels of land adjacent to lands in which the right, title and interest of the City of Boston therein were taken by the Commonwealth on January 1, 1898. Area, fee in 0.638 of an acre.	Augustus J. Wilder, Sylvester H. Frost, Maggie M. Porter, Edward E. and Di- ana B. Wilgus, Trustees of William A. Prescott, and Elizabeth F. Hand.	Mar. 14.	Improvement of Cochit- uate watershed.
146	Sterling, West Boylston, Clinton and Boylston, — Nine parcels of land, three of which are in Sterling, two partly in Sterling and partly in West Boylston, one in West Boylston, one in Clinton and two in Boylston. Area, fee in 51.896 acres.	Herbert C. Fisher, Tennis Dugas, Louisa Dugas, Burton W. Potter, Clarence R. Streeter, Carrie L. Bates, Clephane L. and Ellen A. Lord.	Apr. 1.	Improvement of Wachusett watershed.

IV. WATER WORKS - MAINTENANCE.

(1) OPERATION OF WORKS.

The maintenance and operation of the Metropolitan Water Works during the past calendar year has required the expenditure of \$450,-551.83. This amount, however, includes the sum of \$50,795.42 expended on the Mystic tunnel extension on the account of the City of Boston, for which the city has already reimbursed the Commonwealth to the extent of \$46,213.28.

(2) STORAGE RESERVOIRS.

The reservoirs which are maintained for the collection and storage of water in the various watersheds, and from which is drawn through the different aqueducts the water for distribution to the various municipalities in the District, are capable of holding in storage a total of 80,908,900,000 gallons. At the beginning of the year the quantity in storage was about two-thirds of the entire capacity. The smallest amount in storage at any time during the year was on February 20, when the reservoirs contained 59,064,200,000 gallons, but there was a constant gain until about the middle of May, when

all the reservoirs were filled. They remained full until the end of the first week in June; after that date there was a constant loss, more or less rapid, until the end of the year, when the amount in storage was 64,220,100,000 gallons. The year closed, therefore, with a net gain during the year of 4,240,100,000 gallons. The capacities of the various reservoirs are as follows:—

	Capacity in Gallons.
Cochituate watershed: —	
Lake Cochituate, including Dudley Pond, Natick, Framing	-
ham and Wayland,	. 2,328,300,000
Sudbury watershed:—	
Sudbury Reservoir, Southborough and Marl-	
borough,	0
Framingham Reservoir No. 1, Framingham,	
Framingham Reservoir No. 2, Ashland and	
Framingham,	
Framingham Reservoir No. 3, Framingham, 1,180,000,000	0
Ashland Reservoir, Ashland, 1,416,400,00	0
Hopkinton Reservoir, Hopkinton and Ash-	
land, 1,520,900,000)
Whitehall Reservoir, Hopkinton, 1,256,900,000	0
Farm Pond, Framingham, 167,500,000)
	- 13,612,600,000
Wachusett watershed:—	
Wachusett Reservoir, Clinton, Boylston, West Boylston and	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Sterling,	. 64,968,000,000
Total,	. 80,908,900,000

The water in the Wachusett Reservoir reached high-water mark on May 15, and for the period following May 17 until June 22 some water was allowed to flow through the waste channel into the river below the dam. At the end of the year the water surface was 11.21 feet below high-water mark, or 1.49 feet higher than at the beginning of the year.

Since the reservoir was filled the action of the waves has caused a constant wearing away of the shores, especially in places where there were steep banks composed of fine material. By this caving in of the shores the area of the reservoir has been increased to the extent of about 14.5 acres, requiring in each year considerable additional stripping of the soil back of the immediate shore, various reinforcements and the repair of paving and riprap.

The action of heat and cold and of the frost upon the granolithic surface of the top of the Wachusett Dam and upon the joints of the parapet wall, and in the masonry on the up-stream face of the dam, has been such as to require considerable attention and repair.

The Sudbury Reservoir, which receives the water from the Wachusett Aqueduct and from which the water is discharged into the Weston Aqueduct and into Framingham Reservoir No. 3, and Framingham Reservoir No. 3, from which water is discharged into the Sudbury Aqueduct, have been both kept nearly full during the year.

Framingham Reservoir No. 2 was kept full, and during the early part of the year water was drawn from it for the Metropolitan

supply.

It has not been found necessary during the past year to draw for the supply of the Metropolitan District from the waters of Framingham Reservoir No. 1, Farm Pond, Ashland and Hopkinton reservoirs and Whitehall Pond, but water has been discharged from both Framingham Reservoir No. 1 and Framingham Reservoir No. 2 into Farm Pond, from which the town of Framingham has taken the most of its supply during the year.

Water was drawn from Lake Cochituate during portions of February, June, August, September, October and November, in the aggregate a little more than one and a half billion gallons, equivalent to a daily average supply of 4,211,000 gallons.

(3) AQUEDUCTS.

The Wachusett Aqueduct was in service for the passage of the water from the Wachusett Reservoir to the Sudbury Reservoir during portions of 292 days in the year, and the quantity of water flowing through the aqueduct was equal to an average of 92,127,000 gallons per day for the entire year. The drawing of the water from the reservoir into the aqueduct was to a considerable extent governed by the requirements of the power station.

For distribution to the cities and towns of the Metropolitan District water was drawn through the Sudbury Aqueduct during portions of 353 days, the use of the aqueduct having been interrupted for periods of a few days each on account of the repairs upon the aqueduct where passing over Echo Bridge. The daily average for the whole year flowing through the Sudbury Aqueduct was 74,221,000 gallons, the average of 72,115,000 gallons being drawn from

Framingham Reservoir No. 3 and of 2,100,000 gallons from Framingham Reservoir No. 2.

Owing to cracks in the aqueduct which had developed at the crossing at Echo Bridge, and were causing a considerable leakage, it was deemed necessary to line with lead the bottom and sides of the aqueduct at this point. The work was rendered more difficult on account of the impossibility of stopping the flow through the aqueduct except for short periods. The lining was accomplished for a distance of 508 feet at a cost of \$5,537.70.

The Cochituate Aqueduct was in operation during 100 days of the year and the quantity conveyed was equal to 4,211,000 gallons per day for the entire year.

The Weston Aqueduct was in use throughout the year except for portions of two days when its use was discontinued for the purpose of making some repairs at Siphon chambers Nos. 1 and 2. The daily average flow through the aqueduct was 36,632,000 gallons.

(4) DISTRIBUTING RESERVOIRS.

Beside the various storage reservoirs there are located within the Metropolitan Water District various distributing reservoirs and standpipes which not only furnish a considerable amount of water in storage, but serve also as a protection and relief in case of accident and emergency, and are serviceable in securing a proper distribution of the water in the District.

These distributing reservoirs and standpipes are as follows: —

Spot Pond, Stoneham and Medfor	d, .					Capacity in Gallons.
Chestnut Hill Reservoir, Brighton	distri	ict of	Bost	on,		300,000,000
Weston Reservoir, Weston,						200,000,000
Fells Reservoir, Stoneham,						41,400,000
Mystic Reservoir, Medford, .						26,200,000
Waban Hill Reservoir, Newton,					•	13,500,000
Forbes Hill Reservoir, Quincy, .						5,100,000
Bear Hill Reservoir, Stoneham, .						2,450,000
Arlington Standpipe, Arlington,						550,000
Forbes Hill Standpipe, Quincy,						330,000
Total						2.381.230.000

It has been felt desirable that the grounds about the distributing reservoirs, being situated within the populated portions of the District and attractive from their natural positions, should be well cared for. Several of these are places of much resort in the summer. The Board has not been disposed to restrain the public from the benefit of the grounds, and considerable care and policing has been required in order to protect them and the water supply from injury and enforce a proper enjoyment of them.

(5) Pumping Stations.

During the past year 69 per cent. of all the water furnished for distribution to the Metropolitan District was pumped at the two Chestnut Hill stations, and the remainder of the water, 31 per cent. of the whole, was distributed by gravity. This proportion was considerably greater than that of last year, when only 27 per cent. was delivered by gravity. Other pumping has been required for supplying the higher portions of the District at the Spot Pond, Arlington and West Roxbury stations.

The average quantity pumped per day at the Chestnut Hill stations was 80,002,000 gallons, at the Spot Pond station 8,030,000 gallons, at the Arlington station 876,000 gallons, and at the West Roxbury station 833,000 gallons, a total of 89,741,000 gallons per day.

The following are the several pumping stations:—

						Number of Engines.	Contract Capacity per Day (Gallons).	Lift (Feet).
Chestnut Hill High-service	Stati	on,				4	66,000,000	138
Chestnut Hill Low-service	Statio	n,				3	105,000,000	60
Chestnut Hill Low-service	Statio	n,				1	40,000,000	130
Spot Pond Station, .						2	30,000,000	125
Arlington Station, .					- 1	2	3,000,000	290
West Roxbury Station,						3	3,750,000	140

The cost of operating all the stations, counting the coal actually consumed, was \$105,038.22, or \$3.198 per million gallons pumped. The increase of \$0.224 above the cost in the preceding year is owing to the larger cost of fuel and to the considerable repairs required.

The total amount of coal purchased during the year was 8,650.76 gross tons, of which 7,983.02 tons were bituminous, 411.74 tons anthracite, 38.84 tons buckwheat anthracite and 217.16 tons anthracite screenings. The average cost of bituminous coal delivered in the bins at the various stations varied from \$3.91 to \$4.67; the average cost of anthracite coal was \$5.38; the cost of buckwheat was \$2.86; and the average cost of anthracite screenings varied from \$2.50 to \$3.08.

The various requirements regarding the number of thermal units, the percentage of volatile matter and the percentage of ash and moisture under which the coal was purchased by contract proved satisfactory, and the coal which was furnished by the various contractors was of good quality.

(6) Pipe Lines.

The Board has owned and operated during the past year pipe lines of a total length of 101.73 miles, a length of only 0.15 of a mile having been added during the year. The local mains of 4 inches and more in diameter with which the Metropolitan mains are connected for the distribution of water to the various municipalities of the District have a total length of 1,745.9 miles.

The only serious break during the year occurred on February 13 on Adams Street in Milton, in the 24-inch main supplying Milton and Quincy. One pipe was split for nearly its entire length, apparently by reason of its having settled upon the brick masonry of a sewer which had been constructed subsequent to the laying of the pipe. Owing to the depth to which the ground was frozen the work of repair was rendered difficult, and special efforts had to be made in order to continue the supply to the districts dependent upon it while the repairs were in progress. There were 39 leaks of a minor character, the larger portion of which occurred at defective joints, both the wooden and leaded joints.

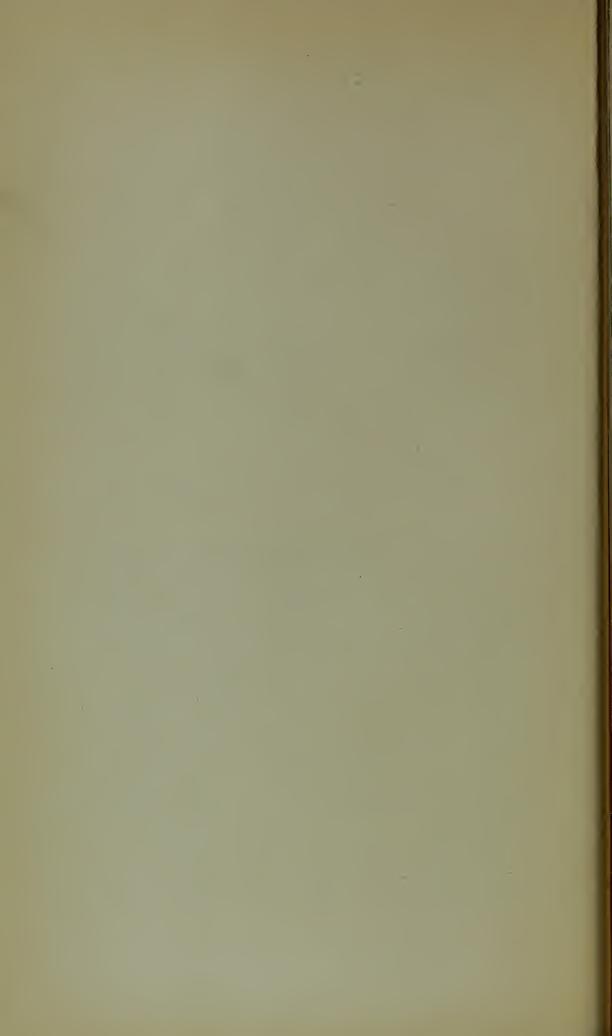
The widening of the north channel in the Mystic River between Charlestown and Chelsea by the City of Boston made necessary the extension of the tunnel which carries the 24-inch Metropolitan water main under the bed of the river. As the work required processes of much difficulty involving the excavation of rock and quicksand, and the use of compressed air, it was deemed wiser that it should be done by day labor under the direction of the Board. Accordingly arrange-



MYSTIC RIVER TUNNEL EXTENSION — SINKING SHAFT AT CHARLESTOWN END OF TUNNEL.



MYSTIC RIVER TUNNEL EXTENSION — HEADING IN ROCK IN TUNNEL UNDER THE RIVER.



ment was made with the City by which the entire work should be carried out by the Board and the City should pay the expense.

The new tunnel is built in general of brick carried for a distance of 273 feet, with an interior diameter of 6 feet, and its centre line is about $43\frac{1}{2}$ feet below mean low water. The tunnel was finished and the new pipe line was put into operation in December. The entire cost of the work as charged to December 31, 1912, was \$55,059.15, \$50,795.42 of which is to be paid by the city of Boston, and \$4,263.73 is properly chargeable to the Board.

The Legislature of 1911 directed the County Commissioners of Essex County to reconstruct the Fox Hill Bridge over the Saugus River between the city of Lynn and the town of Saugus. As the Metropolitan 16-inch water main supplying Swampscott and Nahant is laid in the river channel at and in connection with the old bridge, the construction of the new bridge requires a change in the water main. The work of building the new bridge was undertaken in the past season and a water pipe has been laid for the time being on the temporary bridge. So far the bridge construction has proceeded very slowly, and it will be impossible to place the water pipe in its permanent location until the completion of the bridge in the coming season. The expense of the changes was imposed by statute upon the Metropolitan Water District.

(7) CLINTON SEWERAGE WORKS.

Wires for transmitting electric energy have been carried from the power station at the Wachusett Dam to the Clinton Sewerage Station and an electric pump and motor installed at the station, so that for the last two months electric energy has been substituted for steam for pumping the sewage upon the filter-beds. The cost of the new equipment has been \$7,625.29. It is expected not only that the work of pumping will be more satisfactorily performed, but that there will be a considerable saving in expense.

The amount of sewage received was more than 25 per cent. in excess of the quantity contributed by the town in the preceding year. This large increase seems to be due to the leaky condition of the town sewers.

The average quantity of sewage pumped per day was 1,057,000 gallons. The total cost of operating the station was \$3,988.44, or

\$10.31 per million gallons pumped, the increase of cost over that of last year being chiefly on account of labor and fuel.

There has been a constant improvement in the effluent from the filter-beds since the year 1909, when extensive improvements were made, and the results of the past year have been the best attained since the beginning of the operation of the works.

The total cost of maintenance of the filter-beds has been \$4,176.60, an increase over that of last year, but the cost per million gallons treated has decreased from \$12.63 to \$10.80.

(8) PROTECTION OF THE WATER SUPPLY.

No additional general improvements have been completed during the past year for the protection of the water in the different watersheds from pollution, but investigations have been made and arrangements effected with the purpose of undertaking such improvements in the coming year.

There has been a recent growth in the manufacturing industries in both the Cochituate and Wachusett watersheds. The starting up of old mills and the building of new ones has largely increased the disposal of manufacturing wastes, and the growth of the industries has caused the erection of many new buildings for dwelling and other purposes as well as the re-occupancy of old premises.

A considerable district in the southern part of the town of Framingham has been developed by the erection of buildings for manufacturing and dwelling purposes, including especially a very low area tributary to Beaver Dam Brook. Much of this area is so low that it is difficult to dispose of the sewage satisfactorily by cesspools or other means usually adopted. It is necessary so far as possible to extend the town's system of sewers into this region.

The Board included in its estimates for the year 1912, upon the basis of which the appropriation of that year was made by the Legislature, the sum of \$20,000 for the protection and improvement of the water supply, with the expectation that this amount would be largely devoted to remedying troubles which existed upon the portion of the Cochituate watershed which was included in the town of Framingham. The Board under this appropriation entered into an engagement with the town of Framingham by which the Commonwealth should contribute to the building of sewers in progress and

projected, the town itself having appropriated larger sums for the purpose. The operations contemplated have not yet been carried out but it is expected that they will be prosecuted or completed in the coming year.

A better disposal and purification of sewage and manufacturing wastes from dwellings and factories in portions of the Wachusett watershed seem also to be called for in the early future, and investigations have been instituted with reference to the making of definite recommendations. The Board has accordingly included in its estimates for the current year the further special sum of \$20,000 for the protection and improvement of the water supply, with the expectation that if the appropriation is made the larger portion of this sum may be devoted to the better care of the manufacturing wastes and of the sewage of the town of Holden entering the Quinepoxet River near its outlet into the Wachusett Reservoir.

(a) Drainage Ditches.

The various drainage ditches which have been constructed to an aggregate length of 36.36 miles have required at least annual cleaning and various repairs and in some places renewals. Paved ditching has been introduced in places into brooks which were feeders of the water supply.

(b) Filter-beds.

The Marlborough Brook filter-beds which receive the storm water from the more thickly settled portions of the city of Marlborough have been in general adequate for the filtration of the waters received, there having been overflows of comparatively small quantities on only three days in the year.

The filter-beds which receive for filtration the water flowing through the village of Sterling, before entering the reservoir, as well as the smaller filter-beds which receive the drainage from Sterling Junction, the Worcester County Training School at West Boylston, and from the swimming pool at Southborough, have all been in successful operation and required only the usual attention.

The Pegan Brook pumping station, from which is pumped upon the filter-beds the drainage from thickly settled portions of the town of Natick before its entrance into Lake Cochituate, was in operation 199 days in the year and with the exception of a few hours in two different days there was no overflow from the storage basin.

(c) Sanitary Inspection and Policing.

Constant inspection of the watersheds is required and maintained not only by the Sanitary Inspector and his assistants but also by members of the maintenance forces.

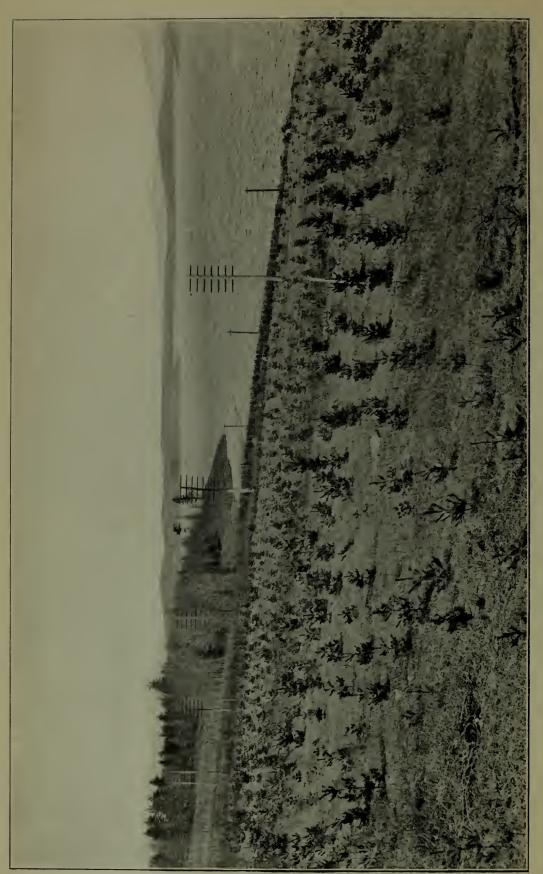
Surveillance is kept over all premises which are subject to conditions which may render them injurious or menacing to the water supply. During the past year examination has been made of 1,546 premises on the Wachusett watershed and of 7,459 premises on the Sudbury and Cochituate watersheds, and reports have been made thereon with reference to cesspools, privy, sink and barn drainage, manufacturing wastes and sewer connections. In the larger part of the cases found "unsatisfactory", remedy, at least temporary, has been effected, and though the number of premises calling for examination has considerably increased, there has been a decided reduction in the number of unsatisfactory cases.

It has been necessary to employ special watchmen and police, especially on Sundays and holidays and in the camping and bathing season, in addition to the sanitary forces, to enforce the laws and regulations of the Board for the protection of the water supply. There have been several prosecutions on account of bathing, and there have been a few violations of the regulations of the Board on account of hunting on the Commonwealth's lands and of fishing in places prohibited by the rules.

(d) Laboratory Examinations.

Water is drawn for consumption in the District from time to time from the different sources of supply according to the results obtained from the examinations made in the laboratories of the State Board of Health and of this Board. Chemical examinations of the various waters used were made in 408 cases by the State Board, and there were in addition 2,441 microscopical and 1,335 bacterial examinations made in the laboratory of this Board. By means of these examinations not only the better waters are furnished to the District but immediate measures may be taken to remedy any troubles which are found to exist.





WACHUSETT RESERVOIR-WHITE PINES NEAR SOUTH DIKE IN BOYLSTON 7 YEARS OLD-1909.

(9) QUALITY OF THE WATER.

The quality of the water which has been supplied to the Metropolitan District during the past year has been at least equal to that furnished in recent years. The conditions attending the yield of the water were such that the Board was enabled to draw about four-fifths of the entire supply from the Wachusett Reservoir, leaving only about one-fifth to be taken from the Sudbury and Cochituate sources. On account of the large proportion thus supplied from the Wachusett Reservoir the color of the water was considerably improved. There were the usual number of microscopical organisms present in the water affecting at times its taste or odor, but these did not occur in sufficient numbers to make the water objectionable or occasion any special complaint.

(10) Forestry and Moth Suppression.

The only nursery now maintained by the Board in connection with the Wachusett department is that at Oakdale, which contains white pine seedlings from one to three years old to a number exceeding 220,000. The nursery established in Southborough for the Sudbury department contains upward of 70,000 three-year old white pine seedlings.

Little additional planting was done during the year, the older nurseries having ceased on account of exhaustion to yield proper seedlings and the new seedlings obtained from the State Forester not having reached a sufficient age for planting.

There was less than the usual damage by forest fires upon the watersheds. The only two considerable fires were near the Wachusett Reservoir, one burning over about 9.5 acres in Boylston and destroying 4,300 young white pines, and another extending over 27.7 acres in West Boylston and Sterling and destroying 10,000 white pines.

The ravages of the gypsy and brown-tail moths and of the elm-leaf beetle have somewhat abated during the past year within the Metropolitan District, but the lands of the Board about the Cochituate and Sudbury reservoirs in Framingham and Southborough and around the Wachusett Reservoir have suffered more severely. Painting the egg clusters of the gypsy moth with creosote and burning the nests of the brown-tail moths, and extensive spraying of the trees on account of moths and elm-leaf beetles have been resorted to.

The shoots of the white pine trees infested with the pine-tree weevil have been cut off and burned. The injury effected by the weevil seems to have been less than that caused in preceding years.

A careful inspection has been made of the chestnut trees upon the lands of the Commonwealth on account of the spread of the chestnut bark disease. The investigations made indicate that the disease has extended more or less over the larger part of the growth of chestnut trees upon the lands of the Board. There are certain areas in Boylston, West Boylston and Sterling which have been especially affected, and the ravages have been so great as to destroy a considerable portion of the trees and to threaten the life of those which remain. Board has begun to cut down the trees in the regions most infested, as there seems to be no means of staying the progress of the disease, and so far no remedy has been discovered to prevent the extending of the scourge which threatens the destruction of the entire chestnut growth. If the ravages continue it seems that it will be necessary to do extensive cutting wherever the chestnut trees are found. The cutting of the wood involves very considerable expenditures, but the larger part if not all will be returned in the sale of lumber and wood.

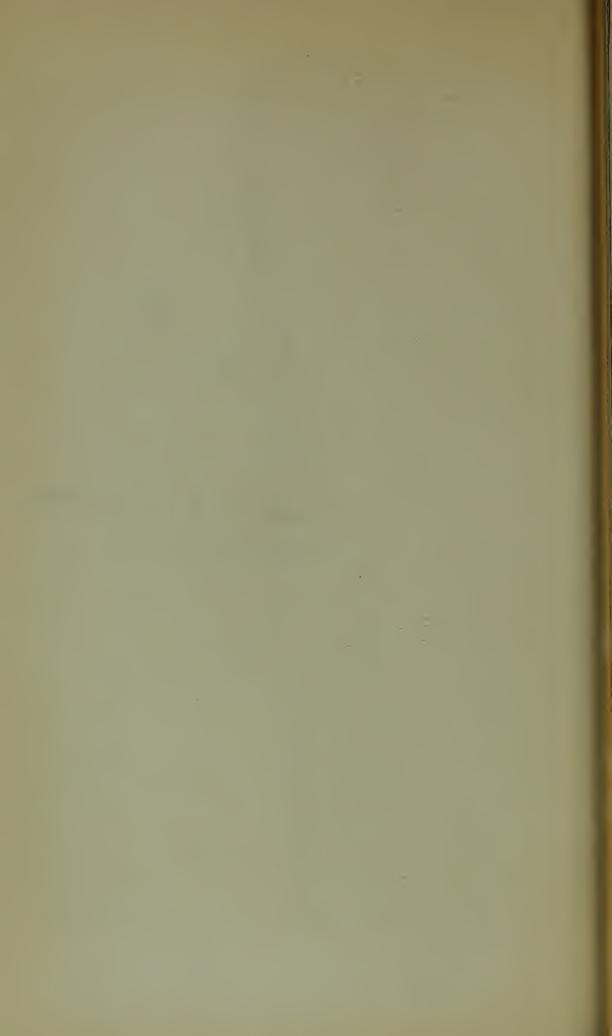
The work so far accomplished has been performed by the regular forces of the departments and has proceeded with a view of determining what more extended action shall be expedient in the future.

(11) Electrolysis.

The investigations which have been made during the past year indicate that in general there has been little change in the conditions relative to electrolytic action upon the pipe systems. A largely increased current of electricity has, however, been found flowing on the Metropolitan mains between Malden and Chelsea, and in Cambridge and Medford between the Fitchburg Railroad and Spot Pond.

The 24-inch pipe which was laid in the old tunnel under the Mystic River between Charlestown and Chelsea was found to be so badly affected by electrolysis that new pipes had to be substituted. The 24-inch line in Broadway in Chelsea, near the power station of the Bay State Street Railway Company, has so suffered from the electrolytic action that it seems necessary to relay a portion of the line in this locality during the coming season.

WACHUSETT RESERVOIR-WHITE PINES NEAR SOUTH DIKE IN BOYLSTON, 10 YEARS OLD-1912.



(12) WACHUSETT POWER PLANT.

The hydro-electric power station at the Wachusett Dam has generated and furnished power to the Connecticut River Transmission Company under the contract during the entire year. The machinery was in active operation on 261 days, and for a considerable portion of the time power has been furnished in excess of the minimum amount which the contract required should be taken by the Company. The operation of the plant has been entirely successful, and it has furnished electric energy to the Transmission Company equivalent in amount to an average of 2,937 horse power per 10-hour day on the 261 days that the plant was in operation.

Since the middle of October a small quantity of the electric energy generated has been transmitted to the Clinton sewerage pumping station for the purpose of supplying power for the lifting of the sewage at this station.

The cost of operating the power station has been \$8,995.66, and the Commonwealth has received from the Connecticut River Transmission Company for the energy supplied a total of \$30,297.95.

V. WATER WORKS — FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The financial abstract of the receipts, disbursements, assets and liabilities of the Board for the State fiscal year, beginning with December 1, 1911, and ending with November 30, 1912, was, in accordance with the requirements of chapter 235 of the Acts of the year 1906, presented to the General Court in January last, and a copy of this financial abstract is printed as Appendix No. 6.

The more detailed statement of its doings required by said chapter for the calendar year 1912, in relation to the Metropolitan Water Works, is herewith presented.

The Metropolitan Water Loans authorized for the construction and acquisition of works have amounted to \$42,690,000. To this sum are added the proceeds from the sale of property by the Board, and these amounted on January 1, 1913, to \$310,836.14. The total amount, therefore, which the Board has been authorized to expend is \$43,000,836.14. The amount of expenditures approved by the Board for payment out of the Metropolitan Water Loan Fund was, for the year 1912, \$103,461.53, and the total amount so approved for payment since the beginning of the work up to January 1, 1913, has

been \$42,036,311.97. There was accordingly a balance remaining at the beginning of the year 1913 amounting to \$964,524.17.

The Treasurer of the Commonwealth has issued from time to time, on the request of the Board, bonds to the amount of \$41,788,000. Of this \$41,398,000 were sinking fund bonds and were issued for terms of thirty-nine and one-half and forty years from date of issue, and bear interest at the rate of 3 and $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum. The remainder of the bonds, amounting to \$390,000, were issued on the serial payment plan, bonds being payable each year for a period of thirty-nine years and bearing interest at the rate of $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum.

The sinking fund established for the payment of the sinking fund bonds at maturity amounted on January 1, 1913, to \$9,829,356.80.

The net increase in the debt during the calendar year, as represented by the Metropolitan Water Loans outstanding, was \$45,000, bonds issued on the serial payment plan to the amount of \$5,000 having been paid. The increase of the sinking fund for the payment of the debt at maturity was, during the same period, \$875,919.36. There has been, therefore, a decrease in the net debt during the calendar year amounting to \$830,919.36.

The amount approved by the Board for the maintenance and operation of the Water Works for the year 1912 was \$450,551.83. This amount includes the sum of \$50,795.42 expended for the Mystic Tunnel Extension, for which the city of Boston reimburses the Commonwealth, and on account of which the sum of \$46,213.28 was paid by the city to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth during the past year to the credit of the Maintenance Fund.

The assessments for the year 1912 for the payment of interest on the bonds, for the sinking fund requirements and for the expenses of operation and maintenance of the Water Works, which were levied upon the various cities and towns in the Metropolitan District, amounted to \$2,289,490.68.

(1) Metropolitan Water Loans, Receipts and Payments.

The loans authorized for the construction and acquisition of the Metropolitan Water Works, the receipts which are added to the proceeds of these loans, the expenditures for the construction and acquisition of works, and the balance available on January 1, 1913, have been as follows:—

Loans authorized under acts prior to 1911, Loan under chapter 464 of the Acts of 1911, for the extension of the Southern High Service,	212,000	00	\$42,690,000 00
Receipts from the sales of property applicable to the construction and acquisition of works:—			
For the year ending December 31, 1912, . For the period prior to January 1, 1912, .	\$11,979 208,856		
Receipt from town of Swampscott for admis-	\$220,836	14	
sion to the Metropolitan Water District paid into Loan Fund (St. 1909, c. 320),	90,000	00	310,836 14
Amount approved by the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board for payments out of the Water Loan Fund:—			\$43,000,836 14
For the year ending December 31, 1912, . For the period prior to January 1, 1912, .			42,036,311 97
Balance January 1, 1913,	. .		\$964,524 17

(2) Issues of Metropolitan Water Loan Bonds.

The Treasurer of the Commonwealth, under authority given him to issue from time to time, on request of the Board, negotiable bonds to an amount not exceeding \$42,690,000 to be designated the "Metropolitan Water Loan", has sold bonds to the amount of \$41,788,000. The bonds sold prior to 1911, amounting to \$41,398,000, were sinking fund bonds. A list of these bonds sold is given in the 9th and 10th Annual Reports. The bonds sold in the years 1911 and 1912 were serial bonds, amounting to \$390,000, and bearing interest at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum, as follows:—

DATE OF SALE.	Amount of Bonds sold.	Price received.	Premiums.	Date Due.
Jan. 30, 1911,	\$200,000 190,000	\$100 036 100 349	\$72 00 663 10	\$5,000 each year, Jan. 1, 1912, to Jan. 1, 1951, inclusive. \$5,000 each year, Jan. 1, 1913, to Jan. 1, 1946, inclusive. \$4,000 each year, Jan. 1, 1946, to Jan. 1, 1951, inclusive.

The bonds amounting to \$140,000, stated in the 11th Annual Report as sold on Aug. 4 and 17, 1911, were temporary loans. The sale on Jan. 29, 1912, of bonds to the amount of \$190,000 included provision for the payment of the temporary loans of \$140,000.

Prior to May 1, 1906, all premiums received from the sales of bonds were applied to the payment of the current charges in reduction of the annual assessments, but since that date, under the provisions of chapter 337, Acts of 1906, they have been paid into the sinking fund.

(3) METROPOLITAN WATER LOAN SINKING FUND.

The sinking fund established by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth has amounted at the end of each year to sums as follows:—

December 31, 1895,	•	\$226,286 05	December 31, 1904,	\$3,519,602 92
December 31, 1896,	•	699,860 70	December 31, 1905,	4,207,045 69
December 31, 1897,	•	954,469 00	December 31, 1906,	4,897,822 62
December 31, 1898,		1,416,374 29	December 31, 1907,	5,643,575 69
December 31, 1899,		1,349,332 97	December 31, 1908,	6,419,283 28
December 31, 1900,	•	1,573,619 72	December 31, 1909,	7,226,262 31
December 31, 1901,		1,662,426 95	December 31, 1910,	8,089,902 91
December 31, 1902,		2,256,803 81	December 31, 1911,	8,953,437 44
December 31, 1903,		2,877,835 59	December 31, 1912,	9,829,356 80

(4) Annual Assessments and Receipts.

Assessments for the year 1912 amounting to \$2,289,490.68 were required for the payment of the interest on the bonds issued by the Commonwealth, the sinking fund requirements and the expenses of operation and maintenance of the Water Works. The requirements were, for interest, \$1,429,570.72; for the sinking fund, \$512,884; for serial bonds, \$9,336.90, and for maintenance and operation, \$337,699.06. These assessments were made by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth upon the various municipalities as follows:—

Arlington,		\$18,996 13	Newton,			\$6,274 75
Belmont,		8,591 38	Quincy, .			54,558 24
Boston,		1,792,123 83	Revere,			27,919 68
Chelsea,		48,658 68	Somerville,			109,232 14
Everett,		47,338 81	Stoneham,			10,019 69
Lexington,		8,173 66	Swampscott,			10,814 10
Malden,		43,833 54	Watertown,			18,600 53
Medford,		27,130 03	Winthrop,			14,150 34
Melrose,		20,978 01				
Milton,		16,312 53			\$2	2,289,490 68
Nahant,		5,784 61				

The comparatively small sum assessed upon the city of Newton was owing to the fact that this municipality has not reached the safe capacity of its own sources of water supply and has not as yet been furnished with water.

The proceeds from the operations of the Board, exclusive of the proceeds from sales of property and of water, are required by statute to be applied to the payment of the interest, the sinking fund requirements and expenses of maintenance and operation of works. These for the year 1912 amounted to \$88,035.37.

(5) Supplying Water to Cities and Towns outside of District and to Water Companies.

Sums have been received during the year 1912 under the provisions of the Metropolitan Water Act, for water furnished, as follows:—

Town of Framingham,	\$1,418 30
Town of Revere (on account of water furnished to a portion of	
the town of Saugus for 1911),	250 00
United States Government (for Peddock's Island),	2,572 91
Town of Wakefield,	3,060 51
Westborough State Hospital,	1,848 45

The sums so received prior to March 23, 1907, were annually distributed among the cities and towns of the District, but since that date, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 238 of the Acts of 1907, the sums so received have been paid into the sinking fund.

(6) Expenditures for the Different Works.

The following is a summary of the expenditures made in the various operations for the different works:—

Construction and Acquisition of Works.	For the Year endin December 31, 1912	From Beginning of World to December 31, 1912.
Administration applicable to all parts of the con-		
struction and acquisition of the works,	\$4,188	\$298,515 30
Wachusett Dam and Reservoir:		
Wachusett Dam,		\$2,378,206 05
Power plant,	\$6,954 91	113,786 61
Power house floor,	40	8,169 18
North Dike,	-	792,264 68
South Dike,	-	137,075 55
Removal of soil,	-	2,536,612 66
Relocation of railroads,	-	881,872 45
	-	547,867 76
Real estate,	126 50	3,240,398 41
Damages, real estate not taken, business and		
loss of wages,	· -	532,247 07
Other expenses,	- 7.004	8,547 92
	7,081	11,177,048 34
Improving Wachusett watershed,	79	60 235,714 32
Wachusett Aqueduct,	-	1,797,948 85
Sudbury Reservoir,	6	00 2,923,152 96
Protection of Sudbury supply,	-	129,190 36
Improving Sudbury watershed,	• -	95,711 84
Protection of Cochituate supply,	-	9,000 00
Improving Cochituate watershed,	-	8,860 68
Improving Lake Cochituate,	-	104,141 29
Pipe lines, Dam No. 3 to Dam No. 1,		48,471 48
Pipe line, Rosemary siphon,	-	23,142 98
Weston Aqueduct: —		
Aqueduct,	-	\$2,353,820 11
Reservoir,	-	289,001 82
Real estate, taxes and other expenses,	-	206,668 18
		2,849,490 11
Distribution system: —		
Low service: —		
New 48-inch main, Section 31,	-	\$162,698 06
Section 38, Tunnel (East Boston main),	\$ 2 40	48,708 06
Pipe lines and connections,	6 08	1,795,169 83
Pumping station, Chestnut Hill,	-	462,572 19
Reservoir, Spot Pond,	-	582,188 73
Gate-house and connections, Chestnut Hill		
Reservoir,	-	65,480 88
Real estate and other expenses,	1,253 00	94,191 97
Amounts carried forward,	\$1,261 48 \$11,355 8	34 \$3,211,009 72 \$19,700,388 51

Construction and Acquisition of Works.	For the Yea December		From Beginni to December	ng of Work r 31, 1912.
Amounts brought forward,	\$1,261 48	\$11,355 84	\$3,211,009 72\$	19,700,388 51
Distribution system — Con.				
Northern high service: —				
Pipe lines and connections,	5 00		528,444 86	
Spot Pond pumping station,	-		291,829 35	
Fells Reservoir, Stoneham,	~		141,392 94	
Bear Hill Reservoir, Stoneham,	~		38,267 70	
Real estate and other expenses,	-		14,838 05	
Southern high service: —				
Pipe lines and connections,	5 88		526,725 37	
Section 39 (Hyde Park connection),	3,766 76		52,526 39	
Pumping station, Chestnut Hill,	14,093 20		382,662 61	
Forbes Hill Reservoir, Quincy,	-		90,003 49	
Waban Hill Reservoir, Newton,	-		61,592 11	
Real estate and other expenses,	-		10,226 36	
Northern extra high service,	~		101,898 59	
Southern extra high service: —				
Pipe lines and connections,	5 35		22,887 16	
Hyde Park connection,				
Section 40,	745 64		30,699 12	
Section 41,	2,067 69		16,788 23	
Hyde Park Pumping Station,	49,580 45		56,938 99	
Real estate and other expenses,	10 25		7,103 20	
Weston Aqueduct supply mains,	13,319 97		1,043,335 47	
Meters and connections,	538 54		90,199 41	
Improving Spot Pond Brook,	-		3,991 23	
Glenwood pipe yard,	-		33,100 59	
Chestnut Hill pipe yard,	-		11,311 26	
		85,400 21		6,767,772 2
Stock — pipes, valves, castings, etc., purchased				
and sent first to storage yards, and later trans-				
ferred, as needed, to the various parts of the				
work:—				
Amount received,	\$6,812 50		\$2,544,928 69	
Transferred from storage yards to the various	0,012 00		42,021,020 00	
sections of the work and included in costs of				
special works,	107 02		2,400,678 72	
special works,	107 02	6.705 48	2,100,010 12	144,249 9
		0,700 40		J 111,210 0
Diversion of water, South Branch of Nashua				
River, 1		-	N. Contraction	1,363,935 3
Acquisition of existing water works: -			1	
Reimbursement city of Boston, partially con-			100	
structed Reservoir,	-		\$1,157,921 59	
Boston water works, taken January 1, 1898,	-		12,768,948 80	
				\$27,976,345 9

¹ Of the total expenditures from the beginning of the work, the sum of \$150,939.89 is for Clinton sewerage system.

Construction and Acquisition of Works.	For the Year ending December 31, 1912.	From Beginning of Work to December 31, 1912.
Amounts brought forward,	\$103,461 53	\$13,926,870 39 \$27 ,976,345 99
Acquisition of existing water works — Con.		
Spot Pond taken from Malden, Medford and		
Melrose,	-	1,240,229 62
Waban Hill Reservoir purchased from Newton,	-	60,000 00
Expenses: —		
Engineering, \$22,617 52		
Conveyancing, 3,862 92		
Legal, expert and court, 46,648 03		
		73,128 47
		\$15,300,228 4 8
Deduct following, transferred and charged to		\$10,000,220 40
special works: —		
Reimbursement city of Boston,		
transferred to Sudbury Reser-		
voir, \$1,157,921 59		
Waban Hill Reservoir transferred		
to Distribution Department, . 60,000 00		
Stock — pipes, engines, etc., in-		
cluded with Boston Water		
Works and transferred to Dis-		
tribution Department, 22,340 91		
		1,240,262 50
		14,059,965 98
Total for construction and acquisition of works,	· \$103,461 53	\$42,036,311 9

Maintenance and Operation.												For the Year ending December 31, 1912.		
Administration, .													\$ 15,050 89	
General supervision, .											.		32,955 20	
Taxes and other expenses,											.		38,733 79	
Wachusett Reservoir Depa	artm	ent:	_											
Superintendence, .											.	\$10,936 78		
Reservoir,											.	8,447 59		
Forestry,												9,000 68		
Protection of supply,												2,445 31		
Buildings and grounds,											.	3,307 72		
Wachusett Dam, .												4,402 26		
Wachusett Aqueduct,												4,726 51		
Clinton sewerage system	ı: —													
Pumping station,												3,954 13		
Electric plant, .												6,653 52		
Sewers, screens and fil	lter-	beds,										4,361 85		
Amounts carried forwa	rd,											\$ 58,236 35	\$86,739 88	

Ма		ear ending r 31, 1912.											
A mounts brought forwa	rd,	•							•			\$5 8,236 35	\$86,739 8
Wachusett Reservoir Dep	artm	ent	— c	on.									
Sanitary inspection,												918 59	
Swamp drainage, .												3,182 58	
Power plant,					•							5,902 30	
Sudbury Department: —													68,239 8
Superintendence, Frami	naho	m 0	es a a									€10 154 19	
			ince,	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	\$10,154 13	
	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	1,461 15	
Hopkinton Reservoir,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,372 46	
Whitehall Reservoir,	NT.		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	420 01	
Framingham Reservoirs					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	5,903 23	
	•					•	•	•	•	•	•	6,644 21	
Lake Cochituate,			٠			•	•	•	•	•	•	4,860 05	
Marlborough Brook filte							•	•	•	•	•	2,870 76	
Pegan filters,					•		•	•	•	•		3,446 51	
Sudbury and Cochituat			eds,	•		•			•		•	921 25	
Sanitary inspection,		•	•						•			3,105 18	
Cochituate Aqueduct,												4,489 31	
Sudbury Aqueduct,	•		•					•	•	•		13,074 12	
Weston Aqueduct, .												5,716 80	
Improving Lake Cochit	uate,	•										324 86	
Distribution Department: Superintendence, .												\$4,026 97	
Arlington pumping stati												8,246 69	
Chestnut Hill low-service												41,635 90	
Chestnut Hill high-serv											:	30,819 87	
Spot Pond pumping sta												15,607 68	
West Roxbury pumping												6,936 28	
Hyde Park pumping sta												5 00	
			_	_								497 73	
Bear Hill Reservoir,										į		108 04	
Chestnut Hill Reservoir	· and	grai	ınds	•	•		·	·	·	·		9,769 31	
							·	·	·	•	·	716 95	
77 1 TTILL TO 1			·				•		·	•		1,604 29	
Mystic Lake, conduit an			ng st	tatio	n				•	·		,	
Mystic Reservoir, .							•					1,179 98 925 09	
Waban Hill Reservoir.		•		•	•	•	•	. 1	•	•	•		
777 / 70		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	169 25	
			. •	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	2,664 37	
-		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	6,706 21	
Buildings at Spot Pond, Pipe lines: —		•	•	•				•	•	•	•	340 00	
												21.52	
Low service, .	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	64,608 39	
Northern high service,		•	•	•		•	•			•	•	6,908 43	
Northern extra high se			•	•	•	•	•					204 79	
Southern high service,			•	٠	•	•	•	•				6,534 81	
Southern extra high se	rvice	,	•			•						324 78	
Supply pipe lines,	•	•	•			•						1,338 51	

Mainte	For the Year ending December 31, 1912.									
A mounts brought forward,									\$211,879 32	\$219,743 78
Distribution Department — (Con.									
Buildings at Chestnut Hill I	Rese	rvoir,							1,390 11	
Chestnut Hill pipe yard,								.	1,511 84	
Glenwood pipe yard and bu									3,632 90	
Stables,									9,012 97	
Waste prevention,									3 00	
Venturi meters,									1,168 32	
Measurement of water, .									1,924 65	
Arlington pumping station,	buil	dings	and	grou	ınds,				284 99	
										230,808 10
Total for maintaining and	oper	ating	g wo	rks,						\$ 450,551 83

(7) DETAILED FINANCIAL STATEMENT UNDER METROPOLITAN WATER ACT.

The Board herewith presents, in accordance with the requirements of the Metropolitan Water Act, a detailed statement of the expenditures and disbursements, receipts, assets and liabilities for the year 1912.

(a) Expenditures and Disbursements.

The total amount of the expenditures and disbursements on account of construction and acquisition of works for the year beginning January 1, 1912, and ending December 31, 1912, is \$103,461.53, and the total amount from the time of the organization of the Metropolitan Water Board, July 19, 1895, to December 31, 1912, is \$42,036,311.97.

For maintenance and operation the expenditures for the year, including \$50,795.42 expended for the Mystic Tunnel Extension, for which the City of Boston reimburses the Commonwealth, have been \$450,551.83.

The salaries of the commissioners, and the other expenses of administration, have been apportioned to the construction of the works and to the maintenance and operation of the same, and appear under each of those headings.

The following is a division of the expenditures according to their general character:—

GENERAL CHARACTER OF EXPENDITURES.	For the Year ending December 31, 1912.	From Beginning of World to December 31, 1912.
Construction of Works and Acquisition by		
Purchase or Taking.		
Administration.		
	\$ 1,916 66	\$125,060 24
2	375 00	51,717 03
Secretary and auditor,	1,115 00	65,457 21
Legal services,	-	2,359 00
Traveling,	_	3,712 87
Stationery and printing,	340 69	14,040 91
Postage, express and telegrams,	51 00	3,108 17
Furniture and fixtures,	_	4,289 59
Alterations and repairs of buildings,	19 30	5,810 86
relephone, lighting, heating, water and care of		1,000
building,	199 23	12,400 50
Rent and taxes, main office,	169 20	5,936 89
Miscellaneous expenses,	2 35	4,622 03
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	\$4,188 43	\$298,515 3
Engineering.		
Chief engineer and department engineers,	\$841 90	\$208,390 18
Principal assistant engineers,	990 31	164,475 95
Engineering assistants,	5,092 15	1,063,677 74
Consulting engineers,	_	26,135 07
Inspectors,	1,488 50	310,234 70
Architects,	_	36,161 19
Railroad and street car travel,	-	27,751 20
Wagon hire,	-	45,337 53
Stationery and printing,	72 28	27,093 40
Postage, express and telegrams,	15 00	7,746 00
Engineering and drafting instruments and tools, .	-	19,533 88
Engineering and drafting supplies,	63 69	25,168 62
Books, maps and photographic supplies,	14 02	7,181 34
Furniture and fixtures,	-	14,980 11
Alterations and repairs of buildings: —		
Main office,	57 91	14,169 00
Sub-offices,	-	2,939 36
Telephone, lighting, heating, water and care of		
buildings: —		
Main office,	597 76	27,868 11
Sub-offices,	23 65	19,694 47
Rent and taxes, main office,	507 60	17,579 15
Rent of sub-offices and other buildings,	'-	4,526 74
Field offices and sheds,	-	1,274 49
Clinton office building,	-	9,866 87
Unclassified supplies,	-	8,264 87
Miscellaneous expenses,	99 05	9,489 30
	9,863 82	2,099,539 2
Amounts carried forward,	\$14,052 25	\$2,398,054 5

GENERAL CHARACTER OF EXPENDITURES.	For the Ye December	ar ending 31, 1912.	From Beginn to Decembe	ning of Worler 31, 1912.
Amounts brought forward,		\$14,052 25		\$2,398,054 5
Construction.				
Preliminary work (borings, test pits and other				
investigations): —				
Advertising,	\$56 80		\$6,806 77	•
Other preliminary work as given in detail in			155 500 00	
preceding annual report,	_	5G 00	155,530 89	100.007.0
Contracts, Wachusett Reservoir: —		56 80		162,337 6
Contracts completed and final payments made				
prior to January 1, 1912,	_		\$5,427,800 13	
McBride & Co., Stillwater improvement,	_		23,314 67	
Sundry bills paid under this contract,	_		3,552 11	
For Power Plant: —			5,00= 31	
S. Morgan Smith Co., hydro-electric plant,	\$6,850 00		68,389 62	
		6,850 00		5,523,056 5
Contracts completed, improving Wachusett Water-				
shed,		-		11,893 7
Contracts completed, Wachusett Aqueduct,		-		1,447,208 5
Contracts completed, Sudbury Reservoir,		-		1,545,028 3
Contracts completed, protection Sudbury supply,		-		9,000 0
Contracts completed, improving Lake Cochituate,		-		60,657 4
Contracts completed, protection Cochituate supply,		-		9,000 0
Contracts completed, Rosemary siphon,		- .		5,916 9
Contracts completed, pipe line, Dam No. 3 to				
Dam No. 1,		•		17,240 2
Contracts completed, Clinton sewerage system, .		-		66,878 2
Contracts completed, Weston Aqueduct,		_		2,376,004 5
Contracts, Distribution System:—				
Contracts completed and final payments made			05 001 000 50	
prior to January 1, 1912,	-		\$5,091,828 58	
Cavanagh Bros., laying water pipes on Sect. 6,	\$200 00		40,777 77	
Weston Aqueduct supply mains,	9200 00		20,777 77	
Andrew M. Cusack, laying water pipes on Sect. 41, southern extra high service,	1,023 28		4,778 68	
Pratt & Cady Co., water valves,	1,396 85		5,000 00	
Robb Eng. Co., Ltd., boilers for Hyde Park	2,000 00		0,000 00	
pumping station,	1,711 00		1,711 00	
Michael Russo & Son, for laying water pipes on	-,,		-,,,,,	
Sect. 39, southern high service,	2,715 55		16,298 85	
Warren Foundry and Machine Co., cast-iron	Í			
pipes and special castings,	4,763 28		4,763 28	
Camoia & Williams, laying water pipes on Sect.				
33, northern high service,	_		14,721 27	
De Vincenzi & Baruffoldi, laying water pipes on				
Sect. 36, northern extra high service,	-		3,233 31	
Joseph Hanreddy, laying water pipes on Sect. 7,				
Weston Aqueduct Supply Mains,	12,406 19		114,462 13	
Amounts carried forward,	\$24,216 15	\$20.959 05	\$5,297,574 87 \$	13,632,276 7
the state of the s	Q31,510 10	020,000 00		.,,

GENERAL CHARACTER OF EXPENDITURES.	For the Ye December	ar ending 31, 1912.	From Begins to December	ning of Work er 31, 1912.
Amounts brought forward,	\$24,216 15	\$20,959 05	\$5,297,574 87 \$	313,632,276 78
Construction — Con.				
Contracts, Distribution System — Con.				
Holly Manufacturing Co., pumping engine for				
Chestnut Hill high-service pumping station,	13,000 00		98,000 00	
Laidlaw-Dunn-Gordon Co., for furnishing two				
pumping engines for Hyde Park pumping				
station,	5,176 50		5,176 50	
A. Varnerin Co., for building the superstructure				
of Hyde Park pumping station,	17,331 63		17,331 63	
•		59,724 28		
Deliver 1 6 1 1 1 1 1			\$5,418,083 00	
Deduct value of pipes, valves, etc., included in				
above list, transferred to maintenance account December 31, 1900,			3,139 77	
December 31, 1900,	_		3,139 11	5,414,943 23
Additional work: —				0,111,510 20
Labor,	\$10.141 95		\$838,954 70	
Professional services, medical services, analyses,	Q10,111 00		4000,001	
etc.,	4 00		4,512 74	
Traveling,	42		2,815 85	
Rent,	20 00		4,342 22	
Water rates,	_		1,454 77	
Freight and express,	31 82		14,531 99	
Jobbing and repairing,	10 25		10,460 22	
Tools, machinery, appliances and hardware			•	
supplies,	628 18		90,729 62	
Electrical supplies,	32 48		7,356 34	
Castings, ironwork and metals,	1,876 15		93,217 84	
Iron pipe and valves,	1,243 49		81,558 27	
Blasting supplies,	-		1,950 15	
Therefore I am I am I	_		5,471 98 12,661 35	
Lumber and field buildings,	418 31		92,091 46	
Drain pipe,	37 07		9,594 23	
Brick, cement and stone,	1,674 41		36,966 81	
Sand, gravel and filling,	582 35		9,089 18	
Municipal and corporation work,	3,901 71		224,712 05	
Police service,	-		210,801 74	
Sanitary inspection,	-		13,107 09	
Judgments and settlements for damages,	-		53,124 26	
Unclassified supplies,	76 01		19,099 42	
Miscellaneous expenses,	165 78		7,718 34	
T 1 1		20,844 38		1,846,322 62
Legal and expert: —				
Legal services,	-		\$4,668 82	
Expert services,	-		1,862 66	
Miscellaneous expenses,			1,317 20	
inscending expenses,			185 80	8,034 48
				0,001 40
Amounts carried forward,		\$101,527 71		20,901,577 11

GENERAL CHARACTER OF EXPENDITURES	5.	For the Year endir December 31, 1912		From Begins to Decemb	
Amounts brought forward,		\$101,527	7 71	Ş	20,901,577 1
Real Estate.					
Legal and expert: —					
Legal services,		-		\$4,736 31	
Conveyancer and assistants,		\$109 00		110,970 97	
Experts,		80 00		18,088 93	
Appraisers,		100 00		22,507 75	
Court expenses,		-		11,139 43	
Counsel expenses,	•	.7		43 25	
Conveyancing supplies,	•	4 50		3,198 03	
Conveyancing expenses,	- /	35 32		6,052 61	
Miscellaneous expenses,	•)	-		4,334 15	
Settlements made by Board,	• 1	1,605 00		3,441,264 10	
Judgments,	•	-		170,716 24	
Γaxes and tax equivalents,	•	-		68,182 41	
Care and disposal,	•	-		86,901 14	0.040.40#.0
		1,933	82		3,948,135
Damages to Real Estate not taken, to Business	and				
on Account of Loss of Wages.					
Legal and expert: —					
Legal services,		-		\$1,130 67	
Expert services,		-		2,857 62	
Court expenses,		-		15,394 34	
Miscellaneous expenses,		-	į	125 00	
Settlements,		-		415,513 65	
Judgments,	. 1			116,733 42	
			-		551,754 7
Claims on Account of Diversion of Water.					
Legal and expert: —					
Legal services,		-		\$3,774 98	
Expert services,		-		19,339 69	
Court expenses,		-		20,775 49	
Miscellaneous expenses,		-		1,289 58	
Settlements,		-		917,350 00	
Judgments,		-		220,969 67	
			-		1,183,499 4
Purchase of Existing Water Works.					
Legal and expert:—					
Legal services,		_		\$1,878 89	
Expert services,		_		13,569 82	
Court expenses,		_		29,728 38	
Miscellaneous expenses,		_		1,470 94	
Settlements and judgments,		-		15,227,100 01	
			-		15,273,748
Relocation Central Massachusetts Railroad.					
Settlements,			-		177,597 3
Total amount of construction will		2100 401	. 50		40 026 211 (
Total amount of construction expenditure	S, .	\$103,461	1 03		42,036,311 9

Gener	AL C	CHAR	ACTE	R OF	Exp	ENDI'	TURE	s.				For the Y December	ear ending er 31, 1912.
Mainte	NANG	OE A	ND O	PERA	TION	OF \	Work	S.					
Administration: —					,,,,,								
Commissioners, .												\$5,833 34	
Secretary and assistant	ts.											6,099 34	
Rent,												578 09	
Repairs of building,												75 01	
Fuel,		•		·	•		· ·	·	•	•		68 02	
Lighting,	•	•	·			•	•	·	•	•		55 93	
Care of building, .	·	·				•	·	•	•	•		422 89	
Postage,		•				•		•	•	•	•	206 00	
Printing, stationery an						•	•	•	•	•	•	1,498 87	
					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	81 82	
•				•	•		•	•	•	•	٠	90 78	
Traveling expenses,			•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	***	
Miscellaneous expenses	, .	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	73 14	\$15, 083 23
General supervision: —													
Chief engineer and assi	stan	ta										\$ 26,394 63	
Rent,	- VC+11	00,	•	•			•		•	•		1,734 31	
Repairs of building,	•		•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	428 66	
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	204 08	
Lighting,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	167 79	
_		•	•	•	. •	٠	•	•	•	•		1,268 82	
Postage,			٠.				•		•	•	٠	49 00	
Printing, stationery an												587 94	
Telephones,	•	•	•									336 05	
Traveling expenses,												707 07	
Miscellaneous expenses						•						1,076 85	32,955 20
													02,500 20
Pumping service: —													
Labor,			•			٠,						\$61,204 07	
Fuel,												35,092 26	
Oil, waste and packing	, .											1,320 74	
Repairs,												3,322 17	
Small supplies, .												1,537 91	
Rent,												774 27	
													103,251 4
Reservoirs, aqueducts, pi	pe li	nes,	build	lings	and	grour	ads:-	-					
Superintendents, .												\$9,310 00	
Engineering assistants,												10,584 49	
Sanitary inspectors,												3,269 79	
Labor, pay roll, .												168,360 40	
Labor, miscellaneous,												4,151 30	
Alterations and repairs	of p	ump	ing s	tation								853 26	
Alterations and repairs								,				2,385 87	
A . 7 11												7,823 82	
Brick,												1,529 62	
Amounts carried forw												\$208,268 55	\$151,289 85

GENERA	L CHAI	RACTE	er of	Exp	ENDI	TURE	s.				For the Y Decembe	ear ending r 31, 1912.
Amounts brought forwa	rd, .										\$208,268 55	\$ 151,289 8
Maintenanc	E AND	OPE	RATIO	N OF	Wor	rks –	- Cor					
eservoirs, aqueducts, pip	oe line	s, bui	ilding	s and	l gro	unds	— C	on.				
Brooms, brushes and jan	itor's	suppl	ies,								205 83	
Castings, ironwork and	netals,										5,982 76	
Cement and lime, .											1,658 39	
Drafting and photo supp	olies,										196 90	
Fertilizer and planting n	nateria	1, .									1,089 88	
Freight and express,											732 46	
Fuel,											6,182 72	
Gypsy moth supplies,											922 22	
Hardware,											1,075 52	
Hay and grain,			Ţ,								2,241 50	
Lighting,				·		·	·	·			738 54	
7 ,		•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	2,224 46	
Nr L'-		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	6,024 32	
Paints and oils.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,390 99	
Pipe and fittings, .	•		•			•	•	•	•	•	3.488 96	
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Postage,				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	167 58	
Printing, stationery and					•	•	•	•	•	•	667 63	
Rubber and oiled goods,			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	538 88	
Stable expenses,		•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	921 28	
Sand, gravel and stone,	•	•	•	•			•	•	•	•	710 13	
Traveling expenses, .		•	•	•	•		•		•	•	2,881 52	
Telephones,			•			•		•			1,055 29	
Teaming,			•	•							1,385 01	
Tools and appliances, .								٠.			5,362 09	
Vehicles, harnesses and f											393 09	
Miscellaneous expenses, .											2,503 04	
Contracts: —												
The Snare & Triest Co with lowering 20-inc River between the ci	h siph	on at	Fox	Hill	Brie	dge u	nder	the	Saug	us		
Acts of 1912),											1,460 99	
Robb Engineering Co.,	Ltd.,	for in	stallii	ng 99	spell	erized	l tub	es in	verti	cal		
boiler at Pegan Brook	k Pum	ping	Statio	on, N	atick	, Ma	88.,			.	85 00	
												260,560
yments in lieu of taxes,											§	38,701
Total expenditures for												\$450,551

(b) Receipts.

The total amount of receipts from the operations of the Board and from sales of property for the year beginning January 1, 1912, and ending December 31, 1912, is \$109,164.97, and the total amount from the time of the organization of the Metropolitan Water Board, July 19, 1895, to December 31, 1912, is \$874,649.81. The general character of these receipts is as follows:—

GENERAL CHARACTER OF RECEIPTS.	For the Ye Decembe	ear ending r 31, 1912.	From Beginn to December	
For distribution back to District:— Fees for admission to District,	-	_	\$92,265 00 90,454 77 37,145 88	\$219,865 65
To the credit of the loan fund: — Real estate and buildings, Tools, supplies and reimbursements, District entrance fees (Swampscott),	\$22 00 11,957 43 -	\$ 11,979 43	\$44,096 34 176,739 80 90,000 00	310,836 14
To the credit of the maintenance fund: — Tools, supplies and reimbursements,	\$ 78,502 56	78,502 56 ¹	125,281 50	125,281 50
To the credit of the sinking fund: — Water furnished to cities and towns outside of District and to water companies, Forfeiture for contracts awarded but not exe-	\$ 9,150 17		\$41,769 21	
cuted,	- 1,985 00 7,329 11		500 00 97,682 10 74,931 00	
Unclassified receipts and interest,	218 70	18,682 98	3,784 21	218,666 52
Total receipts,		\$109,164.97		\$874,649 81

¹ Included in this amount is the sum of \$46,213.28, being amount received from city of Boston, in reimbursement for the Mystic Tunnel Extension.

The foregoing receipts have been credited to the various objects or works, as follows:—

Sources of Receipts.	For the Year ending December 31, 1912.	From Beginning of Work to December 31, 1912.
Admission into Metropolitan Water District (Quincy, Nahant, Arlington, Stoneham, Milton, Lexington and Swampscott), Supplying water to cities and towns outside of Water District (Swampscott, Revere, Lexington, Wakefield, Cambridge, Framingham,	-	\$182,265 00
Westborough State Hospital, Worcester and U. S. Government), and to water companies (Framingham, Milton and Revere),	\$9,150 17 	169,369 86

Sources of F	RECE	IPTS.	-		For the Ye December		From Beginn to Decembe	
A mounts brought forward						. \$9,150 17		\$351,634 86
Construction and acquisition	n of	work	s: —					
Administration,					\$19 89		\$363 49	
Wachusett Dam,					609 90		7,799 47	
Wachusett Reservoir, .					522 00		140,891 11	
Wachusett Aqueduct, .					-		5,204 70	
Weston Aqueduct, .					_		5,200 13	
Sudbury Reservoir, .							10,640 42	
Distribution system, .					7,737 53		118,735 01	
Diversion of water, Clinto					-		1,389 46	
Purchase of existing water	wor	ks,			3,110 00		21,229 08	
						11,999 32		311,452 87
Maintenance and operation	of w	orks:						
Administration,					\$314 08		\$660 50	
General supervision, .					1,028 46		3,033 47	
Wachusett Aqueduct, .					279 39		7,318 72	
Wachusett Reservoir, .					7,385 18		48,034 39	
Power plant,					27,843 37		34,994 13	
Sudbury system,					1,810 98		21,572 09	
Distribution system, .					49,205 67		89,985 37	
Clinton sewerage system,					148 35		5,963 41	
						88,015 48		211,562 08
Total receipts,						\$109,164 97		\$874,649 81

(c) Assets.

The following is an abstract of the assets of the Water Works, a complete schedule of which is kept on file in the office of the Board:—

Office furniture, fixtures and supplies; engineering and scientific instruments and supplies; police supplies; horses, vehicles, field machinery, etc.; machinery, tools and other appliances and supplies; real estate connected with works not completed; completed works, including real estate and buildings connected therewith.

(d) Liabilities.

The sums due on monthly pay rolls amount to \$1,453.05, and there are bills for current expenses which have not yet been received.

Amounts on Monthly Estimates, not due until Completion of Contracts or until Claims are settled.

Name.		Work.	Amount.	
McBride & Co.,		Contract 283, Stillwater improvement, Wachusett Reservoir.	\$ 778 09	
Camoia & Williams,		Contract 308, Section 33 of northern high-service pipe lines, Distribution System.	200 00	
De Vincenzi & Baruffoldi,		Contract 322, Section 36 of northern extra high- service pipe lines, Distribution System.	100 00	
Joseph Hanreddy,		Contract 314, Section 7 of the Weston Aqueduct Supply Mains.	10 00	
Holly Manufacturing Co.,		Contract 312, pumping engine for Chestnut Hill low-service pumping station.	1,769 00	
A. Varnerin Co.,	•	Contract 347, for building the superstructure of the southern extra high-service pumping station at Hyde Park, Boston, Mass.	3,058 52	
Laidlaw-Dunn-Gordon Co., .	•	Contract 346, for furnishing two pumping engines for the southern extra high-service pumping station at Hyde Park, Boston, Mass.	11,423 50	

¹ Held pending settlement of claims on account of this contract.

It is impossible to state the amounts due on the claims of the following for land damages, for water rights taken and for damages to established business, as no sums have been agreed upon, and suits are now pending in court for the determination of most of them:—

Patrick Bradley, Henry F. Keyes, James E. Welch, Byron D. Allen, J. Frank Wood et al., Asa Knight, Edward F. Merriam, Sanford C. Kendall, estate of William H. Vickery, James H. and Hannah S. Wood, Francis W. M. Goodale, heirs of Willard Morse, Caroline R. Braman, Charles G. Rice, Nehemiah W. Rice et al., John Ward et al., heirs of George K. Ward.

VI. METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE WORKS.

The North Metropolitan Sewerage District embraces the cities of Cambridge, Chelsea, Everett, Malden, Medford, Melrose, Somerville and Woburn, and the towns of Arlington, Belmont, Revere, Stoneham, Wakefield, Winchester and Winthrop, and parts of the city of Boston and the town of Lexington, — comprising in all 9 cities and 8 towns, with an area of 90.50 square miles. The District has an estimated population, based upon the United States Census of 1910, as of December 31, 1912, of 558,140. Of the total population it is estimated that 89 per cent., or 496,795 people, contribute sewage to the North Metropolitan System.

The South Metropolitan Sewerage District includes the cities of Newton, Quincy and Waltham, and the towns of Brookline, Milton and Watertown, and parts of the city of Boston (including the former town of Hyde Park) and the town of Dedham,—a total of 4 cities and 4 towns. This district has an area of 100.87 square miles, with an estimated population as of December 31, 1912, of 381,840. According to the estimates made 66.1 per cent. of this population, or 252,265, contribute sewage to the South Metropolitan System.

(1) NORTH METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE SYSTEM — CONSTRUCTION.

The amount expended for construction on account of the North Metropolitan Sewerage System during the past year was \$53,104.32. A portion of this amount was paid on account of the Malden and Everett sewer extension which had been completed in the preceding year.

The Legislature of 1912 authorized the Board to construct an additional main sewer in the Mystic valley, and also to provide new screening machinery in connection with the East Boston sewerage pumping station and the acquisition of additional land for the purpose. Authorization was given for the issue of an additional sewerage loan to an amount not exceeding \$378,000.

(a) New Mystic Sewer.

The Board was authorized to construct an additional main sewer in the Mystic valley, extending from a point in the old Mystic valley sewer, near the boundary line between the city of Woburn and the town of Winchester, and running through the town of Winchester and a part of the city of Medford to a point in the Metropolitan main sewer a little below its junction with the old Mystic valley sewer, a length of about 3.4 miles.

The making of surveys and borings was begun immediately after the passage of the act of last year and a contract was made on October 15, 1912, for the construction of 4,800 feet at the lower end of the proposed sewer. The work upon this section has since been carried on successfully, and it is estimated that about 20 per cent. of the section has so far been completed. It is expected that the necessary work preliminary to the making of contracts for the remaining sections of the sewer will be completed in the early part of the year, and that work throughout the entire length will be undertaken before the close of the year. As the route passes through the central portion of the town of Winchester and along the Aberjona River the construction of a portion of its length is attended with considerable difficulty.

(b) New Screening Works at East Boston Pumping Station.

The Board was also authorized to provide new screening machinery in connection with the East Boston sewerage pumping station and to take such additional land as might be necessary in connection with the installation of such machinery. A taking for the extension of the pumping station in which the machinery should be installed was made of about 1,715 square feet of land lying directly south of the pumping station lot. A contract has been made for the erection of the building addition, and the work under it is about to be begun. Plans have been nearly completed for the new screening machinery which will be called for. Considerable preliminary work has already been undertaken. The present screens at this station are located underground in very contracted quarters, and the care of them has been attended with much difficulty and inconvenience. By the change the screens will be operated from the ground level and a great sanitary as well as mechanical improvement will be effected.

(c) Siphon under Metropolitan Sewer in East Boston.

The city of Boston in extending its sewerage system was compelled to carry a siphon under the Metropolitan sewer in Saratoga Street. As the work involved much difficulty and the use of compressed air, as well as considerable danger to the Metropolitan sewer during construction, it was desired by the city of Boston that the construction of the new siphon under the sewer should be undertaken by the Board. The siphon was, however, completed with entire success and the city of Boston has reimbursed the Commonwealth for the expense incurred, which amounted to \$9,689.46.

(2) South Metropolitan Sewerage System — Construction.

No considerable work was undertaken during the past year on the South Metropolitan Sewerage System. Expenditures on account of construction were \$7,258.87. The larger part of this sum was for a final payment on account of an old contract upon the Highlevel Sewer extension and on account of settlement for land taken for the same purpose.

(3) Acquisition of Land and Settlements.

The Board acquired by taking 0.0393 of an acre in fee for the extension of the screen-house at the East Boston pumping station, and easements in 2.135 acres in Medford and Winchester for the construction of the new Mystic Sewer.

One settlement for easements in land previously taken was made, for which \$2,350 was paid.

The following is a list of the takings made during the year for the Sewerage Works:—

No.	Location and Description.	ocation and Description. Former Owner.				
27	East Boston, — Land in Addison Street, a private way. Area, fee in 1,715 square feet.	East Boston Company,	1912. July 20.	Installation of screening machinery.		
28	Medford and Winchester, — Strip of land 20 feet wide for the most part and 15 feet at the northerly end. Area, sewer easements in 2.135 acres.	Boston & Maine Rail- road, Robert Bacon and Charles F. Bacon, Jacob W. Wilbur and	Oct. 15.	New Mystic sewer.		

Takings for Metropolitan Sewerage Works for the Year 1912.

(4) NORTH METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE SYSTEM — MAINTENANCE.

The cost of the maintenance and operation of the North Metropolitan Sewerage System during the past year was \$155,303.15.

(a) Sewers and Pumping Stations.

The Metropolitan sewers in the North Metropolitan System now extend a distance of 60.01 miles, and the local sewers which are connected with the Metropolitan sewers have a further length of 700.25 miles, involving 74,376 connections.

The sewage which is collected in the various branches of the North Metropolitan System flows at first by gravity, but subsequently before being finally disposed of is necessarily lifted at different points by pumping, most of it at least twice and portions of it three times. All of the sewage of the North Metropolitan System is

discharged into the harbor from an outfall which is placed about 1,900 feet off Deer Island.

The daily average amount of sewage discharged into the harbor was 55,700,000 gallons, a daily average for each individual contributing sewage of 112.1 gallons. The increase in the total amount of sewage discharged was 2,900,000 gallons per day more than the discharge of the preceding year. The maximum discharge of sewage in any one day was, at a time of severe storm, 151,800,000 gallons.

The pumping stations operated for the North Metropolitan Sewerage System are as follows:—

			Number of Engines.	Contract Capacity per Day (Gallons).	Lift (Feet).
Deer Island Station (Boston harbor),			4	235,000,000	19
East Boston Station,			4	235,000,000	19
Charlestown Station,		•	3	104,000,000 {	11 8
Alewife Brook Station (Somerville), .			3	22,000,000	13

There were obtained for the operation of the pumping stations 6,591.633 tons of bituminous coal which, purchased at average prices at the different stations, varied from \$3.87 to \$4.45 per gross ton delivered in the bins.

The sums expended for the labor of engineers and their assistants in the various pumping stations of the district amounted to \$63,215.73 and for fuel amounted to \$22,509.16. The total expenditure for the operation of the stations was \$101,825.53.

The average cost per million gallons of sewage lifted per foot at the several stations was \$0.135.

Some special operations were called for in addition to the ordinary maintenance and care of the sewers and pumping stations and their appurtenances.

It became necessary to provide a new economizer for the Charlestown pumping station and to reset the old boilers. The boilers themselves, which had been in operation 12 and 17 years respectively, were after careful inspection found to be in good condition.

Considerable dredging was required alongside the wharf in Chelsea Creek at the East Boston pumping station in order to facilitate the handling of coal received at this station.

The work of carrying the railroad over Medford Street in Somerville and under Saratoga Street at Orient Heights in East Boston, through which the Metropolitan sewer was laid, undertaken for the abolition of grade crossings, required constant inspection and care on the part of the engineering force. Both of these undertakings, however, were accomplished without injury to the sewer.

(b) Tanneries and Gelatine and Glue Works.

A special force has been required for the oversight and care of the Mystic valley sewers which receive the sewage and waste material discharged from the tanneries and other manufactories in Winchester, Woburn and Stoneham. Under the requirements of the Board substantially all the tanneries and other manufactories have installed settling tanks in which the most objectionable matter is deposited before the contents are allowed to enter the sewers. The semi-liquid sludge removed from these tanks for disposal elsewhere amounts in the year to about 7,924 cubic yards. The inspection of the various establishments and the enforcement of the regulations of the Board involve a large expense to the District.

(5) South Metropolitan Sewerage System — Maintenance. The entire cost of maintenance of the South Metropolitan Sewerage System during the past year has been \$102,454.57.

Sewers and Pumping Stations.

The Metropolitan sewers in the South Metropolitan Sewerage System, which comprise the old Charles River valley sewer and Neponset River valley sewer, as well as the new High-level Sewer and extension, have a total length of 43.42 miles and with these are connected local sewers having a length of 572.40 miles, involving 36,215 connections.

The pumping stations operated for the South Metropolitan Sewerage System are as follows:—

			Number of Engines.	Contract Capacity per Day (Gallons).	Lift (Feet).
Ward Street Station (Roxbury District), .			2	100,000,000	45
Quincy Station,			3	18,000,000	28
Quincy Sewerage Lifting Station,		.	2	3,000,000	20

The sewage of two small districts in Dorchester and Milton, included in the Neponset River valley system, which are too low for sewage to be delivered into the High-level Sewer by gravity, is, under an arrangement with the city of Boston, disposed of through the Boston Main Drainage Works at Moon Island. By this arrangement the Board is relieved from the expense of providing extra pumping facilities.

The larger part of the sewage of the District is lifted into the High-level Sewer at the Ward Street pumping station in Roxbury, but the sewage of the city of Quincy is pumped into the sewer at Greenleaf Street near the Quincy pumping station. The entire sewage is screened at the Nut Island screen-house for the purpose of intercepting solid matter, and is thence discharged at the bottom of the harbor from the two outfalls about a mile off from the Island.

The average daily amount of sewage thus discharged was 48,200,000 gallons, and the largest discharge in a single day was 135,000,000 gallons. The increase in the daily average from last year was 6,200,000 gallons.

The daily average discharge of sewage for each individual contributing sewage in the District was 191 gallons.

There were 2,986.195 gross tons of bituminous coal obtained at the two pumping stations and screen-house which, purchased at average prices, varied from \$4.10 to \$4.56 per gross ton delivered in the bins.

The expenditures for the labor of the engineers and their assistants at the three stations amounted to \$36,993.82, and the expenditures for fuel amounted to \$11,346.71. The total amount expended for the operation of the stations was \$54,972.08.

VII. SEWERAGE WORKS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The financial abstract of the receipts, expenditures, disbursements, assets and liabilities of the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board for the fiscal year of the Commonwealth ending with the thirtieth day of November, 1912, was, as stated in connection with the Water Works, presented to the General Court in January, in accordance with the requirements of chapter 235 of the Acts of the year 1906, and a copy of this financial abstract is in part printed as Appendix No. 6.

The following statement of its financial doings, in relation to the Metropolitan Sewerage Works, for the calendar year 1912 is herewith presented, in accordance with the provisions of the Act of 1906, as a part of the annual report of the Board.

The Metropolitan Sewerage Loans authorized for the construction of the Sewerage Works of the North Metropolitan System have amounted to \$7,013,865.73, to which are added receipts from various sources amounting to \$75,444.12. The amount of expenditures approved by the Board for payment for the year 1912 was \$53,104.32. This amount includes the sum of \$9,689.46 expended for the Saratoga Street Culvert in East Boston, for which the city of Boston reimbursed the Commonwealth, and the sum received was applied to the credit of the Loan Fund. The total amount of expenditures approved to January 1, 1913, was \$6,739,995.82. The balance remaining on January 1, 1913, was \$349,314.03.

The loans authorized for the construction of the various parts of the South Metropolitan System have amounted to \$8,867,046.27. The receipts applicable to the Loan Fund have been \$14,004.60. The amount of expenditures approved for payment in the year 1912 was \$7,258.87. The total amount of expenditures approved for payment from the beginning of the works has been \$8,820,491.40. The balance remaining for the South Metropolitan System on January 1, 1913, was \$60,559.47.

The bonds issued on account of the loans have been for varying periods, not exceeding forty years, and bear interest at the rate of 3 per cent. and $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The premiums received on account of the sale of bonds for the North Metropolitan System have amounted to \$179,763.73 and those received on account of the South Metropolitan System have amounted to \$410,132.03.

As there has been no increase in the debt during the calendar year, as represented by the Metropolitan Sewerage Loans, and the increase of the sinking fund for the payment of the debt at maturity was for the same period \$273.866.22, there has been a consequent decrease in the net debt during the calendar year amounting to \$273,866.22.

The amount expended for maintenance of the North Metropolitan System in the year 1912 was \$155,303.15 and for the South Metropolitan System \$102.454.57, a total for both systems of \$257,757.72.

The assessments made to meet interest, sinking fund requirements and maintenance and operation of the North Metropolitan System amounted in the year 1912 to \$472,968.75 and the assessments for the South Metropolitan System amounted to \$477,418.59.

The following is a detailed financial statement regarding the Metropolitan Sewerage Works:—

(1) METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE LOANS, RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS.

The loans authorized for the construction of the Metropolitan Sewerage Works, the receipts which are added to the proceeds of these loans, the expenditures for construction, and the balance available on January 1, 1913, have been as follows:—

(a) North Metropolitan System.

Loans authorized under various acts prior to

1912 for the construction of the North Metropolitan System and the various extensions, \$6,635,865 73 Loan authorized under chapter 461 of the Acts of 1912 for the New Mystic Sewer and new	
screen equipment at the East Boston pumping station,	\$7,013,865 73
Receipts from sales of real estate and from miscellaneous sources which are placed to the credit of the North Metropolitan System:— For the year ending December 31, 1912, . \$10,883 48 For the period prior to January 1, 1912, . 64,560 64	
Tof the period prior to sandary 1, 1312,	75,444 12
	\$7,089,309 85
Amount approved for payment by the Board out of the Metropolitan Sewerage Loan Fund, North System:— For the year ending December 31, 1912, . \$53,104 32 For the period prior to January 1, 1912, . 6,686,891 50	
	6,739,995 82

Balance, North Metropolitan System, January 1, 1913, . \$349,314 03

¹ The word "Board" refers to the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission and the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board.

(b) South Metropolitan System.

Loans authorized under the various acts, applied to the con-		
struction of the Charles River valley sewer, Neponset valley		
sewer, High-level sewer and extension, constituting the South		
Metropolitan System,	\$8,867,046	27
Receipts from pumping, sales of real estate and from miscel-		
laneous sources, which are placed to the credit of the South		
Metropolitan System: —		
For the year ending December 31, 1912, . \$372 09		
For the period prior to January 1, 1912, . 13,632 51		
	14,004	60
	\$8,881,050	87

Amount approved by the Board for payment out of the Metropolitan Sewerage Loan Fund, South System:—

For the year ending December 31, 1912, . . . \$7,258 87

For the period prior to
January 1, 1912, . . 7,101,654 80

Balance, South Metropolitan System, January 1, 1913, . \$60,559 47

(2) Issues of Metropolitan Sewerage Loan Bonds.

The Treasurer of the Commonwealth, under the authority of the successive statutes, has from time to time issued bonds designated "Metropolitan Sewerage Loan" amounting for the North System to \$6,625,000, and for the South System to \$8,877,912. The bonds sold prior to the year 1912, amounting to \$6,563,000 for the North System and \$8,877,912 for the South System, were sinking fund bonds. A list of these bonds sold is given in the 9th and 10th Annual Reports. The bonds sold in the year 1912 were serial bonds, amounting to \$62,000, bearing interest at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum, as follows:—

¹ The word "Board" refers to the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission and the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board.

DATE OF SALE.	Amount of Bonds sold.	Price received.	Premium.	Date Due.
Jan. 29, 1912,	\$62,000	\$100.349	\$ 216.38	\$3,000 each year, Jan. 1, 1913, to Jan. 1, 1916, inclusive; \$2,000 each year, Jan. 1, 1917, to Jan. 1, 1941, inclusive.

The bonds amounting to \$62,000 stated in the 11th Annual Report as sold on July 20, 1911, were temporary loans for which permanent provision was made by the sale of January 29, 1912.

(3) METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE LOANS SINKING FUND.

Under the authority of chapter 122 of the Acts of the year 1899 the Treasurer and Receiver-General of the Commonwealth was required to consolidate the sinking funds of all the Metropolitan Sewerage Loans into one fund, to be known as the Metropolitan Sewerage Loans Sinking Fund.

The Board received during the year, from rentals and from other sources, to be applied to the sinking fund, \$200.33.

The sinking fund established has amounted at the end of each year to sums as follows:—

December 31, 189	9, .	\$361,416 59	December 31, 1906,		\$1,146,998 68
December 31, 190	0, .	454,520 57	December 31, 1907,		1,306,850 30
December 31, 190	1, .	545,668 26	December 31, 1908,	•	1,492,418 98
December 31, 190	2, .	636,084 04	December 31, 1909,		1,673,784 40
December 31, 190	3, .	754,690 41	December 31, 1910,		1,931,741 89
December 31, 190	4, .	878,557 12	December 31, 1911,	•	2,184,674 98
December 31, 190	5, .	1,008,724 95	December 31, 1912,		2,458,541 20

(4) Annual Appropriations, Receipts and Expenditures.

The annual appropriations for the maintenance of the Metropolitan Sewerage Works, the receipts of the Board which are added to the appropriations for maintenance, and the expenditures for maintenance for the year ending December 31, 1912, have been as follows:—

North Metropolitan System.

Appropriation under chapter 132 of the Acts of 1912,			\$160,500 0	0
Receipts from pumping and from other sources,	•	•	740 7	1
		****	\$161,240 7	- 1
Amount approved by the Board for payment,	•	•	155,303 1	5 .
Balance, January 1, 1913,			\$5,937,5	- 6

South Metropolitan System.

Appropriation under chapter 146 of the Acts of 1912, Receipts from pumping and from other sources, .		\$107,550 00 251 70
Amount approved by the Board for payment,		\$107,801 70 102,454 57
Balance, January 1, 1913,	-	\$5,347 13

(5) Annual Assessments.

Assessments for the year, amounting to \$472,968.75 for the North Metropolitan System and to \$477,418.59 for the South Metropolitan System, were required for the payment of interest and sinking fund requirements and the cost of maintenance and operation of works. The requirements for the North Metropolitan System were, for interest, \$202,426.20; for the sinking fund, \$114,321; and for maintenance, \$156,221.55. For the South Metropolitan System the requirements were, for interest, \$301,960.07; for the sinking fund, \$70,055; and for maintenance, \$105,403.52. The assessments for both the North and South Metropolitan systems were made upon the cities and towns in the District in accordance with chapter 369 of the Acts of the year 1906. The respective assessments were as follows:—

North Metropolitan Sewerage System.

Arlington,		\$11,166 80	Revere,			\$15,635 77
Belmont,		6,122 08	Somerville,			65,629 12
Boston,		79,330 28	Stoneham,			5,466 51
Cambridge,	•	105,568 39	Wakefield,			9,708 90
Chelsea,		26,283 29	Winchester,			11,776 36
Everett,		27,799 37	Winthrop,			10,981 06
Lexington,		4,291 41	Woburn,	•		12,147 55
Malden,		42,546 70			-	
Medford,		22,710 68	Total,			\$472,968 75
Melrose,		15,804 48				

South Metropolitan Sewerage System.

Boston,		\$206,607 49	Quincy,			\$29,944 04
Brookline,		86,141 28	Waltham,			27,160 76
Dedham,		11,806 49	Watertown,			14,045 40
Hyde Park,		14,538 32			_	
Milton,		22,109 46	Total,			\$477,418 59
Newton.		65,065 35				

(6) Expenditures for the Different Works.

The following is a summary of the expenditures made in the various operations for the different works:—

CONSTRUCTION AND ACQUISITION OF WORKS.	For the Ye December			ning of Work ber 31, 1912.
North Metropolitan System.				
Original system, main line and branches,		_		\$5,383,957 67
Lexington branch,				68,585 15
Everett branch,		_		54,877 12
Wakefield branch,				35,698 29
Stoneham branch,		_		11,574 10
Revere extension,		_		215,722 79
Chelsea and Everett outlets,		_		71,216 41
Wakefield branch extension,		_		190,081 97
Belmont extension,		_		57,363 06
Malden extension,		_		67,092 63
Bulkhead, Chelsea creek,		_		3,231 00
North System, enlargement:—				
Administration,	\$2,199 24		\$15,417 29	
Deer Island pumping station, extensions and	V -,-00			
East Boston pumping station, extensions and			195,373 14	
	10 457 70		960 905 07	
additions,	18,457 70		260,895 97 63,305 90	
Stable and locker, East Boston,	5,535 20			
	17 000 70		18,691 15	
New Mystic sewer,	17,222 72		17,222 72	
Saratoga Street culvert, East Boston,	9,689 46	\$53,104 32	9,689 46	580,595 63
The Later Navil Matrix Plans Control				_
Total for North Metropolitan System,		\$53,104 32		\$6,739,995 82
South Metropolitan System.				
Charles River valley sewer, main line,		~		\$800,046 27
Neponset River valley sewer: —				
Main line,	-		\$866,595 66	
Brookline branch,	-		44,935 80	
·		-		911,531 46
High-level Sewer,		\$ 180 38		5,992,840 39
High-level Sewer extension: —				
Charles River valley studies,	-		\$3,893 71	
Administration,	\$1,139 95		17,595 76	
Section 80, day work, West Roxbury and Brook-				
line,	48 60		295,265 01	
Section 81, Brookline,	-		129,519 35	
Section 82, Brookline,	-		136,152 02	
Section 82, day work, Park Street crossing,	-		2,030 18	
Section 83, Brookline,	-		94,065 87	
Amounts carried forward,	\$1,188 55	\$180 38	\$678.521 90	\$7,701,418 12

Construction and Acquisition of Work	zs.	For the Ye		From Beginning of Work to December 31, 1912.			
A mounts brought forward,		\$1,188 55	\$ 180 38	\$678,521 90	\$7,704,418 12		
South Metropolitan System — Con. High-level Sewer extension — Con.							
Section 84, Brookline and Brighton,		_		47,592 89			
Section 85, Brighton,		3,447 55		230,826 05			
Section 85, day work, Brighton,		-		66,611 62			
Section 86, Brighton,		-		57,864 88			
Quincy sewage lifting station,		65 00		24,109 60			
Land takings, purchase and recording,		2,377 39		10,546 34			
			7,078 49		1,116,073 28		
Total for South Metropolitan System, .			\$7,2 58 87		\$8,820,491 40		
Total for construction, both systems, .			\$60,363 19		\$15,560,487 22		
MAINTENANCE.		For the Ye			nning of Work ber 31, 1912.		

Maintenance.	For the Year ending December 31, 1912.	From Beginning of Work to December 31, 1912.
North Metropolitan System,	\$155,303 15 . 102,454 57	\$2,041,039 44 1,613,920 94
Total for maintenance, both systems, .	. \$257,757 72	\$3,654,960 38
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

(7) DETAILED FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

The Board herewith presents, in accordance with the Metropolitan Sewerage acts, an abstract of the expenditures and disbursements, receipts, assets and liabilities for the year ending Dec. 31, 1912:—

(a) Expenditures and Disbursements.

GENERAL CHARACTER OF EXPENDITURES.											For the Year ending December 31, 1912.		
Construction	of Wo	ORKS	AND	Acqı	JISITI	ON I	sy Pi	JRCH	ASE C	OR T	AKIN	G.	
		Nor	th M	etrope	olitan	Syst	em.						
dministration: -												1	
Commissioners,													\$416 67
Secretary, .													375 00
Clerks and steno													1,048 90
													\$1,840 57

GENERAL CHARACTER OF EXPENDITURES.	For the Ye December	ar ending 31, 1912.
Amount brought forward,	\$1,840 57	
North Metropolitan System — Con.		
Administration — Con.		
Traveling,	-	
Stationery, printing and office supplies,	159 88	
Telephone, lighting, heating, water and care of building,	104 55	
Rent and taxes, main office,	84 59	
Repairs of building,	9 65	
Miscellaneous expenses,		\$2,199 2
Engineering: —		φ2,133 2
Chief engineer,	\$600 00	
Engineering assistants,	4,406 50	
Inspectors,	633 90	
Traveling expenses,	129 46	
Stationery, printing and office supplies,	88 86	
Engineering and drafting instruments and tools,	72 02	
Engineering and drafting supplies,	45 58	
Telephone, lighting, heating, water and care of building,	313 70	
Rent and taxes,	253 79	
Repairs of building,	28 96	
Miscellaneous expenses,	42 60	6.017.0
Advertising,	\$25 43	6,615 3
Labor and teaming,	16,457 15	
Fools, machinery and appliances,	1,761 96	
Brick, cement, lumber and other field supplies and expenses,	7,102 69	
		25,347 2
Contracts: —		
A. G. Tomasello, contract 81, for constructing Section 66 (Malden-Everett		
extension) of the North Metropolitan Sewerage System in Malden,	\$5,502 70	
Allis-Chalmers Company, contract 73, addition to pumping plant at East	0.000.00	
Boston pumping station,	3,600 00	
Coleman Bros., contract 99, for constructing Section 67 (New Mystic Sewer)	0.017.64	
of the North Metropolitan Sewerage System in Medford and Winchester,	9,817 64	18,920 3
Real estate: —		10,520 0
Legal, conveyancing and expert,	\$22 14	
		22 14
Total for North Metropolitan System,		\$53,104 32
South Metropolitan System,		
High-level Sewer.		
Engineering: —	8100.00	
Engineers, inspectors, rodmen, laborers and others,	\$180 38	0100.0
		\$180 3
Amount carried forward,		@100 D
11 mount curried for ward,		\$180 3

GENERAL C	HARACTER OF	EXPE	NDITU	RES.					For the Ye December	ar ending 31, 1912.
Amount brought forward,										\$180 3
South N	letropolitan S	ustem -	– Con							
	h-level Sewer	-		•						
dministration: —										
Commissioners,								.	\$750 00	
Clerks and stenographers,									206 67	
Stationery, printing and off	ice supplies,								105 77	
Telephone, lighting, heating									30 39	
Rent and taxes, main office									42 30	
Repairs of building, .									4 82	
										1,139
Ingineering: —									404 47	
Telephone, lighting, heating		care of	buildi	ing,	•	•	٠	٠	\$91 17	
Rent and taxes,		•	•	٠	•	•	•	•	126 90	
Repairs of building, .		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	14 48	- 232
rick, cement, lumber and ot	her field sun	nlies aı	nd exn	enge	1.				\$28 60	
rion, coment, ramper and of	mer nera sup	piics ai	iu cxp	CHSC	,	•	•	•		28
Contracts: — George M. Bryne Company	, for construc	eting S	ection	8 5, i :	n pai	rt,		٠	\$3,300 00	2 200
George M. Bryne Company	, for construc	eting S	ection	85, i	n pai	rt,	٠	•	\$3,300 00	3,300
George M. Bryne Company Real estate:—	, for construc	eting S	ection	8 5, i i	n pai	rt,		•		3,300
George M. Bryne Company teal estate: — Settlements,		eting S	ection	85, i	n pai	rt,		•	\$2,350 00	3,300
George M. Bryne Company Real estate:—		eting S	ection	85, in	n pai	rt,		•		
George M. Bryne Company teal estate: — Settlements,		eting S	ection	85, in	n pai	rt,			\$2,350 00	
George M. Bryne Company teal estate: — Settlements,	pert,	eting Se	ection	85, in	n par	rt,			\$2,350 00	2,377
George M. Bryne Company eal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and ex Total for South Metropoli	pert,	:	:						\$2,350 00	2,377
George M. Bryne Company ceal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and ex Total for South Metropoli Maintenance North	pert,	·	· ·						\$2,350 00	2,377
Ceal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and extended for South Metropoli MAINTENANC North	pert,	·	· ·						\$2,350 00 27 39	2,377
George M. Bryne Company deal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and ex Total for South Metropoli MAINTENANC North dministration: — Commissioners,	pert,		· ·						\$2,350 00 27 39 	2,377
George M. Bryne Company eal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and ex Total for South Metropoli MAINTENANC Norte dministration: — Commissioners, Secretary and assistants,	pert,		· ·						\$2,350 00 27 39 	2,377
George M. Bryne Company deal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and extended in the conveyance of th	pert,	cation on Syste	· ·			· .			\$2,350 00 27 39 	2,377
eal estate: — Settlements,	pert,	. ATION N System	· ·						\$2,350 00 27 39 	2,377
cal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and extended for South Metropolis Maintenance North Metropolis Maintenance North Metropolis Commissioners,	pert,	ATION System	· ·			·			\$2,350 00 27 39 	2,377
cal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and extended for South Metropolis Maintenance North Metropolis Maintenance North Metropolis Commissioners,	pert,	ATION System	· ·			·			\$2,350 00 27 39 	2,377
cal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and ex. Total for South Metropoli MAINTENANC Norte dministration: — Commissioners, Secretary and assistants, Rent, Heating, lighting and care of Repairs of building, . Postage, Printing, stationery and off	pert,	ATION System	· ·			·			\$2,350 00 27 39 	2,377
cal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and ex. Total for South Metropoli MAINTENANC Norte dministration: — Commissioners, Secretary and assistants, Rent, Heating, lighting and care of Repairs of building, . Postage, Printing, stationery and off Telephones,	pert,	ATION System	· ·			·			\$2,350 00 27 39 	2,377
ceal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and ex. Total for South Metropoli MAINTENANC North dministration: — Commissioners, Secretary and assistants, Rent, Heating, lighting and care of Repairs of building, . Postage, Printing, stationery and off	pert,	ATION System	· ·						\$2,350 00 27 39 	\$7,258
Ceal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and extended for South Metropolis Maintenance North Metropolis Maintenance Commissioners, Secretary and assistants, Rent, Heating, lighting and care of Repairs of building,	pert,	ATION System	· ·						\$2,350 00 27 39 27 39 	\$7,258
Ceal estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and extended for South Metropolis MAINTENANC North dministration: — Commissioners, Secretary and assistants, Rent, Heating, lighting and care of Repairs of building, Postage, Printing, stationery and off Telephones,	pert,	AATION System	· ·			rt,			\$2,350 00 27 39 27 39 	\$7,258
Real estate: — Settlements, Legal, conveyancing and extended a	pert,	ATION System	· ·						\$2,350 00 27 39 	\$7,258 \$7,163

GENERA	AL C	CHAR	ACTEI	R OF	Exp	ENDI	TURE	s.				For the Ye December	
Amounts brought forw	ard,											\$5,680 36	\$7,163
Nor	th M	[etroz	oolitar	ı Su	stem -	– Co	n.						
denetal supervision — Co	on.												
Heating, lighting and co												791 19	
Repairs of building,												106 37	
Postage,												-	
Printing, stationery and											.	70 15	
Telephones,												137 21	
Traveling expenses,				•	•							50 00	
Miscellaneous expenses,		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	-	0.005
eer Island pumping star	tion												6,835
Labor.												\$ 16,582 3 2	
Fuel,		•							•			7.577 17	
Oil and waste,		•	•			·	·	·	•			487 33	
Water,	•	•	•	•	·	·	•	•	•	•		1,594 80	
Packing,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	103 73	
Repairs and renewals,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	845 83	
Telephones,	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	106 92	
General supplies,					•	•	•	•	•	•	•	965 81	
Miscellaneous supplies							•	•	•	•		120 24	
		one pro-	,	·	•	·	•	•	•	•	·		28,384
ast Boston pumping sta	tion	:										-	, , , , ,
Labor,												\$22,425 68	
Fuel,												8,151 25	
Oil and waste, .												541 10	
Water,												2,226 00	
Packing,												131 69	
Repairs and renewals,												727 38	
Telephones,												66 38	
General supplies, .												1,196 46	
Miscellaneous supplies a	and	expe	ases,									3,189 31	
													38,655
harlestown pumping sta	tion	:										44 000 70	
Labor,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	\$15,838 73	
01 1 -4-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	5,032 42	
	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	318 24	
Water,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	562 80	
Packing,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	37 34	
Repairs and renewals,	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	1,312 32	
Telephones,	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	46 60	
General supplies,				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	568 33	
Miscellaneous supplies	and	expe	uses,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	80 58	23,797
lewife Brook pumping s	tatio	on: —											20,191
Labor,												\$8,369 00	
Fuel,												1,748 32	
Oil and waste, .												230 91	
Water,												211 32	
Amounts carried forwa												040 ***	
amounts carried forms	rrd											\$10,559 55	\$104,835

GENERAL C	HARA	CTER	OF	Exp	ENDI'	TURE:	s.				For the Ye	ear ending 31, 1912.
Amounts brought forward,											\$10,559 55	\$104,835 5
North M	etrop	olitan	ı Sy	stem -	— Со	n.						
Alewife Brook pumping stati	on —	· Con.										
Packing,	•			•			•				4 30	
Repairs and renewals, .	•			•	•				٠.		271 93	
Telephones,		•	•			•	•	•	• `		38 11	
General supplies,			٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	.	82 21	
Miscellaneous supplies and	exper	ises,	•	٠	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	32 67	10,988 7
Sewer lines, buildings and gro	unds	:-										10,000 1
Engineering assistants, .											\$3,175 00	
Labor,											27,379 60	
Automobiles,											52 83	
Brick, cement and lime,											115 38	
Castings, ironwork and meta											397 31	
Freight, express and teaming	g,										-	
Fuel and lighting,											112 06	
Jobbing and repairing, .											106 33	
Lumber,											856 91	
Machinery, tools and applia	nces,										443 79	
Paints and oils,											779 51	
Rubber and oiled goods,											293 76	
Sand, gravel and stone, .											58 50	
Telephones,											19 10	
Traveling expenses, .											417 56	
General supplies,											759 64	
Miscellaneous expenses, .											136 78	07.404.0
Horses, vehicles and stable ac	coun	t.									\$4,374 81	35,104 0
				Ť	Ť	·		·	·			4,374 8
Total for North Metropoli	tan S	Syster	m,									\$155,303 1
Sout	h Mei	tropol	itan	Syste	em.							
Administration: —												
Commissioners,											\$2,750 01	
Secretary and assistants,											2,554 28	
								•			253 79	
Heating, lighting and care o											235 59	
Repairs of building, .											29 93	
Postage,											55 00	
Printing, stationery and office											583 39	
Telephones,											52 36	
Traveling expenses, .											39 60	
Miscellaneous expenses, .	•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠		4 80	\$ 6,558 7
General supervision: —												40,000 1
Chief engineer and assistant	s.										\$3,506 16	
Rent,											761 40	
											\$4,267 56	\$6,558 78

South Metropolitan System — Con.	GENERAL	Char	ACTE	R OF	Exp	ENDIT	TURES	3.				For the Yea	
General supervision — Con.	Amounts brought forward	?, .								•		\$4, 267 56	\$ 6,558 7
General supervision — Con.	South	Metro-	politas	n Sus	stem -	– Co	n.						
Repairs of building,			poviva	· ~g	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	00	. .						
Postage	Heating, lighting and care	of bu	ildin	g,								6 86 5 8	
Printing, stationery and office supplies, 151 49 Telephones, 157 09 Traveling expenses, 86 00 Miscellaneous expenses, 50 Vard Street pumping station:— \$20,900 15 Labor, \$,203 30 Oil and waste, 348 81 Water, 1,533 40 Packing, 187 25 Repairs and renewals, 36 46 Telephones, 81 49 General supplies, 1,572 76 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 144 80 2uincy pumping station:— 2 Labor, \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 33 16 General supplies, 33 17 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 Nut Island screen-house:— \$8,053 00 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil an	Repairs of building, .											89 79	
Telephones, 157 09 Traveling expenses, 86 00 Miscellaneous expenses, 50 Vard Street pumping station: — \$20,900 15 Labor, \$20,900 15 Fuel, \$,208 30 Oil and waste, 34 81 Water, 1,538 40 Packing, 187 25 Repairs and renewals, 836 46 Telephones, 81 49 General supplies, 1,572 76 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 144 80 2uincy pumping station:— \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,190 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 Vat Island screen-house:— \$0,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 24 20 Repairs and renewals,											.	44 00	
Traveling expenses, \$60 00		ffice s	uppli	es,							.	151 49	
Miscellaneous expenses, 50	Telephones,						٠.				-	157 09	
Sample S							•				. {	86 00	
Ard Street pumping station: —	Miscellaneous expenses, .	•	•	•		•	•		•			50	
Labor, \$20,900 15 Fuel, \$20,900 15 Fuel, \$320,30 Oil and waste, \$348 81 Water, \$1,538 40 Packing, \$187 25 Repairs and renewals, \$366 46 Telephones, \$11 49 General supplies, \$1,572 76 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, \$144 80 Luincy pumping station:— Labor, \$8,040 67 Fuel, \$1,910 41 Oil and waste, \$71 66 Water, \$229 99 Packing, \$33 16 Repairs and renewals, \$57 88 Telephones, \$37 43 General supplies, \$338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, \$93 19 Luincy pumping station:— Labor, \$8,040 67 Fuel, \$1,910 41 Oil and waste, \$71 66 Water, \$229 99 Packing, \$33 16 Repairs and renewals, \$37 43 General supplies, \$33 87 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, \$93 19 Lut Island screen-house:— Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, \$1,228 00 Oil and waste, \$97 59 Water, \$	Tand Street number atatio	1											5,483
Fuel,	~ ,	n: —										enn non 15	
Oil and waste, 348 81 Water, 1,538 40 Packing, 187 25 Repairs and renewals, 836 46 Telephones, 81 49 General supplies, 1,572 76 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 144 80 Juincy pumping station:— 24 8,040 67 Labor, \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 Jut Island screen-house:— 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 33 794 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 33 50 Empirering assistants, \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82	77 -1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Water, 1,538 40 Packing, 187 25 Repairs and renewals, 836 46 Telephones, 81 49 General supplies, 1,572 76 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 144 80 unincy pumping station:— 33,818 Unincy pumping station:— \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 Mit Island screen-house:— 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 55 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 33 7 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:— 20,671 82		•	•	•			•				- 1		
Packing, 187 25 Repairs and renewals, 836 46 Telephones, 81 49 General supplies, 1,572 76 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 144 80 uincy pumping station:— 33,818 Labor, \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 35 78 Telephones, 33 37 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 utt Island screen-house:— 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 97 59 Water, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:— 22,700 00 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:— 22,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles,		•	•	•	•		•		•	•			
Repairs and renewals, 836 46 Telephones, 1,572 76 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 144 80 33,818 uincy pumping station:— 28,040 67 Labor, \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 Tut Island screen-house:— 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 90 59 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 36 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:— 22 20 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:— 25,700 00 ewer lines, cement and lime, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		, -	
Telephones,	D1-	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
General supplies, 1,572 76 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 144 80 auincy pumping station: — 33,818 Labor, \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 55 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 iut Island screen-house: — \$8,053 00 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: — \$2,700 00 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: — \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00 <td></td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td>		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 144 80 ———————————————————————————————————	0 1 1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
33,818	** ' ' '			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
uincy pumping station: — \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 ut Island screen-house: — 2 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 were lines, buildings and grounds: — 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	Miscenaneous supplies and	ı expe	nses,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	144 80	99 010
Labor, \$8,040 67 Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 ut Island screen-house:— 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:— Engineering assistants, \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	uincy numping station: —												99,010
Fuel, 1,910 41 Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 Interpretation of the street o												\$8.040.67	
Oil and waste, 71 66 Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 'ut Island screen-house:— 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:— 20,671 82 Engineering assistants, \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	TO 1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		100	
Water, 229 99 Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 ut Island screen-house:—		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Packing, 33 16 Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 ut Island screen-house:— 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 swer lines, buildings and grounds:— \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	337-4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	- 1		
Repairs and renewals, 85 78 Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 ut Island screen-house: — 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: — \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	Do alein -	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	- I		
Telephones, 37 43 General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 tut Island screen-house:— Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:— Engineering assistants, \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	Donains and namenals	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
General supplies, 338 77 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 Interpretation of the problem of t	_	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•			
Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 93 19 fut Island screen-house: — 10,841 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: — \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		-	
Jut Island screen-house: — \$8,053 00 Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: — \$2,700 00 Engineering assistants, \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00		· l expe	nses.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Labor, \$8,053 00 Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	and the second s	· Cmpc	,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		10.841
Fuel, 1,228 00 Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: — 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	ut Island screen-house: —												
Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: — 20,671 82 Engineering assistants, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	Labor,											\$8,053 00	
Oil and waste, 97 59 Water, 301 85 Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds:	Fuel,											1,228 00	
Packing, 24 20 Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: — 20,671 82 Engineering assistants, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	Oil and waste,												
Repairs and renewals, 189 34 Telephones, 42 18 General supplies, 337 94 Miscellaneous supplies and expenses, 38 50 ewer lines, buildings and grounds: 10,312 Engineering assistants, \$2,700 00 Labor, 20,671 82 Automobiles, 517 37 Brick, cement and lime, 41 00	Water,											301 85	
Telephones,	Packing,											24 20	
Telephones,	Repairs and renewals, .										. 1	189 34	
Miscellaneous supplies and expenses,	Telephones,											42 18	
### 10,312 ### 2,700 00 ### 20,671 82 Automobiles,	General supplies,										.	337 94	
Engineering assistants,	Miscellaneous supplies and	l expe	nses,									38 50	
Engineering assistants,											ł		10,312
Labor,		round	ls: —										
Automobiles,												\$2,700 00	
Brick, cement and lime,												20,671 82	
												517 37	
Amounts carried forward	Brick, cement and lime,											41 00	
	Amounts carried forward											\$23,930 19	\$67,013

General Chara	CTE	R OF	Ехрі	ENDIT	URES	s.					Year ending per 31, 1912.
Amounts brought forward, .										\$23,930 1	9 \$67,013 8
South Metro	polit	an S	ystem	_ C	on.						
sewer lines, buildings and ground	s —	Con.							-		
Castings, ironwork and metals,									.	68 09	9
Freight, express and teaming,										28	5
Fuel and lighting,										154 2	2
Tablica and I security a									.	17 60)
Lumber,								٠		282 3	1
Machinery, tools and appliances,										87 70	6
Paints and oils,									.	341 6	1
Rubber and oiled goods, .										93 0	9
Sand, gravel and stone,										11 00)
Telephones,										33 60)
Traveling expenses,										486 70	6
General supplies,										217 73	3
Miscellaneous expenses,										72 00)
											- 25,796 2
City of Boston, for pumping and in	itere	est.									6,423
Forses, vehicles and stable account											3,220
Total for South Metropolitan S	rrat-										¢109 454
Total for South Metropolitan S	yste	ın,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		\$102,454

(b) Receipts.

The receipts from the sales of property, from rents and from other sources, have been credited as follows:—

Account.	For the Year December 3		From Beginning of Work to December 31, 1912.		
North Metropolitan System — construction,	\$10,883	481	\$75,444	12	
South Metropolitan System — construction,	372	09	14,004	60	
North Metropolitan System — maintenance,	740	71	15,739	37	
South Metropolitan System — maintenance,	251	70	2,360	36	
Metropolitan Sewerage Loans Sinking Fund,	200	33	2,002	92	
Totals,	\$12,448	31	\$109,551	37	

¹ Included in this amount is the sum of \$9,960.14, being amount received from city of Boston, in reimbursement for construction of Saratoga Street Culvert in East Boston.

(c) Assets.

The following is an abstract of the assets of the Sewerage Works, a complete schedule of which is kept on file in the office of the Board:—

Office furniture, fixtures and supplies; engineering and scientific instruments and supplies; horses, vehicles, field machinery, etc.; machinery, tools and other appliances and supplies; real estate connected with works not completed; completed works, including real estate connected therewith.

(d) Liabilities.

The sums due on monthly pay rolls amount to \$755 and there are bills for current expenses which have not yet been received.

Amounts on Monthly Estimates, not due until Completion of Contracts or until Claims are settled.

NAME.	Work.				Amount.
High-level Sewer: — National Contracting Co.,	Sect. 73, contract abandoned, . Sect. 75, contract 14,	:	:	:	\$5,516 17 ¹ 1,000 00
High-level Sewer Extension: — Timothy J. O'Connell,	Sect. 82, in part, contract 57, .				60 00
North Metropolitan Construction:—Coleman Bros.,	Sect. 67, New Mystic Sewer, contract	99,			1,732 53

¹ Damages claimed by the Commonwealth on account of the abandonment of the contract exceed this amount.

Claims have been made by the following parties, but it is impossible to state the amounts due for land and other damages, as no sums have been agreed upon, and suits are now pending in the courts for the determination of most of them:—

Anna L. Dunican, Carrie S. Urquhart, N. Jefferson Urquhart, Edwin N. Urquhart, Richard Jones, James Doherty, Michael Niland, William H. Gibbons, Francis Normile, Robert Bacon, Jacob W. Wilbur, Boston & Maine Railroad, Robert and Charles F. Bacon, East Boston Company.

VIII. RAINFALL AND WATER SUPPLY.

The past year added still another to the series of years of rainfall below the average, although the amount was considerably larger than in the preceding year. The rainfall on the Wachusett watershed during the year 1912 was 40.19 inches, and on the Sudbury watershed 40.72 inches, while the average for the periods covered by the records has been respectively 46.13 inches and 45.01 inches.

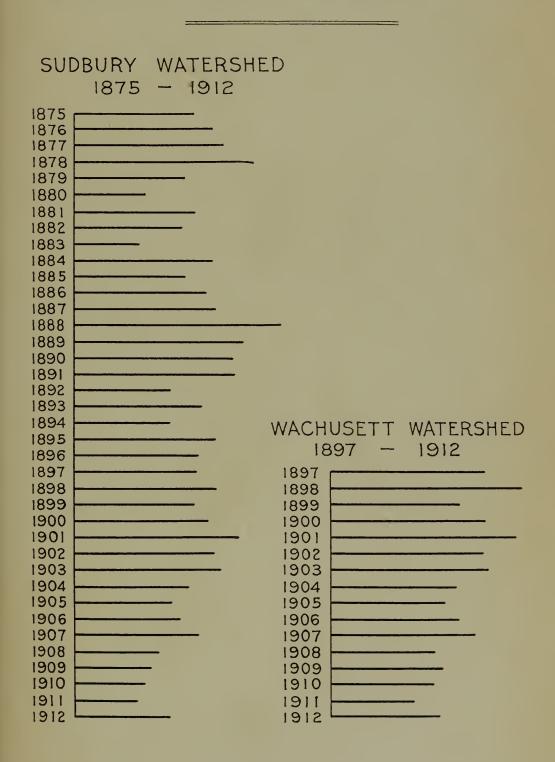
The Wachusett watershed yielded for consumption a daily average per square mile of 891,000 gallons, while the average for the 16 years during which the measurements have been made has been 1,094,000; and the Sudbury watershed yielded a daily average of 779,000 gallons, the daily average per square mile having been 1,007,000 gallons during the 37 years for which records have been kept. The amount of water collected from these two watersheds from which the water is principally drawn for the supply of the Metropolitan District was respectively 81.44 per cent. and 77.35 per cent. of the average amount collected in the series of years.

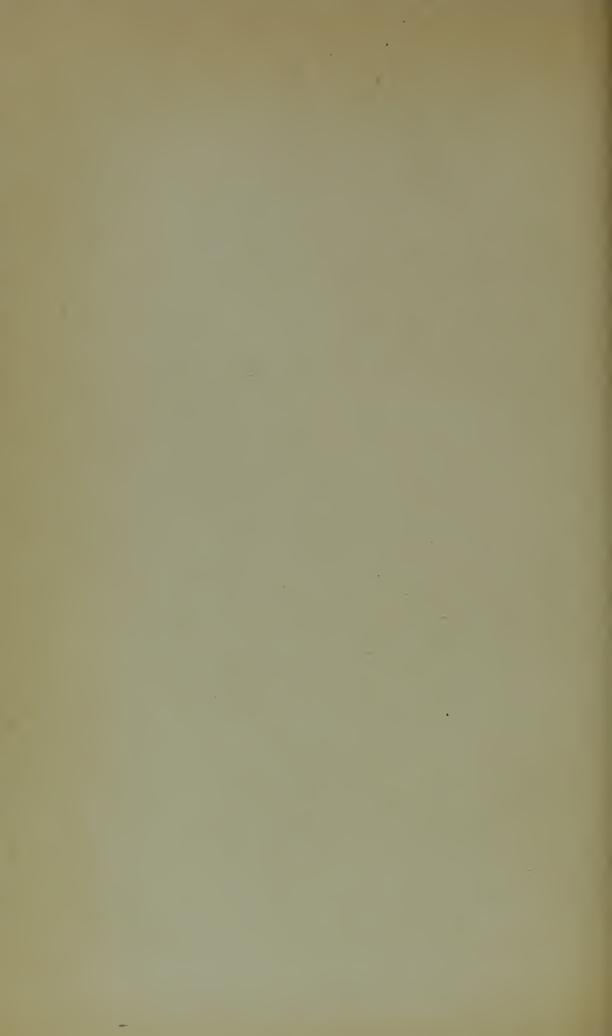
The quantity of water collected for the water supply during the series of years in the two watersheds is indicated upon the accompanying diagram.

IX. CONSUMPTION.

During the past year the quantity of water supplied to the Metropolitan District amounted to a daily average of 116,230,700 gallons, which was equivalent to 107 gallons for each person in the district supplied. This quantity exceeded by 6,235,900 gallons the average daily consumption of the preceding year. About 1,000,000 gallons of this increase was due to the supply afforded for the first time to the district of Hyde Park, but the intensely cold weather which prevailed in the first three months of the year would account for all of the increase which occurred. In this period, owing to the continuous drawing of the water to prevent the freezing of the pipes, the consumption reached the amount of 152,294,000 gallons in a single day, which was 36,064,000 gallons above the average daily consumption for the year. Though this consumption per capita is slightly in excess of that of last year, which was 105 gallons, it is lower than that of any previous year since 1908. These quantities of water furnished to the various cities and towns as measured by the Venturi meters are slightly less than the quantities indicated as delivered to the District by the computation of the amount pumped at the several pumping stations and of the amount flowing in the Weston Aqueduct, on account of the small amount supplied to the pumping stations themselves and outside the District, and that lost by leakage from the distributing reservoirs and pipe mains.

COMPARATIVE AMOUNTS OF WATER COLLECTED IN THE DIFFERENT YEARS ON THE SUDBURY AND WACHUSETT WATERSHEDS PER SQUARE MILE OF WATERSHED





The increase in the average consumption per capita was general throughout the municipalities of the District, there being a slight decrease in only 2 of the municipalities, Medford and Lexington, while in 5 others the average consumption was the same as in the preceding year. The largest increase was in the town of Winthrop, the average daily consumption per capita having increased from 56 gallons in 1911 to 65 gallons in 1912. In Melrose there was an increase of 6 gallons; in Somerville, Malden, Chelsea and Arlington there was an increase of 5 gallons, and in Nahant an increase of 4 gallons.

The fact that notwithstanding the extraordinary cold weather which prevailed in the early part of the year there was but a slight increase in the total consumption of the year is owing largely to the compliance which has taken place with the provisions of the Meter Act of the year 1907.

As stated in the report last year, the cities of Medford and Melrose and the towns of Watertown, Milton, Winthrop, Belmont and Swampscott have meters upon all their services. The city of Chelsea has metered 97.69 per cent., the city of Malden 96.45 per cent. and the town of Arlington 92.97 per cent. of all services. The city of Quincy has again been active in the installation of meters beyond the requirements of the act, it having increased the percentage of its services equipped with meters from 61.98 per cent. in 1911 to 74.98 per cent. in 1912. The town of Stoneham has increased its percentage of services metered from 55.40 per cent. in 1911 to 73.62 per cent. in 1912.

There still, however, continues to be a great waste of water in the Metropolitan District, which the increase in use of meters to a certain extent checks, but which neither the use of meters nor rigorous inspection prevents. The diagram showing the amount of water drawn from the water pipes in the different municipalities between the hours of one and four in the morning is again shown. Water is still drawn between these hours at the rate of more than 68 gallons per day for each inhabitant of the District. The necessary use of water in these hours is comparatively small, but the quantity drawn from the pipes amounts on the average to 63 per cent. of the total average consumption for 24 hours. The waste is principally due to defective local pipes and bad house plumbing and to the constant flow from the faucets in the colder weather; and it is largely preventable by a more

rigorous inspection on the part of the authorities of the various municipalities of the District.

The Board is again obliged to urge upon the cities and towns in the Metropolitan District the exercise of stricter supervision and inspection, not only in the interest of economy, but in order that the present sources of supply may be conserved so that new and extensive works shall not be demanded for years to come.

In accordance with certain statutes and arrangements which have been made, water has been supplied to a limited extent outside of the Metropolitan District. The Westborough State Hospital has, during the past year, in accordance with the provisions of a statute, drawn from the open channel of the Wachusett Aqueduct an average daily quantity of 171,445 gallons. The town of Framingham has, likewise, under the provisions of a statute, drawn from Farm Pond an average daily quantity of 787,978 gallons, and directly from the Sudbury Aqueduct 31,694 gallons. The town of Saugus has been supplied through the town of Revere with an average of 17,500 gallons daily. The United States Government, for its use on Peddock's Island, has been supplied with a daily average of 113,900 gallons, and the town of Wakefield, on account of a temporary emergency at the beginning of the year was during a period of 24 days supplied with a total of 13,327,000 gallons. The sums charged for the water thus supplied have amounted to \$6,606.67.

X. RECOMMENDATIONS FOR LEGISLATION.

The Board in its preliminary report to the Legislature has not asked for the issue of any additional loans either for the Metropolitan Water Works or for the North or South Metropolitan Sewerage Works. The loans already authorized seem sufficient for the completion of such works as have been authorized and are in progress. The Board has, however, asked for authority to construct during the coming year a short additional branch sewer for the North Metropolitan Sewerage District through a part of the city of Somerville in order properly to dispose of the increased sewage coming from the city of Medford. This request is stated as follows:—

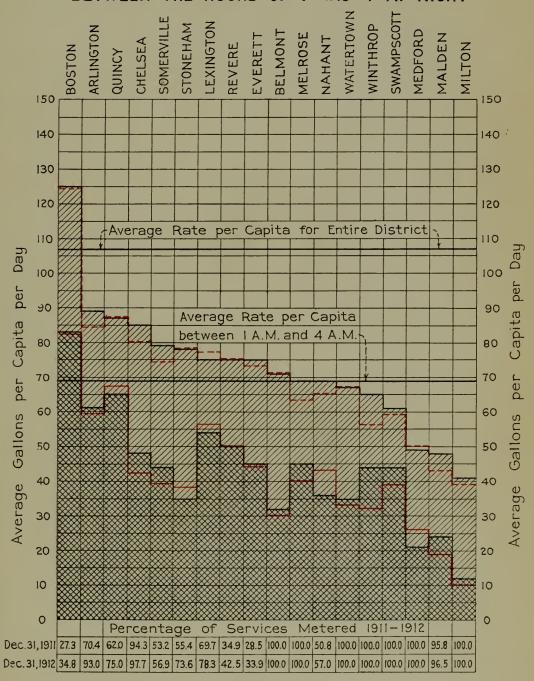
This relief is urgently called for by the latter city. The proposed new sewer will be 12 inches in diameter and will run parallel with the existing branch sewer through Boston Avenue for a distance of about 600 feet. The estimated cost of the new sewer is less than \$3,000. There is a sufficient

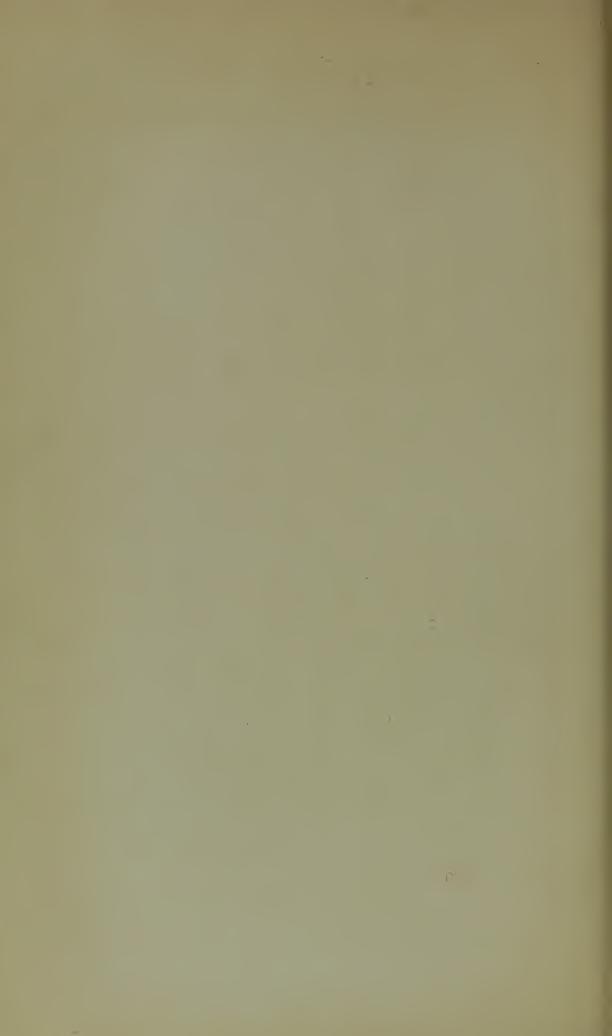
DIAGRAM SHOWING

AVERAGE RATE OF CONSUMPTION OF WATER IN THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT IN 1912

DURING THE ENTIRE DAY

BETWEEN THE HOURS OF I AND 4 AT NIGHT





amount remaining in the North Metropolitan Sewerage Loan Fund to construct the sewer, so that it will not be necessary to call for the issue of additional bonds for the North Metropolitan System.

The question has arisen several times in the past as to the advisability of increasing the amount which should be allowed to a city or town which furnishes a part of its water supply from its own works. The Board has considered that the time had arrived when some legislation should be adopted and accordingly has made the following recommendation:—

In considering the admission of other municipalities into the Metropolitan Water District the question has at different times in the past arisen whether, under proper circumstances, the sum which should be allowed cities and towns admitted into the District for furnishing water of proper quality from their own local sources should be increased. It is greatly for the advantage of the District and the Commonwealth that all the present satisfactory sources of water supply should be conserved and that these sources of supply should be made use of to a reasonable extent.

It would seem that when a municipality is admitted into the Metropolitan Water District, an inducement should, if practicable, be presented by which the city or town should continue to use its satisfactory sources of supply, provided that the terms for their use should be fair and equitable as they would affect the other municipalities in the District.

The Metropolitan Works have been built of much greater size and at a much greater cost than would otherwise have been the case, in order that an ample supply of water shall be assured even at times of extreme drought and in every exigency which can be anticipated, and the works must be maintained in readiness at all times to furnish the maximum quantity of water required to supply the whole district dependent upon them. If a city or town, upon coming into the District, proposes to take its water supply from its own sources so far as its works can furnish water, and to look to the Metropolitan Works to be helped out in periods of drought and when its own works prove inadequate to meet its requirements, the price of \$12 per million gallons, now fixed by the statute, to be allowed for water furnished from local sources is quite large enough. The city or town would take and use the water only at times when its cost is the greatest to the District and avoid using it when the District has water in plenty to afford and perhaps going to waste.

If, however, a municipality will upon being admitted into the District agree to furnish from its own sources a constant, fixed quantity of water of proper quality for a term of years, it is the opinion of the Board that it will be for the interest of the District that a larger sum than \$12 per million gallons shall be allowed on account of the water so furnished.

It is difficult to determine the sum which should be fairly allowed even

under the conditions named. The value to the District of water so furnished from local sources would probably vary according to the circumstances in each case and be largely dependent upon the manner in which the water would be supplied. For instance, if a municipality were to supply water for its low service and to call upon the Metropolitan Works for its high service, the amount to be allowed would be decidedly less than if the city or town should supply its high service from its own sources leaving the low service to be supplied from Metropolitan sources.

The sum properly to be allowed would so depend on different conditions in each municipality that it does not seem practicable to name a certain fixed sum for allowance in every case.

It has seemed to the Board that inasmuch as the Metropolitan Water Act provides that any city or town within the ten-mile limit of the State House shall be admitted into the Metropolitan Water District upon the payment of such money as the Board shall determine, it would be wise to provide further that the Board may, within certain fixed limits, determine a sum per million gallons which shall be allowed to any such city or town on its admission, or to any city or town now belonging to the District, for such constant, fixed quantities of water as shall be furnished toward its supply from its own sources.

The Board, therefore, recommended to the Legislature for its consideration the passage of an act substantially as follows:—

Any city or town belonging to the Metropolitan Water District, established under the provisions of chapter 488 of the Acts of the year 1895, which is assessed upon its total valuation, or which shall be admitted to the District under said chapter or any subsequent act of the General Court, and which shall agree with the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board to furnish from its own works a constant, fixed quantity of water of proper quality for a term of five or more years, as a part of its own water supply, such quantity to be not greater than the safe capacity of its sources in a dry year as determined by said Board, shall be allowed and credited in its apportionment with such sum for each million gallons furnished in accordance with the agreement so made, as shall be determined in each year by the said Board and certified by it to the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, provided, however, that such sum shall not be less than twenty-four dollars per million gallons and shall not exceed the average cost to the Metropolitan Water District of water furnished from the said Metropolitan Water Supply during the year preceding that in which the assessment is made.

The Board considered it desirable to call attention in its preliminary report to two improvements connected with the harbor of Boston which had been authorized by the United States Congress. To carry out these improvements required, in the one case, a change

in the Metropolitan water mains crossing Chelsea Creek, and, in the other case, a change in the North Metropolitan sewer crossing Malden River. The statement of the Board is as follows:—

During the past year the United States Congress has made appropriations for the performance by the Government of works of improvement connected with Boston Harbor, but requiring as conditions precedent to entering upon the works changes in the Metropolitan water pipes and sewers. Both of these matters would seem to call for legislation on the part of the Commonwealth by the present General Court.

The sum of \$85,000 was appropriated by Congress for "improving the harbor at Boston, by dredging the channel of Chelsea creek" in accordance with the report of the Chief of Engineers and upon the conditions therein set forth. The report called for dredging the creek between East Boston and Chelsea so far as necessary to secure a channel depth of 25 feet and width of 150 feet, "conditioned, however, upon the lowering, without expense to the United States, of the 24-inch water main of the Metropolitan Water System, which crosses this stream about 800 feet above the Meridian Street bridge."

The recommendation for this improvement is made by the United States Engineering Department "in view of the large present commerce existing, in spite of many drawbacks, and of the great prospective increase of commerce" if such a channel be provided, and also in view of the general movement of the Commonwealth and of private owners in developing the commercial facilities of the harbor.

In order that the dredging may be carried to the required depth, it will be necessary to lower not only the 24-inch Metropolitan water main crossing the creek, which was laid in the year 1900 under the supervision and approval of the United States Government in place of a main previously laid by the city of Boston, but also a second 24-inch Metropolitan main laid many years ago by the city.

The lowering of these mains to the depth of 2 or 3 feet for a length of 150 feet in the middle of the channel, in literal compliance with the conditions to be fulfilled before the work can begin, would be at comparatively little expense, involving the expenditure of \$5,000 or \$6,000; but the actual distance between the pier head lines established on the East Boston and Chelsea sides of the creek is at the point of crossing about 400 feet. In order that the improvement may be made practically available, so that vessels may go up and down and be taken up to the piers and wharves on either side, as necessary for the deriving of any local advantage from the improvement, the mains will have to be lowered for the entire width of 400 feet.

To make the improvement of practical benefit would, therefore, as it appears, require the sinking of shafts one each side of the creek and the construction of a tunnel under the bed for the carrying of the water mains. The estimated expense of this work is \$75,000.

Inasmuch as the mains were originally laid in accordance with the require-

ments, and the present changes are called for in the general scheme for the commercial development of the port, there seems to be no reason why the Metropolitan District should be called upon to defray the expense.

A conference has been had with the Directors of the Port of Boston and it was understood that they will recommend to the General Court the necessary legislation to provide for the lowering of the pipes as suggested, with the expectation that the necessary work will be performed under the direction of the Board but the expense will be met as the general charge of the Commonwealth.

The other appropriation of Congress was of the sum of \$80,000 for improving Malden River in accordance with the report of the United States Engineers and subject to the conditions set forth therein.

One of the conditions precedent to the work is the lowering by the State of the Metropolitan sewer siphon now carried under the river. The circumstances attending this improvement are similar to those set forth in relation to the Chelsea Creek improvement.

It is proposed to dredge a channel in the middle of the river to a common depth of 6 feet at mean low water for a width of 100 feet. The entire distance between the lines of the dikes, which it is assumed will be erected and which will be the limit of private ownership on each side, will be, at the point of crossing, about 575 feet, and to make abutting lands available for the purposes for which the improvement is desired would require the lowering of the siphon for the entire width.

Here also in barely complying with the conditions, temporary work might be performed which in a short period would have to be replaced and extended at great additional expense.

The sewer crossing under the river at this point between the cities of Medford and Everett is by a masonry siphon. The cost of the work which would be required on account of the Government dredging for the width of 100 feet is estimated at \$45,000, but to meet the purposes for which the improvement is demanded and to lower the masonry siphon for the entire width between the dikes the estimate is \$90,000.

Other conditions imposed by Congress precedent to the undertaking of the work are that the riparian owners shall permit the dumping of material on their lands and shall execute releases to the area outside of the dike lines, and that the State shall pledge itself to maintain a new channel depth.

The improvement is recommended in the United States Engineers' Report upon the ground that it would "result in a large increase in commerce and would encourage the occupation of the adjoining land for manufacturing purposes."

As the lowering of the siphon is also called for, not on account of any question arising in regard to the Metropolitan Sewerage System, but for general commercial and manufacturing development, the expense attending it should not be imposed upon the North Metropolitan Sewerage District.

It is understood that the Directors of the Port will in this case also recom-

mend the passage of the necessary legislation, the work to be performed by the Board but the expense of the work to be borne as the general charge of the Commonwealth.

XI. FUTURE WORK.

The maintenance and operation of the works for the water supply and its distribution to the cities and towns of the Metropolitan Water District will require under the estimates made for the current year the sum of \$447,000. This sum is an increase of \$21,000 over the estimate of last year, but a considerable portion of the increase will be offset by increased returns to the Commonwealth from the operations of the Board. The estimates submitted for the current year include the amounts required for the operation of the Wachusett power plant and for expenses to be incurred for the cutting of chestnut wood on account of the chestnut bark disease, but an increase is anticipated in the income from the operation of the Wachusett power plant, and a considerable further sum on account of chestnut wood and lumber which will be sold. The larger part, however, of the estimated increase is made in order to meet an expected increase required in the rate of wages of employés in the pumping stations, on the reservoirs, aqueducts and pipe lines and other operations of the Board.

The Board has asked authority to expend for the maintenance and operation of the Sewerage Works during the current year \$170,600 for the North Metropolitan District and \$109,460 for the South Metropolitan District. These sums are respectively \$10,100 and \$1,910 larger than the appropriations of last year. Though the steady increase from year to year in the amount of sewage to be disposed of requires a corresponding increase in quantities of coal and other supplies, the Sewerage estimates have also been more especially increased in order to meet an expected advance which will be required in the wages of pumping station and other employés.

It is expected that the Board will be able, by reason of the special sums which have been included in the maintenance appropriations of the last two years for the protection and improvement of the water supply, both in the Cochituate and Wachusett watersheds and along the Cochituate and Sudbury aqueducts, to enter upon efficient measures in pursuance of these purposes and that much work will be done in the coming year towards carrying out the projected improvements.

The larger work of new construction authorized by past legislation which will be carried on during the coming year is the laying of the new Mystic sewer in the Mystic valley from the city of Woburn through the town of Winchester and into the city of Medford, and the extension of the East Boston pumping station and installation of new screening machinery there, for which additional loans were provided to the amount of \$378,000. Both these works will be vigorously prosecuted. It is also expected that the Board will be authorized to construct a short branch sewer in the city of Somerville for the relief of the city of Medford.

If the Legislature makes provision, as is anticipated, for carrying out the improvements authorized by the United States Congress for the development of the port of Boston by widening and deepening the channels of Chelsea Creek and Malden River, a considerable amount of construction work will be called for on the part of both the Water and Sewer departments.

Several cities and towns, some within and others without the limits laid down for the Metropolitan Water District, have been discussing the advisability of applying for admission into the District. Should one or more of the municipalities already eligible apply for admission, or should legislation be passed by which other municipalities should be received into the District, further new construction would be called for in order to make the necessary connections which would be required.

The detailed reports of the Chief Engineer of the Water Works and of the Engineer of the Sewerage Works, with various tables and statistics are herewith presented.

Respectfully submitted,

HENRY H. SPRAGUE,
HENRY P. WALCOTT,
JAMES A. BAILEY, Jr.,
Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board.

Boston, February 26, 1913.

Arthur W. Walker,

William W. Locke, .

Charles E. Livermore,

REPORT OF CHIEF ENGINEER OF WATER WORKS.

To the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board.

Gentlemen: — The following is a report of the work done under the charge of the Chief Engineer of the Metropolitan Water Works for the year ending December 31, 1912.

GENERAL STATEMENT.

The Chief Engineer has charge of the design and construction of all new works, and of the maintenance and operation of all the works controlled by the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board for supplying water to the eighteen municipalities which have received their supply from the Metropolitan Works.

ORGANIZATION.

The Chief Engineer has had the following assistants: —

		Assistant to Chief Engineer.
		Superintendent, Wachusett Department.
•	•	Superintendent, Sudbury Department.
		Superintendent, Pipe Lines and Reservoirs,
		Distribution Department.
		Superintendent, Pumping Stations, Distribu-
		tion Department.
	•	Division Engineer, specially in charge of en-
		gineering work at pumping stations.
		Assistant Engineer.
		Assistant in charge of Drafting Department.
		Assistant Engineer, in charge of tests of coal
		and oil.
		Office Assistant.

At the beginning of the year the engineering force, including those engaged upon both the construction and maintenance of the works, numbered 46, and at the end of the year 42. The average force was constituted as follows:—

Biologist, resigned September 24.

. Biologist, from September 24.

Sanitary Inspector.

46

10

1

3

There has been a maintenance force, exclusive of the engineers above mentioned, averaging 236, employed in the operation of the several pumping stations and in connection with the maintenance of the reservoirs, aqueducts and pipe lines, and in doing minor construction work.

68

Chief Engineer,

Draftsmen,

Rodmen, .

Inspector,

Biologists,

Instrumentmen,

Photographer, .

Stenographers and Clerks,

Messengers, . .

The number of men employed in the maintenance force of the several departments has been as follows: --

•	Beginning of Year.	End of Year.	Average.
Wachusett Department,	47	46	52
Sudbury Department,	44	44	51
Distribution Department, pipe lines and reservoirs, .	68	71	76
Distribution Department, pumping service,	60	54	57
	219	215	236

In addition to the men employed in the regular maintenance force, a force averaging 43 men was employed from March 11 to September 14, under the supervision of Charles A. Haskin, in constructing an extension of the tunnel under Mystic River at Chelsea North Bridge, between Charlestown and Chelsea.

In addition to the men employed directly by the Board, a force averaging 10 men was employed from April 15 to the end of the year by the contractor for the Hyde Park Pumping Station.

CONSTRUCTION.

HYDE PARK PUMPING STATION.

The land necessary for this station was acquired and the construction of the foundation for the building, chimney and engines commenced in 1911, the work being done by day-labor, under the supervision of the engineering department. Work was suspended for the winter on January 15, 1912, and was resumed on March 19. This force constructed the concrete foundation walls for the building, coal pocket, engines and boilers, the concrete floors in the coal pocket, boiler room and engine room basement, and laid all piping for water connections with the pumps and for drains in connection with the building and machinery.

A contract for constructing the superstructure of the pumping station was made with the A. Varnerin Company on March 28, 1912. The laying of the granite base was begun on May 20 and brick laying was commenced on May 24. In consequence of trouble experienced in obtaining terra cotta material of suitable color for the trimming of the building it was decided to use granite instead of terra cotta. This change delayed the construction of the outside walls in readiness to receive the roof until September 6. On October 7 the roof over both engine and boiler rooms was covered with roofing felt but not slated. The slating and copper work were completed on December 7, and at the close of the year work under this contract was finished with the exception of a small amount of painting and plumbing.

The building includes an engine room 60 feet long x 43 feet wide x 21.4 feet high from the floor to the roof plates, and a boiler room 38 feet long x 40 feet wide x 18.3 feet high from the floor to the roof plates, each surmounted by a hip roof supported by steel trusses and covered by hard pine sheathing and black slate. Under the engine room there is a basement 7.5 feet high and at the rear of the boiler room an underground coal pocket 39.5 feet long x 32 feet wide x 9 feet high, covered by a concrete roof, over which are carried the railroad side track and driveway. There are 16 openings in this roof, through which coal may be unloaded from cars or teams.

The external walls of the building are of red faced brick with trimmings of Deer Isle granite. The interior faces of the walls of both engine and boiler rooms are of red pressed brick, those used for the lower 5 feet in the engine room having an enameled surface. The surface of the engine room floor, which is planned to be of red tile, has not yet been laid. All other floors are of concrete with a granolithic surface. The brick chimney is located at the rear of the building, north of the boiler room. The portion of the chimney above the concrete foundation was built for the A. Varnerin Company by W. W. Kellogg & Company of New York. It is 75 feet high and 8 feet in exterior diameter at the base, diminishing to 5 feet at a point 6 feet below the top, and is surmounted by a cast-iron cap. The flue is 2.5 feet in diameter. The chimney is protected from lightning by a 1/4-inch copper rod connected with a 30-inch x 60-inch x 1/16-inch copper plate buried in moist earth. A side track has been built, connected with the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, to provide for the convenient delivery of coal and other supplies.

A contract for building and installing two pumping engines at this station was made on September 18, 1911, with the Laidlaw-Dunn-Gordon Company of Cincinnati. The engines were received at the station on October 1, and their erection has been in progress since October 20. It is expected that they will be placed in service within a few weeks. They are of the horizontal cross-compound, condensing, fly-wheel type, each having a capacity of 3,000,000 United States gallons in 24 hours when operated at a piston speed of 200 feet per minute against a head of 140 feet, and are guaranteed to perform a duty of 115,000,000 foot pounds when operated under these conditions. Steam for operating the engines is to be furnished by two externally fired, horizontal return tubular boilers, designed by the department force and built by the Robb Engineering Company, Ltd., of South Framingham. The brick boiler settings were constructed by the Walter H. Preble Company at a cost of \$850. The grates were furnished by the New England Roller Grate Company for \$177.50. The steam and water piping connected with the engines and boilers has been erected by the regular maintenance force connected with the pumping stations. The floor of the coal pocket is about 4 feet below that of the boiler room and a hydraulic elevator has been provided for raising the coal to the level of the boiler room floor. This elevator has been furnished and installed

by the F. S. Payne Company of Cambridge, at a cost of \$490. It has an iron platform 5 feet square, mounted directly on the top of a plunger 7½ inches in diameter. The platform is fitted with a circular turntable 4 feet 3 inches in diameter for convenience in handling the coal charging car.

The building is to be lighted by means of a 4½-inch x 5-inch vertical, automatic, self-oiling engine, built by the Troy Engineering Company, connected by a belt with a 3 k. w. direct current generator built by the General Electric Company. Electrically operated gages have been installed at the station for indicating and recording the elevation of the water in the Bellevue and Hyde Park standpipes, also Venturi meters for measuring the water pumped as well as that supplied to the Hyde Park district.

The total amount expended on account of the extension of the works to Hyde Park, including the cost of the pumping station, was, on January 1, 1913, \$163,985.51, which may be subdivided as follows:—

Expenditures for Works for Supplying Hyde Park and the Southern Extra High Service District to December 31, 1912.

Pipe Lines:—		
Section 39,	\$52,526 39	
Section 40,	30,699 12	
Section 41,		
		\$100,013 74
Pumping Station: —		
Land,	\$7,032 78	
Grading and fencing,	4,016 06	
Side track,	2,449 43	
Building, including coal pocket, concrete		
foundations and chimney,	28,633 02	
Boilers,	3,297 52	
Engines,	5,247 66	
Piping, heating, etc.,	1,745 93	
Suction and force main connections,	678 86	
Engineering and preliminary,	10,870 51	
Total amount expended on account of		
pumping station to December 31,		
1912,		63,971 77
Total expenditures,		\$163,985 51

,	Value of work done but not paid for, \$17,349 08 Value of stock used on pipe lines but not		
	charged off,		
		\$18,252	19
	Value of work done to December 31, 1912, Estimated cost of work necessary to complete extension of works:—	\$182,237	70
	Pipe Lines, section 39, relaying 150 feet, . \$950 00		
	Pumping Station, 5,600 00		
		6,550	00
		\$188,787	70
	Amount appropriated for work,	\$212,000	00

Pumping Engine for Southern High Service District.

The 40,000,000-gallon engine furnished by the Holly Manufacturing Company was placed in service at the Chestnut Hill Pumping Station early in 1911. Preliminary tests indicated that the satisfactory operation of the engine at full speed was impaired by restricted water passages entering and passing through the pumps. The operation of the pump was improved by enlarging the passages through the pump well and through the valves of the pump, and a new set of rubber valves was installed. These changes improved the duty of the engine as well as its smoothness of operation. The official test of the engine was made on October 16 and 17, 1912, with the result that the contract requirements were slightly exceeded, the engine developing a duty of 175,066,000 foot pounds per 1,000 pounds of dry steam used. The following is a detailed description of the engine and of the official test, which was made under the immediate supervision of William E. Foss and Alfred O. Doane, division engineers, representing this department, and E. G. Hill, Assistant Chief Engineer of the Holly Manufacturing Company.

Description of Engine.

The engine was designed and built by the Holly Manufacturing Company of Buffalo, New York, under a contract signed September 21, 1909, and was first operated on March 27, 1911. It is of the vertical, triple expansion, crank and fly-wheel type, with three single

acting outside packed plungers, and occupies a space about 40 feet long x 20 feet wide x 50 feet high, and when operated at a speed of 24 revolutions per minute the plunger speed is 240 feet per minute and the plunger displacement capacity is 40,020,000 gallons per day.

The pumps are of the double flow type and are located entirely below the engine room floor, in a space about 18 feet in height. The three cast-iron pump chambers are located along the longitudinal centre line of the engine and rest upon and are bolted to the concrete foundation. Cylindrical cast-iron valve chambers containing the suction and discharge valve decks are located on either side of each pump chamber in a line at right angles to the length of the engine. These castings also rest upon and are bolted to the concrete foundation and support the discharge air chamber castings, which are bolted to them.

The suction valve deck is located about 6 feet below the level of the water in the pump well. The three valve chambers on each side of the engine are connected below the suction valve decks by cast-iron suction pipes 37 inches in diameter, which also extend around the high-pressure end of the engine, and joining form a loop on which the suction air chamber is supported.

At the other end of the engine the suction pipes connect with the condenser, from which a single suction pipe 54 inches in diameter extends into the pump well and terminates with a 1/4 turn having a bell mouth.

The three valve chambers on each side of the engine are also connected above the discharge valve deck by means of cast-iron discharge pipes 36 inches in diameter. These discharge pipes extend from the high pressure end of the engine through the foundation wall, the easterly pipe connecting with a 30-inch, and the westerly with a 36-inch, force main just outside of the pumping station. The discharge air chambers are connected by cast-iron equalizer pipes 6 inches in diameter.

There are 155 valves on each of the twelve valve decks, 59 of which are mounted on the horizontal portion of the valve deck which forms part of the valve chamber casting, and 96 on the central cast steel cage which is bolted to the horizontal portion of the valve deck.

The valves are of medium rubber 3/4 of an inch thick, 41/4 inches in diameter, with a composition disc of the same diameter and about

1/8 of an inch thick, between the spring and the top of the valve. Provision is made so that the valve can open about 1 inch, and an opening of 7/10 of an inch gives a waterway area equal to the area through the valve. The valve seats are of bronze, with a free waterway area of 8.24 square inches in each. The total waterway area through the suction and through the discharge valves in each pump is 172 per cent. of the area of the plunger. Air vent pipes connecting with the discharge air chambers and provided with check valves are connected to the top of each of the discharge valve cages.

The three heavy cast-iron bed plates which carry the main shaft journals are supported by the pump discharge air chambers. Each of these bed plates carries two cast-iron A frames and these six frames support the three steam cylinders, also two galleries which provide access to various parts of the engine.

The three steam cylinders are located directly over the plungers, and each piston is rigidly connected to the plunger below by means of a single piston rod, forged steel cross-head and four tie rods, so that the engine is direct acting. There are two fly wheels which are attached to the crank shaft, one on each side of the intermediate bed plate. The cylinders are steam jacketed.

The steam inlet and exhaust valves for the high-pressure and intermediate-pressure cylinders and the inlet valves for the low-pressure cylinder are of the Corliss type, and are located in the cylinder heads. There are two exhaust valves of the poppet type in each low-pressure cylinder head. All steam valves are operated from a lay shaft which is driven by two connecting rods attached to the crank shaft.

The cut-off on the high-pressure cylinder is adjustable by hand and is also controlled by an automatic centrifugal governor provided with a safety device for stopping the engine in case the load is suddenly removed. On the intermediate and low-pressure cylinders the cut-off is adjustable by hand.

Before the trial the copper coils were removed by the builders from the two receivers which are located one on each side of the intermediate-pressure cylinder.

During the trial steam was delivered to the high-pressure jacket from the main steam pipe at the same pressure as the steam at the throttle valve. From the high-pressure jacket outlet it passed through a regulating valve, which reduced the pressure to about 32 pounds per square inch, into the intermediate-pressure jacket. The outlet of the intermediate-pressure jacket was trapped to the low-pressure jacket, which was also supplied with steam from the first receiver drain at a reduced pressure. From the low-pressure jacket outlet the condensed steam was piped to a weighing tank. The condensed steam from the second receiver drain was piped to another weighing tank.

The entire quantity of water pumped by the engine passed through the surface condenser which, as built, contained 1,600 square feet of cooling surface. Of this the builder removed 382 square feet before the test in order to provide a larger area for the flow of water to the pumps, leaving 1,218 feet of cooling surface in use during the test.

An exhaust heater containing about 300 square feet of heating surface is located on top of the condenser. The boiler feed pump is attached to the main engine and operated from the low-pressure pump crosshead. The feed water is taken from the suction pipe near the condenser and is forced through the heater and an economizer located in the boiler room to the boilers. An air pump and an air compressor are attached to the main engine and are also operated from the low-pressure pump crosshead.

A Richardson automatic cylinder oil pump is attached to the engine and operated mechanically from the high-pressure exhaust wrist plate.

Description of Boilers.

The steam for operating the engine was furnished by two 110-inch vertical fire tube boilers 34 feet 4 inches in height, including furnaces and ash pit, designed by F. W. Dean, M.E., and constructed by the Robb-Mumford Boiler Company at South Framingham, Mass.

An economizer having about 1,800 square feet of heating surface, built and erected by the B. F. Sturtevant Company of Boston, Mass., is located in the flue between the boilers and the brick chimney.

Dimensions of the principal parts of the engine and boilers, and other detailed information, are given in the tables herewith.

Engine Contract Requirements.

The engine contract provided that the engine should have a capacity of 40,000,000 United States gallons in 24 hours, when operated at a plunger speed of not over 250 feet per minute against a head of

130 feet, and provided a penalty of 1 per cent. of the contract price for each 1 per cent. loss of action in the pumps in excess of 3 per cent. of the plunger displacement.

The contract also provided that the engine should perform a duty of 175,000,000 foot pounds, plunger displacement basis, for each 1,000 pounds of commercially dry steam, of not more than 150 pounds pressure per square inch at the throttle valve, used by the engine, steam containing less than 1.5 per cent. of entrained water to be considered commercially dry; and that the engine should be operated continuously for a period of 24 hours at its rated capacity against a total head of 130 to 135 feet.

The contract provided for a bonus at the rate of \$700 for each million foot pounds of work done in excess of the contract duty, and for a penalty at the rate of \$1,400 for each million foot pounds of contract duty unperformed, and for the rejection of the engine if the duty should fall below 160,000,000 foot pounds.

Method of Conducting Trial.

All condensed steam from the low-pressure cylinder was discharged by the air pump into a wrought iron tank, from which it was drawn into a second wrought iron tank, and after being weighed was discharged into the boiler feed suction tank. The condensed steam from the first receiver and the jackets was piped to a receiving tank, from which it was drawn into the weighing tank and after weighing was discharged to waste. Similar arrangements were made for conveying, weighing and disposing of the condensed steam from the second receiver.

The condensed steam from the separator and from a slight leakage at the piston stuffing boxes was conveyed to iron pails, weighed and wasted.

In all cases the pipes through which the condensed steam was conveyed contained a cooling coil immersed in cold water, to prevent loss by evaporation from the receiving and weighing tanks. Before the test all connections from the engine piping to waste were disconnected and plugged, and the boiler feed pump suction pipe was disconnected from the condenser, to prevent any possible leakage at these points. The blow-offs from the boilers were disconnected and closed with blank flanges. All valves on the branch connections from the steam main were closed tight and the pressure maintained equal

on both sides. All connections from the boiler feed pipe to other engines and boilers were disconnected and blank flanged.

The loss of water from the boiler circulation, due to wasting the condensed steam from the jackets, receivers and separator, was replenished by weighed quantities of make-up water delivered to the boiler feed suction tank as required. The supply pipe to the boilers was provided with a relief valve, the discharge from which was returned to the suction tank.

The elevation of the water in the pump well was determined by means of a float gage, and the water in the force main by a carefully graduated mercury gage connected with both of the discharge mains just beyond the engine. These gages were read at five-minute intervals.

During the trial the gates on the two discharge mains were adjusted so that the pressure was equal on both mains, and the head pumped against was maintained substantially constant at the elevation required by the contract specifications.

In connection with the adjustment of the mercury columns, the ratio of the weight of the water to the weight of the mercury was determined by careful experiments with a water column about 50 feet in height, the results agreeing within $\frac{1}{200}$ of 1 per cent. of the standard weights for pure water and pure mercury at the observed temperatures. A test of the mercury gage scale showed it reading .003 of a foot high, but as this was considerably less than the error of observation no correction was made to the observed heights.

Vacuum pressure was determined by means of a U tube mercury gage graduated on both columns. All other pressures were determined by means of pressure gages which were tested with a gravity oil tester just before the trial and corrected for water column so as to give correct readings as observed. All of these pressures were observed at fifteen-minute intervals.

The thermometers used were of reliable make and after the test were all compared with accurate thermometers used in our laboratory. The thermometers used to determine the temperature of the steam at the boilers and at the throttle valve were carefully compared before the test, and the thermometer used at the boiler has been tested by the United States Bureau of Standards since the duty trial was made. All temperature observations were made at thirty-minute intervals, with the exception of the temperature of the water at the

economizer inlet and outlet and the flue gas at the economizer inlet and in the chimney beyond the flue, which were observed at fifteenminute intervals.

Calorimeter tests of the steam at the throttle, made with a throttling calorimeter, showed that the steam was superheated. The observed pressures and temperatures of the steam given in the tables herewith also show several degrees of superheat.

All scales used for weighing water or coal were tested and sealed by the City Sealer of Weights and Measures just before the trial.

New pump valves had been installed a few weeks before the trial and an examination made after the installation of the new valves was completed showed no perceptible leakage under the working pressure.

Indicator diagrams were taken every hour from all the steam cylinders and the pumps. All the steam indicators were electrically connected in such a manner that all the diagrams were taken simultaneously. The pump indicators were operated independently. The indicator springs were carefully tested at several points after the trial and the average results of the tests were used in calculating the horse power. The water level in the boilers was read from graduated scales attached to the water glasses.

The plant was operated continuously on the regular service for several days before the test and was operated at rated capacity for about one hour before the trial was begun, and the condition of the fires under the boilers at the beginning and end of the trial was as nearly alike as could be determined by the observers.

Flue gas analyses were made during a portion of the test with a portable Orsat apparatus.

The coal used was from the supply of Sonman coal in the coal pocket which was being used for the regular operation of the station, but unexpectedly gave much trouble from clinker which formed over the grates and necessitated more frequent cleaning of the fires than was customary in regular service.

The analysis of the sample of coal used during the test showed that it contained a larger percentage of sulphur than is usually found in this coal, and this is believed to be the cause of the low coal duty obtained, as only slightly better results were obtained from a 12-hour check test made on October 29 with similar coal.

It was not feasible to make weir measurements of the quantity of water pumped during the trial. An attempt was made to measure the discharge by means of a pitometer but on account of unfavorable conditions the measurements were unsatisfactory and no determination of the slip of the pumps was made. As the leakage past the plunger was very small, and the valves new, it is not believed that the slip exceeded the requirements of the specification.

	Principal Dimensions of Engine.	
1.	Diameter of high-pressure cylinder (inches),	32
	Diameter of intermediate-pressure cylinder (inches),	60
3.	Diameter of low-pressure cylinder (inches),	90
4.	Diameter of piston rod (inches),	7.5
	Diameter of plungers (inches),	43.5
6.	Stroke of piston and plungers, engine running (feet), .	5
7.	Displacement of three plungers per revolution (cubic feet),	154.8
	Displacement of three plungers per revolution (gallons), .	1,158
9.	Diameter of fly wheels (feet),	18
	Weight of each fly wheel (pounds),	62,000
11.	Speed of engine for a discharge of 40,000,000 gallons per	
	day, plunger displacement basis (revolutions per min-	
4 0	ute),	23.988
12.	Plunger speed for a discharge of 40,000,000 gallons per	202.00
	day, plunger displacement basis (feet per minute),	239.88
	Principal Dimensions of Boiler Plant.	
	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	109.875
14.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	109.875 24.12
14. 15.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	
14. 15. 16.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12
14. 15. 16. 17.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484
14. 15. 16. 17.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86
14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2
14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86 2,704.10
14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86
14. 15. 16. 17. 18.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86 2,704.10 933.57
14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86 2,704.10 933.57 3,637.67
14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86 2,704.10 933.57 3,637.67 8.38
14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86 2,704.10 933.57 3,637.67 8.38 53.86
14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86 2,704.10 933.57 3,637.67 8.38 53.86 50.21 to 1
14. 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24.	Diameter of each boiler (inches),	24.12 484 2 14.86 2,704.10 933.57 3,637.67 8.38 53.86

Average Pressures.

26. Steam at boilers (pounds per square inch),	152.1
27. Steam at throttle valve (pounds per square inch),	151.0
28. Steam in first receiver (pounds per square inch),	26.5
29. Vacuum in second receiver (inches of mercury),	7.9
30. Vacuum in condenser (inches of mercury),	28.3
31. Absolute pressure in condenser (pounds per square inch), .	0.9
32. Atmospheric pressure (inches of mercury at 32° Fahren-	
heit),	30.06
33. Atmospheric pressure (pounds per square inch),	14.76
34. Elevation of water in force main (feet),	264.84
35. Elevation of water in pump well (feet),	132.75
36. Head pumped against (feet),	132.09
37. Draft in furnace of Boiler No. 15 (inches of water),	0.5
38. Draft in furnace of Boiler No. 16 (inches of water),	1_
Average Temperatures.	
39. Steam at boilers (degrees Fahrenheit),	396
40. Steam entering high-pressure cylinder (degrees Fahren-	
heit),	382
41. Steam at first receiver drain (degrees Fahrenheit),	249
42. Steam at second receiver drain (degrees Fahrenheit), .	193
43. Steam at low-pressure jacket drain (degrees Fahrenheit),	207
44. Exhaust steam from low-pressure cylinder (degrees Fahren-	
heit),	103
45. Water at feed-water heater inlet (degrees Fahrenheit), .	62
46. Water at feed-water heater outlet (degrees Fahrenheit), .	96
47. Circulating water entering condenser (degrees Fahrenheit),	55
48. Circulating water leaving condenser (degrees Fahrenheit),	58
49. Water in boiler-feed suction tank (degrees Fahrenheit), .	61
50. Water in boiler-feed make-up tank (degrees Fahrenheit),	58
51. Water entering economizer (degrees Fahrenheit),	96
52. Water leaving economizer (degrees Fahrenheit),	144
53. Air in engine room at floor (degrees Fahrenheit),	74
54. Air in engine room at gallery (degrees Fahrenheit), .	83
55. Air in boiler room at floor (degrees Fahrenheit),	82
56. Air outside pumping station (degrees Fahrenheit),	46
57. Flue gas entering economizer (degrees Fahrenheit),	366
58. Flue gas in chimney beyond flue (degrees Fahrenheit), .	255
Useful Work done by Engine.	
59. Total revolutions,	34,786
60. Average revolutions per minute,	24.16
61. Water pumped per revolution, plunger displacement basis	21.10
at 62.38 pounds per cubic foot (pounds),	9,656.54

¹ Gage out of order.

62. Total water pumped for 24 hours, plunger displacement	40.000.000
basis (gallons),	40,282,000
pounds),	44,370.5
64. Plunger leakage (gallons),	6,154
65. Plunger leakage (pounds),	51,324
Steam used by Engine.	
66. Steam from cylinders (pounds),	216,633
67. Steam from jackets and first receiver (pounds),	26,406
68. Steam from second receiver (pounds),	10,351
69. Steam from leak at high-pressure piston stuffing box	60
(pounds),	60
70. Total steam used by engine, 15° superheat at throttle (pounds),	253,450
71. Average steam per indicated horse power per hour	200,400
(pounds),	10.19
72. Average steam per delivered horse power per hour	
(pounds),	11.31
73. Proportion of total steam from jackets and receivers, Item	
67 plus Item 68 divided by Item 70 (per cent.),	14.50
Steam Balance.	
Steam Balance. 74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	255,533
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	255,533 244
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624 67.7
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624 67.7
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624 67.7
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624 67.7
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624 67.7 2.52 14,843 18.35 2.05 5.97
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624 67.7 2.52 14,843 18.35 2.05 5.97 30,521
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624 67.7 2.52 14,843 18.35 2.05 5.97 30,521 29,752
74. Total water fed to boilers (pounds),	244 255,777 488 215 254,153 1,624 67.7 2.52 14,843 18.35 2.05 5.97 30,521

	Rate of Combustion and Evaporation.	
91.	Dry coal burned per square foot of grate surface per hour	
	(pounds),	11.51
92.	Combustible burned per square foot of grate surface per	10.65
93.	hour (pounds),	10.65
	economizer (pounds),	8.60
94.	Water evaporated per pound of combustible, actual, in-	
~=	cluding economizer (pounds),	9.29
95.	Equivalent water evaporated per pound of dry coal, from and at 212° Fahrenheit, including economizer (pounds),	10.10
96.	Equivalent water evaporated per pound of dry coal, from	10.18
	and at 212° Fahrenheit, excluding economizer (pounds),	9.76
97.	Equivalent water evaporated per pound of combustible,	
	from and at 212° Fahrenheit, including economizer	
98	(pounds),	11.11
<i>5</i> 0.	from and at 212° Fahrenheit, excluding economizer	
	(pounds),	10.55
	Heat Data.	
99.	Heat Data. Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied	
	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	434,434,770
	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	
100.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673
100. 101.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673
100. 101.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673
100. 101. 102.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177 11,469
100. 101. 102.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177
100. 101. 102.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177 11,469
100. 101. 102. 103.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177 11,469 12,729
100. 101. 102. 103.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177 11,469
100. 101. 102. 103.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177 11,469 12,729
100. 101. 102. 103.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177 11,469 12,729
100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177 11,469 12,729 390.41 326.76
100. 101. 102. 103. 104. 105. 106. 107. 108.	Heat equivalent of total combustible, Item 90 multiplied by 15,785 (British thermal units),	293,820,673 285,255,177 11,469 12,729 390.41 326.76 319.16

Duties.

110. Duty per 1,000 pounds dry steam, contract basis, Item 63 multiplied by 1,000 divided by Item 70 (foot pounds),.	175,066,000
111. Duty per 1,000,000 British thermal units, Item 63 multi-	
plied by 1,000,000 divided by Item 101 (foot pounds), ² .	155,547,000
112. Duty per 100 pounds of dry coal, Item 63 multiplied by 100	
divided by Item 88 (foot pounds),	149,135,000
Efficiencies.	
113. Efficiency of boilers and economizer, based on combustible,	
Item 100 divided by Item 99 (per cent.),*	67.63
114. Thermal efficiency of engine, indicated horse power basis	
(per cent.),	22.20
115. Thermal efficiency of engine, delivered horse power basis	
(nor cont)	20.01

The cost of installing this engine, including boilers and connections with water mains, to December 31, 1912, was \$148,265.44, as follows:—

Machinery.

Engine No. 12, contract price including unpaid		
balance of \$1,769,	\$99,769 00	
Hydraulic valves, pipes and special castings, .	3,515 54	
Labor and supplies for engine foundation and		
miscellaneous work,	9,586 01	
Total for engine,		\$112,870 55
Boilers Nos. 15 and 16, contract price,	\$10,448 00	
Erecting boilers,	600 00	
Fuel economizer,	1,740 00	
Smoke flues,	536 00	
Grates,	437 75	
Non-conducting covering for boilers, steam		
	739 00	
Non-conducting covering for boilers, steam		
Non-conducting covering for boilers, steam pipes and flues,	739 00	
Non-conducting covering for boilers, steam pipes and flues,	739 00 447 00 553 48	,
Non-conducting covering for boilers, steam pipes and flues,	739 00 447 00 553 48	•
Non-conducting covering for boilers, steam pipes and flues,	739 00 447 00 553 48 371 96	,
Non-conducting covering for boilers, steam pipes and flues,	739 00 447 00 553 48 371 96	19,011 57
Non-conducting covering for boilers, steam pipes and flues,	739 00 447 00 553 48 371 96 3,138 38	•

² A. S. M. E. Engine Code, 1902.

³ A. S. M. E. Boiler Code, 1899.

Connections with Existing Water Mains.

Pipes, special castings and valves,	\$5,924 45	
Labor, supplies and miscellaneous work, .	3,944 04	
Engineering,	1,046 83	
Total for connections,		\$10,915 32
Total for machinery and connections,		\$148,265 44
Amount appropriated for work		\$150.000 00

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Hersey detector meter, type F.M., size 4 inches x 2 inches, was installed on July 21 on Ravine Road, in Stoneham, for the purpose of measuring the water supplied to the New England Sanitarium and to a few houses in the immediate vicinity.

MAINTENANCE.

RAINFALL AND YIELD.

The rainfall on the Wachusett watershed during the year 1912 was 40.19 inches, and on the Sudbury watershed 40.72 inches. These amounts, although greater than the corresponding figures for the previous year, are still below the average of past years, and the year 1912 was the sixth consecutive year on the Wachusett watershed and the ninth on the Sudbury watershed when the rainfall was below the average. The distribution of the rainfall was more favorable for its collection in the storage reservoirs than during the three years just preceding.

STORAGE RESERVOIRS.

On January 1, 1912, the storage reservoirs contained 59,980,000,000 gallons, which is about two-thirds of their capacity when full. On February 20 the reservoirs contained 59,064,200,000 gallons, which was the smallest amount during the year. There was a continuous and rapid gain in storage after March 12 until the middle of May, when all of the reservoirs were full. After June 7 there was a monthly loss in storage of about 3,000,000,000 gallons until the 22d of October. The loss was less rapid during the remainder of the year, owing to an increased rainfall, and during the last four

days of the year there was a gain of 700,000,000 gallons, the amount stored on January 1, 1913 being 64,220,100,000 gallons.

The following table gives the quantity of water stored in the storage reservoirs at the beginning of each month:—

					_				
	Date.					In Wachusett Reservoir (Gallons).	In Sudbury Reservoir and Framingham Reservoir No. 3 (Gallons).	In All Other Storage Reservoirs (Gallons).	Total (Gallons).
January 1, .	191	12.				48,910,000,000	6,980,900,000	4,089,100,000	59,980,000,000
February 1,.						49,759,100,000	5,913,600,000	4,961,900,000	60,634,600,000
March 1.				·		49,315,900,000	6,648,400,000	5,855,500,000	61,819,800,000
April 1, .	•	•	٠,	•	•				
	•	•	•	•	•	58,623,300,000	6,247,500,000	6,996,900,000	71,867,700,000
May 1, .	•	•	•	•	٠	64,456,600,000	7,025,900,000	7,302,900,000	78,785,400,000
June 1, .	•	•				65,359,200,000	8,502,200,000	7,361,700,000	81,223,100,000
July 1, .						64,174,600,000	7,493,300,000	7,141,500,000	78,809,400,000
August 1, .						60,016,200,000	8,273,300,000	7,073,300,000	75,362,800,000
September 1,						58,016,500,000	7,341,400,000	6,747,700,000	72,105,600,000
October 1, .						55,920,000,000	6,591,400,000	6,314,900,000	68,826,300,000
November 1,						53,188,800,000	6,758,100,000	6,176,300,000	66,123,200,000
December 1,						51,326,200,000	6,565,900,000	6,250,200,000	64,142,300,000
January 1, .	191	3.				50,652,200,000	6,903,800,000	6,664,100,000	64,220,100,000

Wachusett Reservoir. — At the beginning of the year the water in this reservoir was at elevation 382.30, or 12.7 feet below high-water mark. The reservoir rose about 0.75 of a foot during January, but fell one foot during the first three weeks of February and reached the lowest point of the year, 381.94, on February 21. After this date there was a slow rise in the elevation of the surface until March 12, after which the rise was continuous and rapid until April 23, when the elevation of the surface was 394.56 or 0.44 of a foot below full-reservoir level. After April 23 the reservoir rose slowly and on May 17, when it was at elevation 395.29, water was allowed to waste at the waste-weir. During the period from May 17 to June 22, 1,741,300,000 gallons were wasted over the waste-weir into the river, the greater portion of which was wasted during the month of May. The reservoir reached its greatest elevation, 395.36, on May 22. After June 22 the reservoir surface fell steadily about 2 feet

per month until the latter part of December, and on January 1, 1913, the water surface was 383.79, or 11.21 feet below high-water mark.

Additional stripping of the soil, made necessary by caving of the shores, caused by heavy wave action, was done over an area of 6.19 acres, extending over a length of about 4 miles of shore, in widths varying from 5 to 28 feet. Since 1908, when this reservoir was first filled, the action of the waves has caused a recedence of the shore line, especially at points where the banks were high and steep or composed of very fine material. This action has been greatest at Greenhalge Point, Sawyer's Mills Bluffs and Scar Hill Bluff in Boylston, and at Pine Hill in West Boylston. When the reservoir was constructed the soil was removed to a horizontal distance of 50 feet beyond high-water mark, but the caving shores have made necessary the additional stripping which has been done from year to year, and the area of the reservoir at elevation 395 has been increased by 14.79 acres. During the past year an area of 6.19 acres was stripped at a cost of \$4,916.73, which included the cost of removing from the shores tree stumps, roots, logs and miscellaneous débris brought into the reservoir by flood waters in the spring or unearthed by wave action. Wave action on the shores at South Bay, where the public street follows close to the reservoir, made necessary the repair and reinforcement of the paving and riprap for a distance of 850 feet, in order to protect the roadway embankments from erosion. The cost of this work was \$328.

The action of frost, ice and water on the concrete crest of the small dam on the Quinepoxet River at the head of the Wachusett Reservoir, caused a partial disintegration of the surface of the crest. A short section of the crest has been experimentally repaired by cutting out the old concrete to a depth of about 2 inches and refilling the space with a mixture of 2 to 1 cement mortar attached to the old masonry by means of iron bolts and wire netting.

About 1,360 cubic yards of soil have been removed from the reservoir bottom, in the vicinity of the Oakdale depot of the Boston & Maine Railroad, where the original stripping was not thoroughly done. The material removed has been deposited on the immediate shore of the reservoir and the slope of the fill where exposed to the water faced with boulders and cobbles to protect it from wave action. About 1,000 cubic yards of soil remain to be removed before the

work will be completed. The work done during the past year cost \$780.

Six hundred and eighty-eight feet of wire fencing and 350 feet of stone wall were rebuilt on property lines between land of Henry E. Townsend and the Commonwealth, and 1,545 feet of 4-strand plain wire fencing was erected on property line between land of the Commonwealth and Rotti Brothers.

The grass growing on 399 acres of the marginal lands and on the North and South dikes was sold at public auction for \$4,729. This was \$2,039 in excess of the amount received in any previous year and was largely due to a heavy growth on land of the Board with a general shortage of the grass crop.

Seven hundred and thirty-two cubic yards of sludge collected from the settling tanks at the Clinton sewage filtration area were spread on 21 acres of grass land on the rear slope of the North Dike at a cost of \$907.37.

Brush and weeds have been cut, raked and burned along all highways fronting the property of the Board, along the sides of the brooks leading directly into the reservoir, and from the face and riprap berm of the North and South dikes. The work extended over $23\frac{1}{4}$ miles and cost \$1,013.52.

Wachusett Dam and Grounds. — This structure with the adjacent buildings and grounds are now in good condition. During October and November repairs were made to the roof of the lower gate-chamber or power station, and to the surface of the top of the dam where it forms the roof of the upper gate-chamber and bastion chamber. The tile roof of the power house has leaked since the building was constructed, due to the fact that the roof for several feet above the eaves had very little pitch, and snow and ice, which lodged under the tiles and melted, ran into and inside the walls of the building. The repairs were made by removing the tiles for a width of 6 feet, placing a false roof so as to give additional pitch to the lower portion of the roof, which was then covered with one-ply rubber roofing paper and the tiles replaced. In order to prevent rainwater from entering the joints in the granite cornice a strip of 16-ounce copper was attached to the upper member of the cornice and extended about 12 inches on to the roof. The copper and tiling work were done by the W. P. Leavitt Sons Company for \$1,100, and the carpentry work and repointing of cement joints by the regular employés of the department, at a cost of \$99.63.

Repairs have been made to the top of the dam by cutting out the asphaltum from the joints in the granolithic surface over the gate and bastion chambers to a depth of about 2 inches, and calking the joints with oakum and filling the upper half inch of the joint with hot pitch. The entire granolithic surface forming the roof of the upper gate-chamber was then painted with from two to five coats of Minwax, the number of coats being dependent upon the porosity of the concrete. The cost of this work was \$184.71, and thus far there have been no signs of leakage.

The joints in the parapet walls connected with the dam, in the steps, landings and retaining walls on the grounds, which had been forced open by the action of frost during the past six years, have been repaired by grouting, repointing or relaying as the case demanded. Fine cracks at the joints in the ashlar masonry on the upstream face of the dam, between elevations 384 and 400, have been painted with a wash of Portland cement. This work was done during the coldest period of the winter when the contraction of the masonry was greatest.

Sudbury Reservoir. — At the beginning of the year this reservoir was 2.03 feet below the elevation of the stone crest of the overflow. Until May 1 the reservoir was kept between elevations 253 and 257 and after that date the reservoir was filled, reaching elevation 260 high-water mark - on May 13, and remaining above the elevation of the stone crest until June 30. During the last four months of the vear the water surface stood from 2 to 3 feet below the stone crest. During this period the muddy deposit, as well as the growth of water grasses and roots, which had accumulated at points where the several brooks enter the reservoir were removed. Advantage was also taken of the low stage of the water to clean the swimming pool used by the inhabitants of Southborough. At the Sudbury Dam some of the horizontal joints in the stone coping at the overflow have been repointed and a small quantity of concrete placed at the foot of the overflow covering the surface of the ledge which was disintegrating. A portion of the roadway leading to the dam has been resurfaced with gravel; chemical fertilizer and loam have been applied to the embankment of the dam, and the necessary care given to the buildings and grounds to keep them in good condition.

Framingham Reservoir, No. 1. — During the months of March and April this reservoir was lowered for the purpose of repairing a leak from one of the 48-inch pipe lines which are used for conveying water from Framingham Reservoir No. 3 to the gate-chamber at Dam No. 1. A careful examination of the pipe line disclosed 31 leaky joints which were uncovered and recalked. Twelve of these joints were between Dam No. 3 and Worcester Street, a distance of 700 feet, and 18 between Worcester Street and the old bed of Stony Brook, a distance of 900 feet. Nearly all of these leaks were found to be due to loosening of the lead in the joint on the upper side of the pipe, but in a few cases the lead was loose for nearly the entire circumference of the pipe.

No water was drawn from this reservoir for the supply of the Metropolitan District. Thirty million gallons were drawn on April 17 and 18 to replenish the supply in Farm Pond. Water was wasted from the reservoir in varying quantities during each month, with the exception of July, September and October.

The masonry joints in the chamber in which gate No. 10 is located at Dam No. 1, and the joints in the air vent on the old 48-inch pipe line connecting Framingham Reservoir No. 3 with the gate-chamber at Dam No. 1 have been repointed. At the air vent the stone cap was removed, the brick masonry taken down for a depth of $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet and relaid with Portland cement mortar, the coping reset and a cap of reinforced concrete placed over the top of the structure for the purpose of preventing disintegration of the masonry in the future.

Thirteen land bounds, made of reinforced concrete, have been set at points where old bounds were missing.

Framingham Reservoir No. 2. — This reservoir was substantially full throughout the year. There was a draft of 10,000,000 gallons per day from the reservoir for use in the Metropolitan Water District from the beginning of the year until March 18, but none after that date. Forty-five million seven hundred thousand gallons were drawn from the reservoir in April and 117,400,000 gallons in October to replenish the supply in Farm Pond. Repairs have been made to the fences at several points bordering the reservoir.

Framingham Reservoir No. 3. — This reservoir, from which the greater part of the water used in the Metropolitan District is drawn, has been kept about 1 foot below the level of the stone crest of the dam throughout the greater part of the year. Water was permitted

to waste over the stop-planks into Framingham Reservoir No. 1 for a few days during the latter part of May and early part of June.

Negotiations are in progress for the acquisition of additional land at several points on the shores of the reservoir, in order to afford better protection to the purity of the water stored in the reservoir.

Ashland Reservoir. — At the beginning of the year the water in this reservoir was at elevation 208.51, or 15.72 feet below the stone crest of the wasteway, but by March 18 it was flowing over the crest and water was wasted from the reservoir during every month after that date with the exception of September. No water was drawn from the reservoir for the use of the Metropolitan District. The keeper's house has been given a coat of paint, and chemical fertilizer and loam have been placed on the embankment of the dam.

Hopkinton Reservoir. — On the first day of the year the water in this reservoir was 17.34 feet below the stone crest of the wasteway, but on March 29 it had risen to the level of the crest, and throughout the remainder of the year the reservoir was substantially full. No water for the use of the Metropolitan District was drawn from the reservoir during the year. The filter-beds below the dam have been cleaned and the controlling gates and the grounds about the dam maintained in good condition.

Whitehall Reservoir. — This reservoir has been substantially full throughout the year and has not been drawn upon for the supply of the Metropolitan District.

Farm Pond. — No water was drawn from this pond during the year for use in the Metropolitan District. The town of Framingham drew 288,400,000 gallons from filter-galleries alongside the pond, and 11,600,000 gallons directly from the Sudbury Aqueduct, through a pipe connecting the aqueduct with the pump well at the pumping station of the town of Framingham. The pond has been twice replenished from the Sudbury reservoirs. On April 17 and 18, 75,700,000 gallons were diverted into the pond from Framingham Reservoirs Nos. 1 and 2, raising its elevation from 158.15 to 159.57, and from October 8 to 11, 115,100,000 gallons were diverted from Framingham Reservoir No. 2, raising the elevation of the pond from 156.98 to 159.09.

Lake Cochituate. — On January 1 the surface of the lake was 4.15 feet below high water. The lake was full on March 14 and water was wasted during March, April, May and June. Water was drawn

from the lake for use in the Metropolitan District during portions of February, June, August, September, October and November, the aggregate quantity being 1,541,200,000 gallons. At the end of the year the surface was 2.31 feet below high water. The work of the men employed at this reservoir and on its watershed has been confined to general maintenance. An increased amount of work has been done in connection with the destruction of gypsy and brown-tail moths, and considerable work has been done in grading and seeding along the line of the diversion channel leading from Cochituate village. One watchman was employed to patrol the lake and adjoining property of the Board from May 5 to October 5, and an additional man from June 9 to September 21. These men were expected to prevent bathing and boating and to supervise fishing from the shores of the lake, for which permits were given to the inhabitants of Natick. Two of the small cottages on the borders of the lake were burned, leaving 61 at the close of the year. No water was drawn from Dudley Pond into the lake. The surface of the pond fluctuated between 1.79 and 4.15 feet below high water.

Sources from which Water for the Supply of the Metropolitan District has been taken.

An average of 92,126,000 gallons per day was drawn from the Wachusett Reservoir through the Wachusett Aqueduct into the Sudbury Reservoir. There has been drawn for use in the Metropolitan District the following amounts:—

	Daily Average Gallons.
From the Sudbury Reservoir through the Weston Aqueduct,	36,632,000
From Framingham Reservoir No. 3 through the Sudbury Aque-	
duct,	72,115,000
From Framingham Reservoir No. 2 through the Sudbury Aque-	
duct,	2,106,000
From Lake Cochituate through the Cochituate Aqueduct,	4,211,000
	115,064,000

The drainage area of Spot Pond furnished a daily average of 224,000 gallons.

AQUEDUCTS.

The Wachusett Aqueduct was in use on portions of 292 days, but as the flow of water through the aqueduct is largely governed by the operation of the turbines at the power station, in conformity with the requirements of the Connecticut River Transmission Company, the flow was not continuous and the aqueduct was in actual use 4,638 hours and 10 minutes, equivalent to 193.26 days of 24 hours. The total quantity of water drawn from the Wachusett Reservoir into the aqueduct was 33,780,800,000 gallons, of which 26,393,100.000 gallons were passed through the turbines for the development of power, the remainder being drawn into the aqueduct during times when the demands for electric energy did not require the full quantity of water necessary for water supply purposes. The masonry work at all culverts, manholes and other structures has been repointed where necessary. The iron pipe-rail fences at the six highway bridges crossing the open channel and at the upper and lower dams on the channel, at the Assabet Bridge and at the crossing of Bartlett Street in Northborough, also the ironwork connected with the manholes and other structures, have been scraped and painted with two coats of Smith's durable metal compound. No. 65 Wheelock wire fencing has been erected for a length of 2.615 feet adjacent to property of J. J. Connors and F. N. Martin in Northborough, for the purpose of keeping cattle from the aqueduct land. Along the open channel portion of the aqueduct 818 feet of No. 65 Wheelock fencing and 1,769 feet of Clinton electrically welded mesh wire fencing have been erected to keep cattle in the pastures belonging to John Cowern and Newell Bent from access to the open channel and to ditches leading into the same. For a distance of 2,000 feet below the terminal chamber the sods and bunch grass have been removed along both sides of the channel at a cost of about \$80.

The Sudbury Aqueduct was in use during portions of 353 days but the flow was interrupted for 400 hours in connection with the work of lining with lead the portion of the aqueduct crossing Echo Bridge over the Charles River. The average daily quantity carried to Chestnut Hill Reservoir was 74,221,000 gallons. The aqueduct at the crossing of the Charles River, for a length of 508.25 feet, between stations 631+67.55 and 636+75.8 has been lined with lead on the bottom and on each side to a height of 0.22 of a foot above the spring-

ing line of the arch, or 3.4 feet above the invert of the aqueduct. The lead weighed 3½ pounds per square foot and was laid in sheets 9 feet x 14 feet with a lap of 1 inch and the joints burned together. The lead lining is secured to the aqueduct masonry by means of a 2½-inch x 2½-inch x 5%-inch steel angle bolted to the sides of the aqueduct with 5/8-inch diameter composition bolts set in a mortar of beach sand and Portland cement. The joint between the lead lining and the aqueduct masonry was made water tight by the use of rubber tubing, 1/4-inch inside diameter, placed below the bolts. On the invert of the aqueduct the lead lining was protected with a covering of Portland cement concrete 11/2 inches in thickness, made with 1 part Portland cement and 2 parts pea gravel, reinforced with No. 26 expanded metal and finished with a granolithic surface. Before placing the lining the aqueduct was thoroughly cleaned, all visible cracks were filled with cement and the top and sides of the aqueduct were given a wash of Portland cement. After the lining was in place the aqueduct was again cleaned and a cement wash, in which 2 pounds of Medusa water proofing were mixed with each bag of cement, was applied to the arch and to the sides and bottom of the aqueduct for 50 feet in each direction beyond the lead lining. As the flow through the aqueduct could not be conveniently shut off for a continuous period of more than 140 hours it was necessary to interrupt the work of lining the aqueduct in order to maintain the supply to the Metropolitan District. In addition to the time from 8 P.M. August 28 to 4 P.M. August 29, when the flow was stopped for the purpose of examining the aqueduct, it was stopped for the purpose of placing the lining from 8 P.M. September 17 to 10.30 A.M. September 19, during which time the cracks were pointed, the plastering repaired, the interior washed and cement wash applied; from 8 P.M. September 30 to 3 P.M. October 3, while the holes were drilled and bolts for holding the angle irons were set; from 8 p.m. October 6 to 4 P.M. October 12, while the lining was placed in position and a part of the cement floor laid; and from 8 p.m. October 27 to 10.30 A.M. November 2, when the laying of the floor was completed and the wash of cement and Medusa applied. The cost of this work was \$5,537.70, as follows: —

Labor: —									
Preparatory work, emp				_					
screening sand, etc.,			•			\$239	21		
Drilling holes for and	settin	g bol	lts,			380	37		
Lead burners, placing	and b	urnin	g lini	ing,		420	28		
Mason, constructing gra									
Labor, assisting lead bu									
ling supplies, .				•		751	54		
Teaming supplies, .						132	00		
9								\$2,598 2	22
Materials: —								. ,	
Cement,						\$160	00		
Sheet lead, spelter, lead	l wire	and	oil o	f vit	riol,	1,965	43		
Angle irons and compo						•			
Lumber,					*	32			
Rubber tubing,						213			
Expanded metal, .						86			
Miscellaneous supplies,						134			
Meals and transportation						124			
			,		Ť			2,939 4	8
							_		_
Total,								\$5,537 7	0
,								,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Length of aqueduct lined,								508 fee	t.
Cost per foot,									

While the work of lining the aqueduct was in progress, advantage was taken of the opportunity afforded by the shutting off of the water to repair cracks in the aqueduct masonry at several points. An aggregate of 281 feet of cracks were grouted or repointed near Waban Bridge, between stations 373+54 and 375+75; of 2,206 feet on Hunnewell's embankment, between stations 336+65 and 342+00; and of 498 feet on Mahar's embankment, between stations 314+10 and 316+40, making a total length of 2,985 feet at a cost of \$260. These cracks varied from ½6 of an inch to 1½ inches in width. At the same time the portion of the aqueduct on Waban Bridge was given a wash of Portland cement at a cost of \$111. The floor gratings and other ironwork at the waste-weirs and siphon chambers, the iron railing at Echo Bridge and the manhole covers along the aqueduct have been painted.

The Cochituate Aqueduct was in use 100 days during the year and conveyed to Chestnut Hill Reservoir for use in the Metropolitan District 1,541,200,000 gallons, equivalent to a daily average of

4,211,100 gallons. Repairs have been made to structures along the line of the aqueduct as follows: Joints in the masonry were repointed at Dedman's waste-weir, the east pipe chamber, the arch supporting the Cedar Street embankment at Newton Lower Falls and at the Stevens Brook culvert. The ironwork at the waste-weirs and manholes along the aqueduct has been scraped and painted. The portion of the aqueduct between the intermediate gate-house at Chestnut Hill and Chestnut Hill Pumping Station No. 1 was cleaned twice during the year.

The Weston Aqueduct was in use throughout the year, except for portions of two days when the flow was stopped to substitute iron protecting racks for wooden racks at the entrances to the siphon pipes at chambers Nos. 1 and 3. The daily average flow through the aqueduct was 36,632,000 gallons, or 6,793,000 gallons more than for the previous year. No. 65 railroad wire fence was substituted for rusted cable wire fence for about 1,700 feet on property lines near the west portal of Tunnel No. 4.

Improvement of Sanitary Conditions on Sudbury and Cochituate Aqueducts.

The sanitary conditions along the lines of the Sudbury and Cochituate aqueducts through the city of Newton have been improved by the construction of sewers which permitted the discontinuance of cesspools which were in close proximity to the aqueducts. The total length of sewers constructed has been 5,223 feet. Twenty-three premises have been connected with sewers and 22 cesspools abandoned. Five premises along the line of the sewers still remain connected with cesspools. These sewers have been built at the expense of the city of Newton, except for a length of 1,902 feet in Grant Avenue and Ward Street, where the cost of the sewer is to be paid by the Metropolitan Board, with the understanding that the Board is to be reimbursed at such time, not later than January 1, 1932, as the sewer shall be used in extending the sewerage system of the city.

Pumping Stations.

Sixty-nine per cent. of the water supplied to the Metropolitan District has been pumped at the two stations at Chestnut Hill Reservoir, and the remainder has been delivered by gravity. The total

quantity pumped at the five stations was 32,845,090,000 gallons, which was 0.49 per cent. more than in 1911. The cost of operating all the stations was \$105,038.22, equivalent to \$3.198 per million gallons pumped. This was an increase of \$0.2243 above the cost in 1911, due, largely, to an increase in the cost of fuel and repairs.

Coal for use at the several stations has been purchased as follows:—

			ı, in			
By whom furnished.	Chestnut Hill Pump- ing Station, No. 1.	Chestnut Hill Pump- ing Station, No. 2.	Spot Pond Station.	Arlington Station.	West Roxbury Station.	Cost per Gross Ton, Bins. 1
Gorman-Leonard Coal Company, bituminous, .	1,334.67	_	_	_	-	\$4.05
Gorman-Leonard Coal Company, bituminous, .	1,304.02	_	_	-	_	4.04
Gorman-Leonard Coal Company, bituminous, .		2,010.51	_	_	-	3.93
Gorman-Leonard Coal Company, bituminous, .	-	1,966.74	-	-	-	3.89
Luther Paul Company, screenings,	27.66	_	-	-	-	3.08
C. W. Claffin & Co., buckwheat anthracite, .	38.84	-	-	-	-	2.86
Locke Coal Company, bituminous,	-	-	698.77	-	-	4.76
New England Coal and Coke Company, bitu-	-	-	213.69	-	-	4.39
minous. Locke Coal Company, screenings,	-	· -	120.84	-	-	2.50
New England Coal and Coke Company, bitu-	-	_	-	37.95	-	4.44
minous. Bader Coal Company, bituminous,	-	-	-	299.71	-	4.42
New England Coal and Coke Company, bitu-	-	-	-	116.96	-	3.96
minous. Peirce & Winn Company, screenings,	-	_	-	68.66	-	3.05
Roxbury Coal Company, egg,	-		-	-	1.10	6.75
Roxbury Coal Company, egg,	-	_	_	-	38.52	6.44
Roxbury Coal Company, pea,	-	-		-	65.09	5.88
Roxbury Coal Company, pea,	-	-	-	-	280.34	5.15
Roxbury Coal Company, buckwheat anthracite,.	-	_	-	-	26.69	5.04
Total gross tons, bituminous,	2,638.69	3,977.25	912.46	454.62	-	-
Total gross tons, anthracite,	38.842	-	-	-	411.74	-
Total gross tons, anthracite screenings,	27.66	-	120.84	68.66	-	-
Average price per gross ton, bituminous,	\$4.05	\$3.91	\$4.67	\$4.30	-	-
Average price per gross ton, anthracite,	2.86 2	-	-	-	5.38	-
Average price per gross ton, anthracite screenings, .	3.08	-	2.50	3.05	- 1	-

¹ Includes cost of unloading coal from cars and all expenses incidental to storage of the coal.

² Buckwheat.

Bituminous coal has been purchased under contracts which provide for a deduction from the contract price in case the coal contains less than 14,700 British thermal units or more than 8 per cent. of ash, and for a bonus for coal containing more than 14,800 British thermal units. The following table shows the results of the tests made of the several kinds of coal received.

Kind	OF C	OAL.		Number of Samples tested.	British Thermal Units.	Percentage of Volatile Matter.	Percentage of Ash.	Percentage of Moisture.
Beaver Run, Sonman, New River, Pocahontas, Georges Creek, Vulcan, Sterling, Twin Rocks, Miller Vein,				38 42 7 6 6 7 3 2 1	14,804 14,722 14,986 15,062 14,659 14,902 14,528 15,009 14,890 14,793	17.93 18.75 18.87 18.74 19.20 21.40 19.19 22.75 21.22 20.66	6.21 6.63 4.94 4.80 7.11 5.78 8.22 5.35 5.65 6.84	3.14 2.70 2.439 3.57 1.78 2.78 3.24 3.78 3.52 3.51

Chestnut Hill Pumping Stations.

At these stations a daily average of 34,752,000 gallons was raised 123.16 feet for the supply of the southern high-service district, and a daily average of 45,250,000 gallons was raised 46.04 feet for the supply of the low-service districts and for the northern high-service district. Statistics relative to the operation of the engines at these stations are as follows:—

	Pumpin	NG STATION	No. 1.	Pumping Station No. 2.	
	Engines Nos. 1 and 2.	Engine No. 3.	Engine No. 12.	Totals.	
Daily pumping capacity (gallons), Total quantity pumped (million gallons), Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), Coal used in pumping (pounds), Gallons pumped per pound of coal, Average lift (feet),	16,000,000 ¹ 942.55 2,575,000 1,381,720 682.16 133.96	22.33	30,000,000 5,719.05 15,626,000 4,034,529 1,417.53 120.93	40,000,000 6,035.32 16,490,000 4,069,092 1,483.21 123.61	
Cost of pumping: — Labor,	\$2,421 58 2,893 75 358 04 103 31 98 04	\$53 81 39 11 6 10 1 76 1 67	\$7,874 60 7,941 38 1,347 27 334 57 317 48	\$7,587 60 7,540 87 980 69 235 77 226 39	
Totals,	\$5,874 72	\$102 45	\$17,815 30	\$16,571 32	\$40,363 79
Cost per million gallons pumped, Cost per million gallons raised 1 foot high,	\$6.2328 .0465	\$4.5880 .0389	\$3.1151 .0258	\$2.7457 .0222	\$3.1734 .0258

¹ 8,000,000 each.

Daily pumping capacity each engine (gallons),						
Daily pumping capacity each engine (gallons), 35,000,000 Total quantity pumped (gallons), 16,561,430,000 Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), 45,250,000 Total coal used (pounds), 6,220,263 Gallons pumped per pound of coal, 2,662.50 Average lift (feet), 46.04 Cost of pumping:— Labor, \$21,083 20 Fuel, 1, 1,056 12 Repairs, 1,1534 81 Oil, waste and packing, 273 46 Small supplies, 262 58 Total, \$34,210 17 Cost per million gallons pumped, 262 58 Total, \$34,210 17 Cost per million gallons raised 1 foot high, .0449 Spot Pond Pumping Station. The following are statistics relating to operations at this station, where water is pumped to the Fells Reservoir for the supply of the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons), 2,938,920,000 Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), 8,030,000 Total coal used (pounds), 2,577,635 Gallons pumped per pound of coal, 1,140.16 Average lift (feet), 1,254 Engine No. 8 operated (hours), 1,254 Engine No. 8 operated (hours), 538,070,000 Quantity pumped by Engine No. 8 (gallons), 538,070,000 Cost of pumping:— Labor, \$8,937 07 Fuel, \$1,642 54 Oil, waste and packing, 275 61 Small supplies, 3,4585 Total for station, 54585						Pumping Station No. 2. — Engines
Total quantity pumped (gallons),	Daily numning capacity each engine (gallor	18)				
Daily average quantity pumped (gallons),						
Total coal used (pounds),						
Gallons pumped per pound of coal, 2,662.50 Average lift (feet),						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Average lift (feet),						
Cost of pumping:— Labor,						•
Labor,	(
Fuel,	Cost of pumping: —					
Repairs,					•	
Oil, waste and packing,			•	•	•	
Small supplies,				•		
Total, \$34,210 17 Cost per million gallons pumped, 2.0657 Cost per million gallons raised 1 foot high, 0.449 Spot Pond Pumping Station. The following are statistics relating to operations at this station, where water is pumped to the Fells Reservoir for the supply of the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons), 2,938,920,000 Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), 8,030,000 Total coal used (pounds), 2,577,635 Gallons pumped per pound of coal, 1,140.16 Average lift (feet), 127.84 Engine No. 8 operated (hours), 1,254 Engine No. 9 operated (hours), 2,895 Quantity pumped by Engine No. 8 (gallons), 538,070,000 Quantity pumped by Engine No. 9 (gallons), 2,400,850,000 Cost of pumping:— Labor, 4,975 61 Repairs, 1,642 54 Oil, waste and packing, 275 61 Small supplies, 211 23 Total for station, \$16,042 06 Cost per million gallons pumped,						
Cost per million gallons pumped,	Small supplies,	•	•	•		262 58
Cost per million gallons pumped,						
Spot Pond Pumping Station. The following are statistics relating to operations at this station, where water is pumped to the Fells Reservoir for the supply of the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons), 2,938,920,000 Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), 8,030,000 Total coal used (pounds),	Total,	•	•	•	•	\$34,210 17
Spot Pond Pumping Station. The following are statistics relating to operations at this station, where water is pumped to the Fells Reservoir for the supply of the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons), 2,938,920,000 Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), 8,030,000 Total coal used (pounds),	Cook and million will be as an all					0.00=7
Spot Pond Pumping Station. The following are statistics relating to operations at this station, where water is pumped to the Fells Reservoir for the supply of the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),						
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Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), 8,030,000 Total coal used (pounds), 2,577,635 Gallons pumped per pound of coal, 1,140.16 Average lift (feet), 127.84 Engine No. 8 operated (hours), 1,254 Engine No. 9 operated (hours), 2,895 Quantity pumped by Engine No. 8 (gallons), 538,070,000 Quantity pumped by Engine No. 9 (gallons), 2,400,850,000 Cost of pumping:— \$8,937 07 Fuel, 4,975 61 Repairs, 1,642 54 Oil, waste and packing, 275 61 Small supplies, 211 23 Total for station, \$16,042 06 Cost per million gallons pumped, 5.4585	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relatin	g to	op	erati		
Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), 8,030,000 Total coal used (pounds), 2,577,635 Gallons pumped per pound of coal, 1,140.16 Average lift (feet), 127.84 Engine No. 8 operated (hours), 1,254 Engine No. 9 operated (hours), 2,895 Quantity pumped by Engine No. 8 (gallons), 538,070,000 Quantity pumped by Engine No. 9 (gallons), 2,400,850,000 Cost of pumping:— \$8,937 07 Fuel, 4,975 61 Repairs, 1,642 54 Oil, waste and packing, 275 61 Small supplies, 211 23 Total for station, \$16,042 06 Cost per million gallons pumped, 5.4585	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fellowing.	g to ls Re	o op	erati		
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Gallons pumped per pound of coal, 1,140.16 Average lift (feet),	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relatin tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district: Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati voir :	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000
Average lift (feet),	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fellowing the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o opeserv	erati voir : ·	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000
Engine No. 8 operated (hours),	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fellowing the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to	o op eserv	erati voir :	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635
Engine No. 9 operated (hours),	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fellowing the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati voir :	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16
Quantity pumped by Engine No. 8 (gallons),	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fellowing the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati voir :	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84
Quantity pumped by Engine No. 9 (gallons),	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati voir :	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254
Labor,	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fellowing the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895
Labor,	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000
Fuel,	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000
Repairs,	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000 2,400,850,000
Oil, waste and packing,	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000 2,400,850,000 \$8,937 07
Small supplies,	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000 2,400,850,000 \$8,937 07 4,975 61
Total for station,	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000 2,400,850,000 \$8,937 07 4,975 61 1,642 54
Cost per million gallons pumped,	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000 2,400,850,000 \$8,937 07 4,975 61 1,642 54 275 61
Cook per miner general party to	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000 2,400,850,000 \$8,937 07 4,975 61 1,642 54 275 61
	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district:— Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000 2,400,850,000 \$8,937 07 4,975 61 1,642 54 275 61 211 23
	Spot Pond Pumpin The following are statistics relating tion, where water is pumped to the Fell the northern high-service district: Total quantity pumped (gallons),	g to ls Re	o op eserv	erati	for t	he supply of 2,938,920,000 8,030,000 2,577,635 1,140.16 127.84 1,254 2,895 538,070,000 2,400,850,000 \$8,937 07 4,975 61 1,642 54 275 61 211 23 \$16,042 06

There was an increase of 6.09 per cent. in the quantity pumped, and of \$2,759.03 in the cost of operating the station. More than half of this increase was due to the increased cost of repairs and the remainder was divided between the increased cost of labor and fuel.

On February 23 the upper exhaust valve of the low pressure cylinder of Engine No. 9 became detached from the valve stem and dropped into the cylinder, causing the breaking of the valve and piston. A new piston and valve were furnished by the Holly Manufacturing Company. The broken parts were removed and the new parts put in place by the employés of the station. The total cost of these repairs was \$698.10. A new double beam platform scale of 20 tons capacity, designed for weighing coal on auto trucks, has been installed. The scale mechanism was furnished by the Howe Scale Company. The scale pit was constructed by employés of the department. The whole cost of installing the scale was \$766.58, which includes \$300 paid the Howe Scale Company.

Arlington Pumping Station.

The following are statistics relating to operations at this station: -

Total quantity pumped (gallons),			•	320,590,000
Daily average quantity pumped (gallons), .				876,000
Total coal used (pounds),				1,151,740
Gallons pumped per pound of coal,				278.35
Average lift (feet),				286.43
Engine No. 10 operated (hours),				6,985
Engine No. 11 operated (hours),				303
Quantity pumped by Engine No. 10 (gallons),				310,360,000
Quantity pumped by Engine No. 11 (gallons),				10,230,000
				,,
Cost of pumping:—				
Labor,	•	•	•	\$5,078 84
Fuel,				2,052 16
Repairs,				588 05
Oil, waste and packing,				74 15
Small supplies,			•	369 00
Total for station,				\$8,162 20
Cook many million and				*OF 4500
Cost per million gallons pumped,		•	•	\$25.4599
Cost per million gallons raised 1 foot high, .	•			.0889

There was an increase of 5.17 per cent. in the quantity pumped and of 5.7 per cent. in the amount of coal used. The cost of operating the station shows an increase of \$983.64, or 13.7 per cent., due to increases in the cost of labor and fuel and to the installation of a lighting plant, consisting of a 3-kilowatt Sturtevant generator, and a $4\frac{1}{4}$ -inch x 5-inch vertical, automatic, self-oiling, Troy engine. The cost of the whole plant, including the installation, was \$363.46.

West Roxbury Pumping Station.

The following are statistics relating to operations at this station:—

Total quantity	pumped	(gallo	ons),							304,900,000
Daily average										833,000
Total coal used										923,157
Gallons pumped										330.28
Average lift (131.87
Engine No. 1										41
Engine No. 2										8,169
Engine No. 3										615
Quantity pump										980,000
Quantity pump	-	_								270,030,000
Quantity pump	•	_								33,890,000
		J		(0						
Cost of pum	ping: —					•				
Labor, .	- 0									\$3,889 31
Fuel,										2,240 41
Repairs, .										56 65
Oil, waste and										22 11
Small supplies,										51 52
omair suppries,	•	•	•	•	•	·	·		•	
Total for	station									\$6,260 00
rotal for ,	station,		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	φο,200 00
Cost per million	gallone	กแพก	ed.							\$20.5313
	Samons	Իսուհ	cu,	•	•	•	•	•	•	Ψ20.0010
Cost per million	n cellone	roico	a 1 f	oot 1	ich					.1557

There was an increase of 21.05 per cent. in the quantity pumped and of 30 per cent. in the quantity of fuel used. There was an increase of \$855.26, or 15.82 per cent., in the cost of operating the station. The pumping which has been done at this station will be transferred within a few weeks to the new station in Hyde Park and the West Roxbury station abandoned and the machinery removed. The building and land are the property of the city of Boston.

CONSUMPTION OF WATER.

The daily average quantity of water consumed in the eighteen municipalities supplied from the Metropolitan Works during the year 1912, as measured by Venturi meters, was 116,230,700 gallons, equivalent to 107 gallons per capita in the district supplied. The daily average consumption was 6,235,900 gallons more than during the previous year. Of this increase about 1,000,000 gallons per day was due to the addition of the former town of Hyde Park, with a population of 16,260, but the greater part of the increase was caused by the use and waste of water during the extremely cold weather in January, February and March.

The daily average consumption of water in each of the cities and towns supplied from the Metropolitan Works during the years 1911 and 1912, as measured by meters, was as follows:—

					DAILY AV	VERAGE CON	SUMPTION	,
			Estimated Popula-	191	1.	191	2.	
			tion, 1912.	Gallons.	Gallons per Capita.	Gallons.	Gallons per Capita.	Increase in Gallons.
Boston, .			718,900	85,571,500	124	90,037,500	125	4,466,000
Somerville,			81,080	5,899,100	74	6,427,500	79	528,400
Malden, .			46,840	1,971,300	43	2,226,300	48	255,000
Chelsea, .			34,720	2,701,400	80	2,935,500	85	234,100
Everett, .	•		36,110	2,557,800	73	2,707,800	75	150,000
Quincy, .	·		34,640	2,925,400	87	3,003,100	87	77,700
Medford, .			24,880	1,207,100	50	1,222,900	49	15,800
Melrose, .			16,350	1,012,500	63	1,132,100	69	119,600
Revere, .			19,980	1,439,400	75	1,495,400	75	56,000
Watertown,			13,700	889,200	67	922,300	67	33,100
Arlington,			12,120	983,200	84	1,075,500	89	92,300
Milton, .			8,300	317,700	39	343,300	41	25,600
Winthrop,		.•	11,050	597,800	56	717,400	65	119,600
Stoneham,			7,600	573,300	78	590,700	78	17,400
Belmont, .		• 1	6,080	415,500	71	434,500	71	19,000
Lexington,			4,740	352,900	77	356,800	75	3,900
Nahant, .			2,290	152,000	65	158,800	69	6,800
Swampscott,			7,310	427,700	59	443,300	61	15,600
District,			1,086,690	109,994,800	105	116,230,700	107	6,235,900

Included in above quantities is 34,971,000 gallons supplied to Hyde Park from local sources which were discontinued February 5.

The consumption in the several districts was as follows: —

	Gallons per Day, 1912.	Increase (Gallons per Day).	Percentage of Increase.
Southern low-service district, embracing the low-service district of Boston, with the exception of Charlestown and East Boston,	49,651,100	4,230,500	9.31
Northern low-service district, embracing the low-service districts of Somerville, Chelsea, Malden, Medford, Everett, Arlington, Charlestown and East Boston,	24,099,000	632,900 ¹	2.561
Southern high-service district, embracing Quincy and Watertown, the high-service districts of Boston, 2 and portions of Belmont and Milton,	32,941,100	2,009,500	6.50
Northern high-service district, embracing Melrose, Revere, Winthrop, Swampscott, Nahant and Stoneham, and the high-service districts of Somerville, Chelsea, Malden, Medford, Everett and East Boston,	7,826,100	440,600	5.97
Southern extra high-service district, embracing the higher portions of Hyde Park, Milton and West Roxbury,	837,400	147,300	21.34
Northern extra high-service district, embracing Lexington and the higher portions of Arlington and Belmont,	876,000	40,900	4.90
Totals,	116,230,700	6,235,900	5.67

¹ Decrease.

The daily average and per capita consumption in each of the municipalities during each month of the year are given in Appendix No. 2, Table No. 27. During the extremely cold weather in January, February and March a very large quantity of water was used or wasted to prevent freezing of service pipes. It is estimated that the quantity used for this purpose during the 10-week period from January 6 to March 16, was 1,106,882,000 gallons, equivalent to 3,024,000 gallons per day for the entire year.

The red and black lines on the accompanying diagram show graphically the daily average consumption and the rate of consumption between the hours of one and four A.M. during each week of the years 1911 and 1912. A comparison of these lines shows very clearly the great increase both in the daily average and in the rate of consumption, due to cold weather waste in January, February and March, 1912, also an increase in consumption during June and July, 1912, due to high temperature and low rainfall.

Metering of Service Pipes.

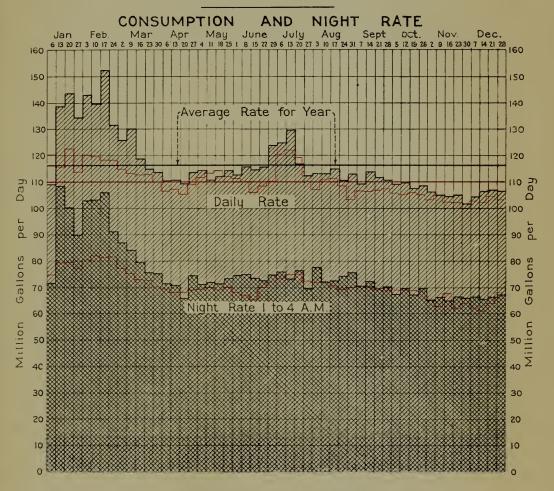
The following table gives the statistics relative to the installation of water meters.

² Includes portion of Hyde Park.

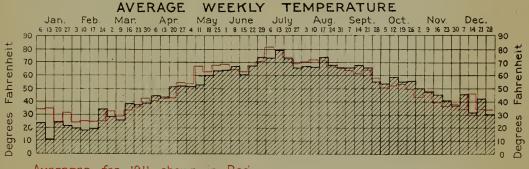
Average Rate of Consumption in

METROPOLITAN WATER DISTRICT AND

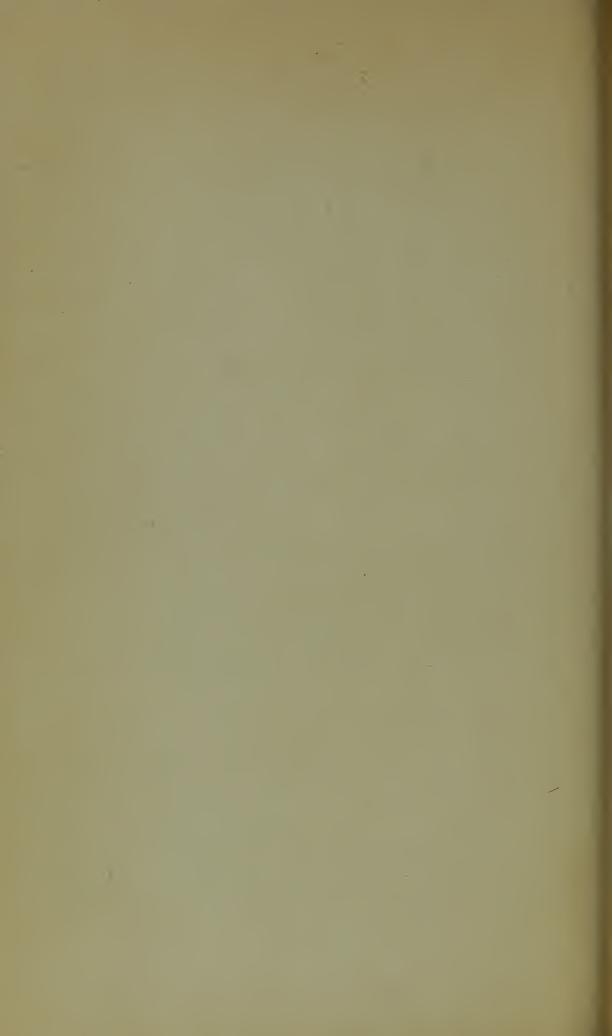
RAINFALL AND AVERAGE TEMPERATURE OF AIR AT CHESTNUT HILL RESERVOIR
FOR
EACH WEEK DURING 1912



RAINFALL IN INCHES



Averages for 1911 shown in Red



City or Town.	Number of Meters required to be set on Old Services Each Year.	Меті	ers set	on Ol	d Serv	ICES.	Services installed,	Services equipped	Services in Use December 31, 1912.	Use December	er Cent. of Services metered December 31, 1912.
	Number quired Service	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	New Ser 1912.1	New Services with Meters,	Services ber 31,	Meters in U.31, 1912.	Per Cent. metered 1912.
Boston,	4,225	84	5,503	5,481	6,487	6,022	4,4672	2,9403	99,270	34,565	34.82
Somerville,	411	732	621	501	570	488	362	236	12,596	7,171	56.93
Malden,	14	43	62	8	2	-	59	126	7,672	7,400	96.45
Chelsea,	240	198	756	779	1,092	132	190	190	4,682	4,574	97.69
Everett,	252	338	255	277	285	215	121	117	5,579	1,891	33.89
Quincy,	230	358	33	423	1,680	1,090	436	241	8,176	6,130	74.98
Medford,	179	857	927	1,555	178	6	236	218	4,793	4,764	100.00
Melrose,	119	2,432	135	7	5	-	91	91	3,699	3,949	100.00
Revere,	138	85	184	110	176	154	189	183	3,759	1,598	42.51
Watertown, .	-	-1	n -	-1	-	-	100	103	2,251	2,233	100.00
Arlington,	55	108	56	63	127	261	134	160	2,105	1,957	92.97
Milton,	-	-	-	-	-	-	83	83	1,587	1,587	100.00
Winthrop,	100	213	975	706	6	-	102	99	2,655	2,586	100.00
Stoneham, .	65	116	225	186	155	252	27	32	1,501	1,105	73.62
Belmont,	-	-	-	-	-	-	130	127	1,135	1,135	100.00
Lexington, .	32	113	70	56	86	95	80	42	961	752	78.25
Nahant,	16	30	40	26	18	17	35	35	590	336	56.95
Swampscott, .	21	264	142	28	13	-	92	92	1,627	1,627	100.00
Totals,	6,097	5,971	9,984	10,206	10,880	8,732	6,934	5,115	164,638	85,360	51.77

¹ The number of new meters installed and the number of new services equipped with meters seldom agree exactly for the reason that service pipes are installed but meters are not set until the buildings are permanently occupied.

Includes ² 2,562 services and ³ 1,540 meters acquired by the annexation of Hyde Park.

In all the cities and towns of the Metropolitan Water District, with the exception of the town of Revere, the number of services now metered is in excess of the requirements of chapter 52 of the Acts of 1907, which requires at least 5 per cent. of the number not metered on December 31, 1907, to be metered each year thereafter. At the end of 1912, 51.77 per cent. of all the services in use in the Metropolitan District were metered, and 77.50 per cent. of the services in the cities and towns outside of Boston.

Meters have been generally installed throughout the Charlestown district of Boston during the past year, and although they have not yet been used in assessing the water rates, readings of the meters have been furnished to the water takers, and as a result the daily average consumption of the district has been reduced from 7,528,000 gallons to 6,860,000 gallons. In the East Boston district, where meters were installed in 1910, the daily average consumption in 1912 was 4,416,200 gallons, a reduction of 1,756,400 gallons in two years, equivalent to about 30 gallons per capita.

WATER SUPPLIED OUTSIDE THE METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.

In addition to the quantity supplied to the cities and towns comprising the Metropolitan Water District, 424,186,100 gallons of water have been drawn from the Metropolitan Works for supplying places outside the District, as follows:—

Places supplied.	Total Quantity (Gallons).	Average Daily Quantity (Gallons).	Times during which Water was supplied.	Amounts charged for Water supplied.
Westborough State Hospital,	62,749,000	171,445		\$1,882 47
Town of Framingham: — From Sudbury Aqueduct,	11,600,000	$31,694 \left\{\rule{0mm}{3mm}\right.$	January, 25 days, February, 26 days, March, 11 days, September, 1 day, October, 3 days,	278 40
From Filter Gallery at Farm Pond, .	288,400,000	787,978		551 58
Town of Wakefield,	13,327,000	36,400	Jan. 1 to 23,	932 89
United States Government: — Peddock's Island,	41,698,700	113,900		2,621 33
Town of Saugus,	6,411,400	17,500	7 4 -	340 00

QUALITY OF WATER.

About 80 per cent. of the water used in the Metropolitan District during the past year was drawn from the Wachusett Reservoir and 20 per cent. from the Sudbury and Cochituate sources. The corresponding proportions in 1911 were 60 and 40 per cent. The use of an increased proportion from the Wachusett source has resulted in an improvement in the color of the water supplied to the District. In other respects the quality of the water has been substantially the same as during recent years.

The number of microscopical organisms present in the water has been above the average but the water supplied to the District has not contained objectionable tastes or odors in sufficient degree to cause complaint.

Weekly microscopical and bacterial examinations have been made in the laboratory of the Board, and chemical examinations have been furnished by the State Board of Health. There have been made 2,441 microscopical and 1,335 bacterial examinations of the water from various parts of the works, and the results of 408 chemical examinations have been received from the State Board of Health.

In the Wachusett Reservoir, from which the greater part of the supply was drawn, there were on June 25, 150 units of Uroglena, causing a distinctly oily odor which lasted only one week. On September 17, 165 units of Dinobryon and 40 units of Synura were present in the surface sample, and the growth of Dinobryon increased from week to week, reaching a maximum of 740 units on October 15, causing a faintly fishy odor. This organism continued in the reservoir the remainder of the year, but in such small numbers that the taste and odor of the water were not affected.

The Sudbury Reservoir was free from objectionable organisms until April, when Asterionella appeared, but not in sufficient numbers to cause any taste or odor. During May a growth of Uroglena appeared, reaching a maximum of 880 units on May 21, which caused a decidedly oily odor, but lasted only two weeks. This was followed by a growth of Dinobryon which continued through the month of June, and during August, September and October there was a growth of Chlamydomonas. None of these growths caused any trouble.

Framingham Reservoir No. 3 was generally free from objectionable organisms throughout the year, although the organisms present in the Sudbury Reservoir were also found in this reservoir in small numbers.

Whitehall Reservoir contained growths of Dinobryon and Uroglena in January and March, which gave the water a disagreeable odor for short periods, but no water was drawn from this source.

During the year the Ashland and Hopkinton reservoirs were free from any growths of organisms in sufficient quantities to cause objectionable taste or odor.

The water in Framingham Reservoir No. 2 was free from objectionable taste or odor until the last of October, when a growth of Dinobryon appeared in the water at the upper end of the reservoir and gave it a decidedly fishy odor. This growth continued through November but did not reach the reservoir outlet.

Aphanizomenon was present in large numbers in the water of

Lake Cochituate throughout the year, and for a considerable portion of this time in sufficient quantity to give a disagreeable odor to the water when heated. Growths of Uroglena appeared in June and October. For the greater part of the year the water of the lake had, when heated, an odor from faintly to distinctly disagreeable.

There were growths of Dinobryon, Synura, Uroglena, Asterionella and Chlamydomonas in the distributing reservoirs, but the growths were not large and continued for but short periods. Synura was present in Spot Pond from February until May 1, giving the water at that time a distinctly oily taste.

The few complaints received from water takers regarding the quality of the water as drawn from the taps appeared to be due to the presence in the mains of amorphous matter and Crenothrix.

The following table gives a comparison of the average results of the examinations of water from a tap in Boston for the years 1903 to 1912, inclusive:—

	1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
State Board of Health Examinations. Color (Nessler standard), Total residue, Loss on ignition, Free ammonia, Albuminoid dissolved, suspended, Chlorine, Nitrogen as nitrates, Nitrogen as nitrites, Oxygen consumed, Hardness,	0.25 3.98 1.50 0.0013 0.0125 0.0110 0.0015 0.30 0.0142 0.0001 0.39 1.5	0.0139 0.0121 0.0018 0.34 0.0110	0.241 3.86 1.59 0.0020 0.0145 0.0124 0.0021 0.35 0.0083 0.0001 0.35	0.0159 0.0134 0.0025 0.34	0.0129 0.0109 0.0020 0.33 0.0068	0.0115 0.0092 0.0024 0.33 0.0092	0.18 ¹ 3.46 1.43 0.0011 0.0128 0.0103 0.0025 0.28 0.0034 0.0000 0.25 1.3	0.141 3.05 1.24 0.0013 0.0118 0.0102 0.0016 0.28 0.0030 0.0000 0.22 1.1	$0.0156 \\ 0.0128$	0.015 0.011 0.003 0.36 0.006
Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board Examinations. Color (platinum standard),. Turbidity, Total organisms, Amorphous matter, Bacteria,	36	36	.28 1.9 528 37 231	.25 2.2 550 42 154	.27 2.2 427 47 176	64	.23 2.6 1,959 97 195	.18 2.1 421 72 213	.22 2.2 735 76 197	2.2 967 141 259

Note. — Chemical analyses are in parts per 100,000, organisms and amorphous matter in standard units per cubic centimeter, and bacteria in number per cubic centimeter. The standard unit has an area of 400 square microns, and by its use the number of diatomaceæ are decreased, and the number of chlorophyceæ and cyanophyceæ are very much increased, as compared with the number of organisms.

SANITARY INSPECTION.

The grounds connected with the several supply and distributing reservoirs have been policed for the purpose of preventing the pollution of the supply or injury to the property of the Board, special

¹ Platinum standard.

watchmen being employed to patrol the grounds during the bathing and camping season.

At the Wachusett Reservoir one man was arrested for violation of the fishing permit and was fined \$10. Three men were arrested for hunting on the marginal lands about the Wachusett Reservoir, and each was fined \$20.

In the Sudbury Department four young men were prosecuted for bathing in Framingham Reservoir No. 3, and they were placed on probation. One man and two boys were prosecuted for bathing in Framingham Reservoir No. 2; the man was fined \$3 and the boys were placed on probation. Two men prosecuted for bathing in the Sudbury Reservoir were fined \$5 each. One man was prosecuted for bathing in the Sudbury River and the case placed on file. Five men and five boys were detected fishing in Lake Cochituate; one of the men was prosecuted and the case placed on file; one boy was prosecuted and placed on probation, and four boys were reprimanded and their parents notified.

The results of the inspection of the watersheds are given in the following tables:—

Summary of Sanitary Inspections on the Wachusett Watershed in 1912.

PLY.	ou q	Premises on which	2	1	4	-	œ	14	5	က	1	10	9	9	1	62
WATER SUPPLY.	Cis-	Premises supplied Private Wells, terns, etc.	53	37	171	29	110	80	79	82	34	200	135	164	31	1,205
WAT		Premises having I	00	1	ı	1	75	191	5	1	1	1	1	1	ı	279
TON AT		Unsatisfactory.	က	ı	C3	1	00	27	5	2	2	10	က	7	ı	69
CONDITION AT END OF YEAR.		Satisfactory.	09	38	173	30	185	258	84	83	33	200	138	163	32	477
	1	Drainage carried Filter Beda.	'	-	ı	ı	ı	2	1	ı	ı	-	H	92	ı	16
		No Drainage.	63	1	-	1	1	00	П	က	ı	က	-	7		29
		Premises Vacant.	-	2	=======================================	_	14	29	7	9	4	21	∞	13	7	116
	tes.	Lairutacturing Vass	1	1	ı	ı	1	က	1	İ	-	1	1	1	1	ro.
CASES INSPECTED		Unsatisfactory.	1	ı	ı	ı	I	-	-	1	1	က	23	က	ı	12
SEB INS	BARN DRAINAGE	Satisfactory.	25	22	. 50	21	83	91	44	18	. 23	94	73	59	12	645
O.F.	F SINK	Unsatisfactory.	2	ı	7	1	∞	10	2	1	1	က	2	က	ı	33
CLASSIFICATION	INDIRECT SINDRAINAGE	Satisfactory.	26	10	42	13	72	62	. 48	40	23	91	69	74	6	588
CLASSIE		Direct Sink Drain	ı	ı	1	1	1	14	-	-	ı	4	ı	က	ı	23
	-nist	Indirect Privy D	ı	1	-	1	-	က	_	1	1	ı	1	-	1	7
	-nist	Direct Privy D	1	1	ı	1	1	2	1	П	ı	П	1	1	1	4
	gain	Cesspools dug d	H	ı	∞ ∞	1	10	15	∞	T	-	es /	7-	4	-	23
	910190	Cesspools dug b	30	14	108	14	93	147	22	88	4	73	53	65	20	929
-ui s	emises	Mumber of Pr spected. ¹	63	38	175	30	193	285 2	83	85	35	210	141	1703	32	1,546
			•		•	•	•	•		۲, ۲		:	•			•
								ok,		Broo		rook,				
		SICT		14		ú	ζ,	Bro		sett		ett B	ver,			
		DISTRICT	rook	3rook	ook,	3rool	3rool	nskit	auge	achu	ook,	shuse	r Ri	'uın	Hill,	ls,
		D	French Brook,	Muddy Brook	Gates Brook,	Malden Brook,	Chaffin Brook,	Asnebumskit Brook,	Muschopauge,	South Wachusett Brook,	Trout Brook, .	East Wachusett Brook,	Stillwater River,	Waushacum,	French Hill,	Totals,
			Frei	Mu	Gat	Mal	Cha	Asıı	Mus	Sou	Tro	Eas	Stil	Wat	Fre	*

³ Not including 216 summer cottages at Waushacum Lakes.

² Not including 11 summer cottages at Asnebumskit Pond. ¹ On some premises there are two or more cases.

Summary of Sanitary Inspections on the Sudbury and Cochituate Watersheds in 1912.

TON AT YEAR.		Unsatisfactory.	1104	2 4 7 1 5 c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c	1 - 25	26
CONDITION AT END OF YEAR		Satisfactory.	300 88 291 1,982	319 219 395 171 110 785	1,012 90 1,416	7,362
	ot b	Drainage carried Filter-beds.	1,792	11111	973	2,767
		No Drainage.	7 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9114624	4688	131
		Premises Vacant.	3 43 43 43	213 8 35 9	9 13 17	218
	astes.	Manutacturing W	111=	111411	1111	2
ED.	RN TAGE.	Unsatisfactory.	1 400	1 00 00	1116	28
CLASSIFICATION OF CASES INSPECTED	BARN DRAINAGE	Satisfactory.	17 41 115 224	97 35 43 132 132	43 43 160	1,172
CASES	T SINK AGE.	Unsatisfactory.	1140	2641128	1 - 20	77
ION OF	INDIRECT SIN DRAINAGE.	Satisfactory.	36 37 103	92 26 145 64 63 63	44 18 46	775
SSIFICAT	nage.	Direct Sink Drai	111=	1161111	16311	9
CLAS	-nis10	Indirect Privy D	11-1	111010	- 110	16
	-nis1(Direct Privy D	1111	11111	1111	i
	gairu	Cesspools dug[d	मन्य।	H 012000	80 80 80	136
	910390	Cesspools dug b	13 46 221 273	187 185 201 87 29 167	125 216 62 62 241	2,053
	*su	Sewer Connection	279	526	723	4,094
-ui 1	essimə	Number of Pr spected. ¹	300 89 297 1,986	321 223 412 186 113 804	185 1,012 90 1,441	7,459
			a	3 1 2 · · · · ·		
		ICT.	Suddury Watershed, d, Reservoir No. 3 olk,	ook,	Cochituale Waters!ed ook,	
		DISTRICT	ry Wa	ig Bro	tate IV : : olk,	•
		DI	Sudbu n Res K,	Sprin Sprin dbury ok, dbury teserv np,	ochitu k, k, ok, n Bro	•
			Pond nghar Brool Brool	and Cold Spring Brook astern Sudbury, idian Brook, estern Sudbury, hitchall Reservoir, edar Swamp,	Brood Brood Brood	Totals,
			Sudbury Watershed. Farm Pond, Framingham Reservoir No. 3, Stony Brook, Angle Brook, Framingham	and Cold Spring Eastern Sudbury, Indian Brook, Western Sudbury, Whitchall Reservoir Cedar Swamp,	Snake Brook, Pegan Brook, Course Brook, Beaver Dam Brool	Te

¹ On some premises there are two or more cases.

There has been an increase in the number of occupied premises on all of the watersheds, but the number of unsatisfactory cases has been reduced about 8 per cent. Under the heading "Unsatisfactory" are included all cases where it is possible that under the most unfavorable conditions drainage from privies or sinks may reach a water course, all suspected cases and all cases of manufacturing wastes entering feeders, even though there may have been some attempt at previous purification. The increase in the occupied premises is due to a continued growth in the industrial development, which was mentioned in the report for 1911. On the Wachusett watershed there has been a net gain of 31 premises. Increased business has been carried on at the mills of the Jefferson Manufacturing Company and at the Woods Mill at Quinepoxet Village, and as a result the manufacturing wastes discharged into the river have been largely increased. The Dawson Mill, in Holden, which has been idle for several years, is now undergoing repairs and it is expected that it will be operated for the manufacture of satinets early in 1913.

Plans and estimates of cost are now being made for works for the purification of sewage and manufacturing wastes from the dwellings and factories in the town of Holden and it is desirable that their construction should be undertaken in the near future.

The industrial growth on the Cochituate watershed at South Framingham and vicinity has continued. The Ames Plow Company began manufacturing early in the year and now employs about 300 men; the Dennison Manufacturing Company has erected a large 4-story addition; the Gurney Heater Company is building an addition to its factory and the Standard Woven Fabric Company has recently begun the erection of a large factory on Clark Street. One hundred and fifty-eight new buildings, designed for the occupancy of 216 families, 13 stores, 3 factories, 2 garages and 1 hospital have been completed, and about 25 other buildings are now under construction. Twenty houses have also been built in Ashland, 5 in Sherborn and 32 in Natick.

The building of sewers to provide for the drainage from the village of Lokerville was authorized by the town of Framingham in August. Construction has not been commenced but it is expected that the work will be done early in the coming season. There are now about 190 houses which will be connected with these sewers.

In the cities and towns on the Sudbury and Cochituate watersheds

which have systems of sewerage conveying the sewage outside the watersheds the number of premises connected with the sewers has been increased by 152, and the number existing on streets where sewers have been built has been reduced from 127 to 102. The number in the several places on December 31, 1912, was as follows:—

				Premises o		PREMISES NO WITH S	T CONNECTED EWERS.
				1911.	1912.	1911.	1912.
Marlborough,				1,537	1,560	71	55
Westborough,				518 -	526	19	15
Framingham,				1,197	1,280	5	4
Natick, .				685	723	32	28
Sherborn,				5	5	_	_
Totals,				3,942	4,094	127	102

Seven cases of typhoid fever were reported on the Wachusett watershed, 6 of which were from Holden and 1 near Sterling Junction; and 23 cases on the Sudbury and Cochituate watersheds, of which 14 were from Hopkinton, 2 from Westborough, 1 from Southborough, 2 from Marlborough, 2 from Framingham and 2 from Natick. None of the cases occurred on premises where the conditions were such as to endanger the water supply, but in all cases the premises were inspected and precautions taken to prevent the spread of the disease or the pollution of the water supply.

The premises temporarily occupied by men employed in pipe laying and on other public work have been inspected and the work supervised in order to see that proper sanitary regulations were enforced.

SWAMP DITCHES AND BROOKS.

The ditches draining swamps on the several watersheds, having an aggregate length of 36.36 miles have been cleaned as usual, and the weeds and brush mowed and burned for a width of from 10 to 20 feet on both sides of the ditches. Ditches in Big and Little Crane, Brigham and Boylston swamps, which had been damaged by cattle, have been repaired by reshaping and repaving the slopes for a distance of about 25,000 feet, at a cost of \$1,097.15.

One hundred and seventy feet of standard board bottom ditch,

with a settling basin 25 feet long having concrete bulkheads at either end and lined with paving, were constructed on Byard's Brook where it enters the open channel of the Wachusett Aqueduct, to prevent further washing away of the brook bed and the obstructing of the flow of water in the open channel at this point. The construction of a channel for French Brook for a distance of 213 feet on land formerly of Clephane A. Lord has drained the swampy piece of land alongside the Worcester-Clinton highway and improved its appearance. The labor on this work cost \$0.45 per linear foot, the material being furnished from stock on hand.

A concrete bulkhead 8 inches thick was constructed across the lower end of the I line in Big Crane Swamp, to replace the original wooden one. One farm bridge over Brigham Pond ditch was rebuilt of chestnut lumber.

The channel of the brook running through the city of Marlborough and discharging into the Marlborough filter-beds was cleaned for a distance of 4,700 feet.

Observations have been continued of the colors of the waters entering the reservoir from swamps which have been improved by ditching, with the following results:—

						Coro	RS OF WATE	RS (PL	ATINU	m Sta	NDARD).	
			Area of		Length	BEFORE I	BEFORE DRAINING.			R DRAI	DRAINING.		
SWA	VAMP.		Water- shed (Acres).	Area of Swamp (Acres).	of Ditches (Feet).	Averages for Years 1894, 1895, 1899.	Averages for Years 1900, 1901, 1902.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	
			1,856	460	45,250	1.95	-	.72	.64	.65	.60	1.16	
No. 54,			750	. 72	8,930	_	.90	.41	.33	.36	.44	.58	
No. 55,			1,625	220	27,661	-	1.27	.44	.36	.38	.47	.59	
No. 76,			525	26	6,173	_	,44	.24	.20	.21	.29	.43	

PROTECTION OF THE SUPPLY BY FILTRATION.

The several filter-beds which are maintained for the purpose of purifying the water collected in streams draining through populated districts before its admission to the storage reservoirs have been cared for as usual.

The Marlborough Brook filter-beds, having an area of 14 acres, on which are filtered the water received from about 1.8 square miles of the more thickly settled portions of the city of Marlborough, cared for all the water received during the year, except on February 22 and 23 and March 13, when small quantities overflowed from the beds into the reservoir. The settling reservoir in which the water is received and from which it flows to the filter-beds, was cleaned in June, and 1,200 cubic yards of material, which had been deposited during two years, was removed at a cost of 43 cents per cubic yard. The 5.36 acres of artificial beds were cleaned in June and July, and again in October and November, while the natural beds were thoroughly cleaned in June, and the grass and weeds on these beds mowed and burned in November. New weirs, frames and covers have been made and placed at each of the 17 artificial beds, and such other repairs made as were necessary to maintain the beds in good condition.

The filter-beds on Farm Street received diluted sewage from the overflow of the Marlborough main sewer on two days in January, four days in February, ten days in March and thirteen days in April.

At the Pegan Brook pumping station, where the surface drainage from an area of about 1 square mile in the thickly settled portion of Natick is pumped upon filter-beds before entering Lake Cochituate. the pumps were operated 199 days during the year and 290,908,000 gallons of sewage were pumped, equivalent to a daily average of 794,-831 gallons. The quantity of coal used was 173,962 pounds, and 1,672 gallons of water were pumped per pound of coal. The cost of operating the station, cleaning the filter-beds and caring for the grounds was \$3,368.47, making the cost per million gallons treated \$11.58. One of the boilers at the pumping station was retubed at a cost of \$85, the other boiler having been repaired in a similar manner during the previous year. All of the water from Pegan Brook was pumped to the filter-beds, except for a few hours on February 22 and March 13, when about 2,000,000 gallons flowed directly into the lake. About 28,000,000 gallons also flowed directly to the lake from the intercepting ditch, during seven days in February and eight days in March.

Four filter-beds, having a combined area of 2 acres, have received and cared for all the water flowing from an area of 525 acres in the village of Sterling. During the fall the surface of the beds was seriously clogged by pomace and mother from the plant of the Sterling Cider Company. The Company has now constructed on its own premises a settling tank and filter designed to prevent further trouble.

The Gates Terrace filter-beds at Sterling Junction, on which is received the drainage from a few summer cottages, were operated from April 13 to October 31. The filter-beds on which is received the sewage from the Worcester County Training School, have received the usual attention. The small filter-bed on which is received the discharge from the swimming pool at the Sudbury Reservoir has received the necessary care.

FORESTRY.

But little planting has been done during the past year as there was no mature stock in the nurseries. About 1,650 white pines from 2 to 4 feet high were taken from along the shore of the Wachusett Reservoir, near Hastings Cove, and planted on 1½ acres of meadow land on the northerly side of the Clinton-Boylston highway near the South Dike. Six maple trees were planted on grounds at the Sudbury Dam. The nursery which is maintained at Oakdale in connection with the Wachusett Department, has been given the necessary care and at the close of the year contained:—

21,300 3-year-old white pine seedlings, transplanted.

113,900 3-year-old white pine seedlings furnished by the State Forester.

1,000 2-year-old white pine seedlings, transplanted.

37,100 2-year-old white pine seedlings.

48,200 1-year-old white pine seedlings.

200 1-year-old sequoia seedlings.

A nursery has been established in Southborough in connection with the Sudbury Department, which at the end of the year contained between 73,000 and 74,000 3-year-old white pines which are the remainder of 125,000 seedlings received from the State Forester's department in May. The loss of the seedlings was largely caused by the grub of the May beetle.

At the Wachusett Reservoir the small trees and brush were removed from 27 acres, which had been planted with white pines, at a cost of \$255, and about 147 acres on which the trees had been destroyed by forest fires in 1911 and 1912 have been cleared preparatory to replanting with white pines. The amount expended for this clearing was \$4,163.93, and the receipts for the wood sold amounted to \$2,268.45, in addition to which \$3,000 was paid by the Boston & Maine Railroad as damages on account of the fire.

The protection of the trees from the ravages of destructive insects has necessitated the expenditure of \$9,609.79, as follows:—

Spot Pond,							\$1,869	93
Mystic Lake,								
Chestnut Hill Reservoir,		•					656	22
Weston Reservoir,		•					1,157	44
Sudbury, Cochituate and Weston aq	luedi	acts,					1,129	50
Lake Cochituate,							708	48
Sudbury Reservoir,								
Framingham Reservoirs Nos. 1, 2 a	and :	3,					431	72
Wachusett Reservoir and Aqueduct	,			•	•		2,951	00
						-		
							40 000	70

\$9,609 79

This amount is \$2,547.58 in excess of the cost of similar work for the previous year, and the increased cost was incurred entirely in the Sudbury and Wachusett departments.

During the past two or three years the gypsy moth has made rapid progress in infesting the lands of the Board at Lake Cochituate and at the reservoirs in Framingham and Southborough. It has also been found in small numbers at several points around the Wachusett Reservoir. The cost of protecting the trees within the Metropolitan District was about \$1,100 less than for the preceding year, as the work was more economically and effectively done by the use of the spraying machine which was purchased early in 1911.

During the winter season the egg clusters of the gypsy moth were painted with creosote, and the nests of the brown-tail moth cut off and burned. Beginning on June 4, the trees on about 77 acres of land were sprayed at Spot Pond, 26 acres at the Weston Reservoir and smaller areas at Chestnut Hill, Mystic Lake, and the old Mystic pumping station. The elm trees were also sprayed in order to destroy the elm-leaf beetle.

In the Sudbury Department the work of tree protection has consisted of painting egg clusters with creosote, cutting and burning the nests of the brown-tail moth, burlapping trees and killing caterpillars. No spraying was done except at the Sudbury Reservoir, where the elm trees have been sprayed with arsenate of lead to destroy the elm-leaf beetle. This was done by the town of Southborough at the expense of the Board.

On the Wachusett works the gypsy moth was found in larger num-

bers than in any previous year, but the numbers are still small as compared with those localities where the trees are thickly infested. All egg clusters have been painted with creosote mixture, except those on trees in Crane Swamp in Northborough and Westborough. The nests of the brown-tail moth have been cut off and burned along the open channel, on the grounds at the Wachusett Dam and along the main highways. The young white pine trees on 1,242 acres of the marginal lands were inspected twice during the year and the shoots which were infested with the pine-tree weevil were cut off and burned. The number of infested shoots was less than during any of the previous five years.

The chestnut trees on all lands belonging to the Board in the Wachusett Department have been carefully inspected for the chestnut bark disease. The trees at one point along the open channel of the Wachusett Aqueduct in Marlborough, near the Wachusett Dam, and at three points on the marginal lands of the Wachusett Reservoir have been found to be seriously affected. The only means of preventing the spread of this disease appears to lie in cutting all the chestnut trees within the affected area. As the presence of the disease is general throughout the Wachusett Department the ultimate cutting out of all the chestnut trees seems inevitable. On November 30 a gang of men began cutting the trees from an area of about 48 acres, composed largely of mature chestnuts, where numerous cases of the disease were found in an advanced stage.

The number of forest fires which occurred on the watersheds was less than during the preceding year. The number reported from the Wachusett Department was 13, causing an estimated damage of \$925; and from the Sudbury Department 6, with an estimated damage of \$80. The fires causing the greater portion of the damage occurred near the Wachusett Reservoir on July 13 and 28. On July 13. 9½ acres were burned over near Hastings Cove, destroying 4,300 white pines, and on July 28, 27.7 acres were burned near Kendall Cove, in West Boylston and Sterling, destroying 10,000 white pines. Both of these fires were probably started by berry pickers.

DISTRIBUTING RESERVOIRS.

Weston Reservoir.

This reservoir, with its connected structures and grounds, together with the aqueduct leading to the terminal chamber and the terminal chamber grounds, have been cared for by an attendant and three laborers.

Chestnut Hill Reservoir.

Work at this reservoir during the year consisted mainly of caring for the walks, drives, shrubbery and lawns. The foot path around the Lawrence Basin has been resurfaced for a distance of 500 feet with fine crushed stone obtained from a spoil pile at the tunnel on the Weston Aqueduct Supply Mains. The ironwork connected with the several gate-houses has been scraped and painted. The policing of the grounds has cost \$505.36.

Waban Hill Reservoir.

The outside slopes of the embankment have been given a dressing of stable manure and the ironwork of the gate-house has been painted.

Forbes Hill Reservoir and Standpipe.

On February 13 and 14, 3,405,600 gallons of water were drawn from this reservoir and its surface lowered from 191.62 to 181.44, in order to supply the city of Quincy while repairing a break in the 24-inch main supplying Milton and Quincy. A portion of the supply in Quincy was drawn from the reservoir on October 6, and on October 20, 1,099,000 gallons were drawn from the reservoir during the making of a connection between mains at the corner of Morton and Sanford streets in Dorchester. The standpipe was out of service from November 10 to December 7, during which time its interior was painted with three coats of red lead and linseed oil, and the exterior was given one coat of tinted white lead and oil. The woodwork of the tower and the iron stairway were also painted. The work was done by the George Dietz Company at a cost of \$430.

Mystic Reservoir.

This reservoir has been in use throughout the year.

Mystic Lake and Pumping Station.

Mystic Lake has remained under the police control of the Metropolitan Park Commission. The old engines, boilers and other machinery from the pumping station were sold for junk and removed.

Spot Pond, Fells and Bear Hill Reservoirs.

During the extremely cold weather in January and February the surface of Spot Pond was lowered about 1 foot on account of the water being drawn to supply the excessive use in the Metropolitan District. From the middle of March until the first of October the pond remained at or near high-water mark. During October and November water was drawn from the pond to supply the Metropolitan District while repairs were in progress at Echo Bridge on the Sudbury Aqueduct, and its surface was lowered about 2 feet. From December 1 until the close of the year the surface of the pond stood at or above high water. One set of screens has been renewed at the east gate-house at Spot Pond and one set at the gate-house at Fells Reservoir. The ironwork of the several gate-houses has been painted. The grounds have been kept in good order and policed at a cost of \$1,243.12.

Chelsea Reservoir.

In 1904 an arrangement was made by the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board with the Chelsea Water Board under which this Board repaired the reservoir lining, with the understanding that it should have the right to use the water when necessary for supplying the other cities in the District in addition to Chelsea. The repairs made at that time consisted of the placing on the inner slope of the reservoir a new and heavier lining of Portland cement concrete to a vertical depth of about 6 feet below the top of the embankment. The reservoir having shown indications of leakage during the year 1911, it was found on examination that the lining was in poor condition where the work done in 1904 joined the original construction. strip from 2 to 8 inches in width and from 11/2 to 6 inches in depth was dug out entirely around the reservoir, a distance of about 415 feet, and refilled with concrete made with Portland cement, Plum Island sand and fine crushed stone mixed in the proportions of 1, 2 and 4, to which was added 4 pounds of Hydrotite water-proofing to

each barrel of cement. The reservoir was cleaned and minor repairs made, the total cost of the repairs being \$332.39. The repairs were made between June 13 and July 8 and since the latter date the reservoir has shown no signs of leakage.

PIPE YARDS.

The buildings at both the Chestnut Hill and Glenwood pipe yards are in good condition. The side track at Chestnut Hill, used for the delivery of coal and cast iron pipe, has been repaired at a cost of \$140.63, and that at the Glenwood vard at a cost of \$62.56.

PIPE LINES.

The length of pipes owned and operated by the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board was increased by 0.15 of a mile during the year, making a total on December 31, 1912, of 101.73 miles. The length of mains 4 inches in diameter and larger connected with the works, but owned and operated by the several cities and towns supplied with water, is 1,745.9 miles.

Mystic Tunnel Extension.

The most important work done during the past year in connection with the maintenance of the pipe lines has been made necessary by the construction, by the city of Boston, of a wider channel at a new location in connection with the north channel of the Mystic River between Charlestown and Chelsea. This made necessary the extension of the tunnel through which the 24-inch water pipe is carried under the river channel. By arrangement with the city of Boston the work was done by the Board by day-labor, under the immediate supervision of Mr. C. A. Haskin, who, in 1900, built the tunnel which has now been extended.

Work connected with the removal of the old and the laying of the new pipes, including the covering and boxing of same, has been done by the maintenance force.

The extension of the tunnel begins at the location of the shaft at the Charlestown end of the old tunnel and extends westerly for about 273 feet toward Charlestown, ending in a shaft about 415 feet from the east shaft of the old tunnel, which remains in service. The extension is, like the old tunnel, circular in section, 6 feet in interior

diameter, built of brick masonry 12 inches in thickness, except where built in solid rock, where the invert is 8 inches thick. The centre line of the tunnel is about $43\frac{1}{2}$ feet below mean low water. The shaft is also 6 feet in interior diameter with walls 12 inches thick, and extends to 14.7 feet above mean low water. The upper 38 feet of the shaft is protected by a steel casing 8 feet 2 inches in diameter, made of plates $\frac{1}{2}$ -inch in thickness. This casing extends about 15 feet into the silt bed of the river and the shaft is protected by a circular guard composed of 42 oak piles strongly bolted together.

The 24-inch pipes in the old tunnel were found to be in poor condition below high water and have been entirely replaced. In relaying the pipes the curves at the bottom of the shafts were embedded in concrete and the pipes through the tunnel supported on brick piers 8 inches in thickness, spaced about 6 feet apart. The manhole curve at the top of each shaft is secured to the curve at the bottom of the shaft by two 1½-inch diameter vertical rods, and to the pile foundation by two 1½-inch rods carried back horizontally about 60 feet. For the purpose of preventing the deterioration of the pipes by the action of salt water and electrolysis they were covered with a ½-inch coating of slaked lime, which was in turn covered with a 1½-inch coating composed of equal parts of Portland cement and sand.

The work of setting up the boilers, air compressors, electric light plant, hoisting engines, pumps, etc., was begun on March 8, and during the week ending March 23 the water was pumped out of the old tunnel, the old pipes removed from the shaft and a brick bulkhead 24 inches thick built into the tunnel about 12 feet from the shaft. An air lock was then bolted to the top of the shaft and on April 1 the air pressure was applied. The brick lining was then removed at the bottom of the shaft and the work of driving the tunnel extension began on April 8. Rock was encountered in the lower part of the heading and rose as the heading advanced until at a distance of 24 feet from the centre of the old shaft the tunnel was entirely in rock and so continued for a distance of 200 feet. The work of lining the tunnel with brick was commenced on April 13 and both excavation and lining were carried forward at the rate of about 2 feet in 24 hours until July 17, when the brick lining had been advanced 206.5 feet beyond the old shaft. A brick bulkhead was then built near the end of the finished brickwork and the lined portion of the tunnel cleaned, plastered with cement mortar and washed with cement grout.

A concrete bulkhead reinforced with steel rails was then built into the old shaft, above the tunnel, and on July 25 the removal of the brickwork of the old shaft was commenced. When this had been partially done an attempt was made to raise the steel casing of the shaft with its brick lining by means of a powerful lighter, aided by compressed air in the shaft. This proving unsuccessful the shaft was left in place until the piles surrounding it were removed, and on November 30 it was raised by the lighter of the Merritt-Chapman Company and placed on the pier at the Naval Hospital near by. The brickwork was then removed from the casing and the steel sold for junk.

The circular guard of oak piles surrounding the new shaft was built by the George T. Rendle Company between April 20 and May 18. The steel shaft casing, composed of four sections, each 9½ feet long, was set up on the lighter and two of the sections were lined with brick. On May 20 the casing was lowered into position by the use of the lighter. The brick lining was then completed. On August 9 the hoisting engine and air lock were removed from the old shaft and set up at the new shaft. The air pressure was applied to the new shaft on August 10 and the brick lining of the shaft completed to the finished grade on August 16. Quicksand was encountered at the bottom of the shaft. The bottom was covered with a flooring of 2-inch plank on which was placed Portland cement concrete 18 inches in thickness. Tunnel excavation from the new shaft was begun August 16 and the tunnel lining was finished September 1. The air pressure was removed on September 3 for a short time for the purpose of testing the tightness of the masonry. On September 6 the air pressure was finally taken off. The work was carried on continuously day and night, a force averaging 16 men being employed on each of the three shifts. In order to comply with the law limiting the hours of labor to 48 per week, and at the same time carry on the work continuously, additional laborers and machinists were employed. The pipe line was finished on November 30 and placed in service on December 7. The cost of this work to December 31 was as follows: --

	Tunnel	constru	ction	: —									
Ι	abor, .									\$29,013	02		
										15,367	63		
										2,200			
		67										\$46,581	28
												Ψ10,001	
	Laving S	24-inch	pipe	in	tunnel	and	30-i	nch	pipe	in pipe bo)x:-	_	
I										\$1,909			
										1,252			
										1,052			
^	appires,	•	•	•	•	•	•					4,214	14
												4,214	TA
	Δmou	nt to h	a nai	d b	v oitv	of B	ostoi	n				\$50.795	42
	ZZIIIOU	110 10 10	c par	u b	y croy		05101	٠ و ١	•	• •	•	φου,του	1.
	Removir	ng and.	relav	ing	24-incl	ı pir	ne in	old	tunne	el:			
ĭ		_								\$2 , 523	89		
										809			
K	suppries,	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	930	02	4.000	70
												4,263	73
	FT3												
	Total	cost of	wor	k,	•	•	•	•	•	· 2		\$55,059	15

Fox Hill Bridge over Saugus River.

The construction of a reinforced concrete bridge, supported on granite piers, in place of an existing pile structure crossing the Saugus River between Saugus and Lynn, together with the substitution of earth filling for a portion of the old bridge, made necessary the lowering of the siphon at the river channel and the relaying of the pipe crossing the bridge.

The Snare & Triest Company of New York is rebuilding the bridge under the direction of the County Commissioners of Essex County. A contract for doing the dredging required for lowering the siphon about 4 feet was made with this Company on June 27, the work of supporting and lowering the siphon box being done by the maintenance force. This portion of the work was done during the months of July and August at a cost of about \$1,660, the siphon box being lowered so that the top of the siphon is now 14 feet below Boston city base.

During the construction of the new bridge the towns of Swampscott and Nahant are receiving their supply through a 12-inch main laid around the work on a temporary bridge. Slow progress has been made in constructing the new bridge. As it is evident that the water pipe cannot be placed in its permanent location until the coming season, the temporary line is now being covered with a wooden box to prevent its freezing. The total amount expended on the work to the end of the year was \$2,600.

Connection between Boston and Metropolitan Mains at Milton Lower Mills.

During the month of October a 24-inch branch was set at the junction of Morton and Sanford streets, in Dorchester, in the 36-inch main which supplies water to Quincy and Milton, and a connection made with a 36-inch main of the city of Boston. This connection is to be kept closed except in cases of emergency, when it will be used to supply either Quincy and Milton or the Dorchester district of the city of Boston. The cost of the work was \$1,614.88.

Miscellaneous.

A check valve has been set at the line between Lynn and Swamp-scott in the pipe supplying Swampscott, for the purpose of preventing waste of water from the Swampscott standpipe in case of a break in the Metropolitan main.

The work of boxing the pipes on the new pipe bridge over the Boston & Maine Railroad at Webster Avenue, in Somerville, has been completed at a cost of \$845.10, which was paid by the Boston & Maine Railroad in connection with the abolition of the grade crossing on Webster Avenue.

The pipe box over the Neponset River at Milton Lower Mills has been repaired, scraped and painted at a cost of \$351.66.

Thirty-nine leaks and one break have been discovered and repaired during the year, at a cost of \$1,262.28. A large proportion of the leaks have occurred at joints and 12 were from wooden insulating joints. The one break which occurred during the year took place about four A.M. on February 13 on Adams Street in Milton, in the 24-inch main supplying Quincy. One length of pipe was split for nearly its full length, the evident cause being settlement of the pipe on to the brick masonry of a large sewer, which had been constructed since the pipe was laid. The work of repairing the main was expensive and difficult for the reason that the ground was frozen to a depth of from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ feet, and water escaping from the leak

traveled for a considerable distance underground before coming to the surface. The line was repaired and placed in service at two P.M. on February 14. Later in the year the main was raised for a length of about 70 feet so that there is now a distance of 9 inches between the top of the sewer and the bottom of the water pipe. The trench was resurfaced with crushed stone and Tarvia. The cost of repairing the leak was \$406.73, and of raising the pipe and resurfacing the street \$432.47.

METERS.

There were 65 Venturi meters, in sizes varying from 6 to 60 inches, connected with the distributing mains on December 31, 1912, of which 50 were in use in measuring the water supplied to the several municipalities in the District, 2 were used on the Weston Aqueduct Supply Mains and 1 on the Wakefield supply. There were also 3 Hersey disc meters, 1 Hersey torrent, 4 Hersey detector, 1 Crown and 3 Union rotary meters, which were used to measure the water supplied in sections where the flow was too small to be conveniently measured with a Venturi meter. None of the Venturi meter tubes were set in 1912, but the register for the meter on the pipe supplying water to Hyde Park was first located in a tank in the basement of the pumping station and later moved to the engine room. There were 57 recording registers connected with the Venturi meters on December 31, 1912, of which 54 were type D and 3 type M.

The Venturi meters have now been in use for eight or nine years and the moving parts of the clocks and other portions of the registering mechanism are becoming worn, and the cost of maintaining the meters will doubtless increase during the next few years.

ELECTROLYSIS.

Between April 1 and May 7 measurements of the currents of electricity flowing on the Metropolitan mains throughout the District were made at gaging stations which had been previously established. These measurements showed that the electrical conditions were on the whole about the same as during the previous year, but that there was a large amount of current flowing on the 48-inch and 42-inch low-service mains between Malden and Chelsea, and on the westerly 48-inch main between the Fitchburg Railroad in Cambridge and Spot Pond.

The 24-inch pipes removed from the tunnel at the Mystic River between Charlestown and Chelsea were badly affected by electrolytic action. Where they had been immersed in salt water the pittings were from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch in depth, and there were grooves encircling the pipes in which the iron had decomposed to a depth of from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{5}{8}$ of an inch.

On July 29 a leak occurred from the 24-inch pipe line in Broadway, Chelsea, near the power station of the Bay State Street Railway Company. In the bottom of the pipe from which the leak occurred there was a hole 3 inches x 1½ inches, and the entire pipe was so soft that holes could be easily made at any point. It will be necessary to relay a considerable length of this main during the coming year.

CLINTON SEWERAGE.

Pumping Station.

The Clinton sewage-disposal works were operated daily throughout the year. The average daily quantity of sewage pumped to the filter-beds was 1,057,000 gallons, which is 190,000 gallons per day in excess of the quantity pumped in 1907, the previous maximum year.

An investigation and study of the pumping, rainfall and temperature records indicate that this increase in the quantity pumped was due to the leaky condition of sewers in the town of Clinton. This matter has been brought to the attention of the authorities of the town but as yet nothing has been done by them.

The daily average quantities pumped during each month of the year were as follows:—

								Gallons.
January,					•			1,073,000
February,								1,017,000
March,								1,325,000
April,			•				•	1,907,000
May,								1,490,000
June,								1,153,000
July,.								835,000
August,								787,000
September	,							739,000
October,	•							761,000
November,								720,000
December,								880,000

The following are statistics relating to the operation of the pumping station:—

	Steam Plant from Jan. 1 to Oct. 28.	Electric Plant from Oct. 24 to Dec. 31.	Total.
Daily average quantity of sewage pumped (gallons),	1,120,000	783,000	1,057,000
Daily average quantity of coal consumed (pounds),	2,095	-	2,095
Daily average quantity of energy used (K. W. H.),	-	185	185
Number of days pumping,	297	69	366
Cost of pumping: —			
Labor,	\$1,815 83	\$336 22	\$2,152 05
Fuel and electric energy (energy at \$5.30 per thousand K. W. H.),	1,410 18	116 60	1,526 78
Repairs and supplies,	244 61	65 00	309 61
Total for station,	\$3,470 62	\$517 82	\$3,988 44
Cost per million gallons pumped,	10 43	9 59	10 31
Cost per million gallons raised one foot high,	0.212	0.197	0.209

A 12-inch single stage De Laval centrifugal pump, directly connected with a 40 H.P. motor of the General Electric squirrel cage type, has been installed at the pumping station and has been used since October 24 for pumping nearly all of the sewage received at the station. Energy for operating this plant is conveyed from the power plant at the Wachusett Dam to the sewerage pumping station, a distance of 2½ miles, by means of a 3-conductor No. 6 stranded, rubberinsulated, lead-covered cable carried under-ground for a distance of about 590 feet from the power station to Boylston Street, and for the remainder of the distance to the pumping station by three heavily insulated No. 6 copper wires attached to poles of the Worcester Consolidated Street Railway Company, the New England Telephone and Telegraph Company and the Clinton Gas Light Company on Boylston, Chestnut, Mechanic and High streets. At the power station there were installed three 25 K.V.A. transformers for transforming the energy from 13,800 volts to 2,300 volts, together with the necessary meters, switches and fuses for controlling and measuring the energy. At the pumping station there were placed a handoperated starting compensator and a float switch for automatically stopping the motor. For recording and measuring the quantity of sewage pumped a Venturi meter was placed in the force main leading to the filter-beds.

The cost of the installation was divided approximately as follows:—

Transformer, meter	rs a	nd cor	necti	ions a	at pov	ver s	tation	1, .			\$1,121 5	58
Transmission line,		•				•	•				3,652 5	52
Starting compensa	tor,	Ventu	ıri me	eter, j	piping	g, etc	·., .				1,886 1	19
Pump and motor,	•	•				•			•	•	965 0	00
										-		-
Total.									-		\$7.625 2	29

Filter-beds.

The sewage was applied to the filter-beds in practically the same manner as during the preceding four and one-half years. The beds were used in rotation throughout the year. Each of the 25 one-acre beds has received about 65,200 gallons of sewage in thirty minutes at intervals of two days. During the winter season the surface of the beds was plowed in furrows 3½ feet apart. The eight settling basins into which the sewage is pumped previous to being applied to the filter-beds were used in pairs in rotation throughout the year. During the winter season the basins were used continuously for a month, but from April 1 to December 1 the basins were emptied and cleaned after one week's use. The sludge collected in these basins, amounting to 732 cubic yards, has all been used on grass land on the back slope of the westerly portion of the North Dike. There has been a continuous improvement in the effluent from these beds during each year since 1909, when distributors and additional underdrains were constructed. The results obtained during the past year have been better than during any of the past thirteen years that the works have been operated.

The results of the analyses of the sewage and effluent are given in the following table:—

[Parts per 100,000.]

	Average	,		191	12.	Whole
	of Four Years, 1905-09.	1910.	1911.	January to June.	July to Decem- ber.	Year, 1912.
Albuminoid ammonia, sewage, .	.7540	.7050	1.0683	1.5900	1.6133	1.6017
Albuminoid ammonia, effluent, .	.0768	.0686	.0639	.0981	.0466	.0724
Per cent. removed,	89.7	90.3	94	94	97	95
Oxygen consumed, sewage,	7.045	6.658	9.3292	11.258	12.367	11.812
Oxygen consumed, effluent,	1.085	.8863	.8713	.403	.631	.517
Per cent. removed,	83.5	86.7	91	96	95	95.5
Free ammonia, sewage,	4.1617	3.8867	5.7417	3.7067	5.0500	4.2129
Free ammonia, effluent,	1.3134	.6493	.7369	1.1348	.2071	.6710
Per cent. removed,	67.5	83.3	87	69	96	84
Nitrogen as nitrates, effluent, .	.1724	.7338	.9740	.4411	1.2866	.8638
Iron, effluent,	1.9807	. 6395	. 5203	.6106	.1452	.3779

The cost of maintaining the filter-beds has been as follows: —

Labor, Supplies and expenses,									
Total,		٠.		•.	•		•	\$4,176	60
Cost per million gallons	e tro	hate						\$10	80

Hydro-electric Power Station.

The hydro-electric power station at the Wachusett Dam has been operated on 261 days during the year, and nearly all of the electric energy generated delivered to the Connecticut River Transmission Company under a 5-year contract which went into effect on October 2, 1911. Since October 15, 1912, a small quantity of energy has been used in operating a centrifugal pump for lifting the sewage at the Clinton sewerage pumping station. The daily output has varied from the minimum amount required under the contract to the full capacity of the plant. Under all conditions and combinations the plant has given excellent service, with only an occasional minor trouble, which has been immediately remedied.

The force employed includes one electrical engineer, one operator and two helpers who give all their time to the plant, and one helper whose time is divided equally between the station, the dam and the Superintendent's office. The following are the statistics relating to operations at this station:—

Quantity of energy sold to Connecticut River Transmission	
Company (kilowatt hours),	5,716,595
Quantity of energy used at power station (kilowatt hours), .	12,228
Quantity of energy used at sewerage pumping station (kilo-	
watt hours),	12,765
Total quantity of energy generated (kilowatt hours), .	5,741,588
Quantity of water used (gallons),	6,393,100,000
Average effective head (feet),	90.8
Kilowatt hours generated per million foot gallons,	2.396
Efficiency of station (per cent.),	76.3
n ·	
Earnings: —	
Energy supplied Connecticut River Trans-	
mission Company at \$5.30 per thousand	
kilowatt hours,	
Labor supplied Connecticut River Transmis-	
sion Company,	
Energy supplied power and sewerage pump-	
ing stations, credited at \$5.30 per thousand	
kilowatt hours,	
	- \$30,465 66
Cost of operating station:—	
Labor,	
Fuel for heating building, 85 76	
Repairs and appliances, 354 46	
Oil and waste,	
Small supplies,	
Taxes,	
·	8,995 66
Net earnings,	\$21,470 00
Net earnings per thousand kilowatt hours generated,	\$3.74

MISCELLANEOUS.

During the year the town of Lexington has constructed a reinforced concrete standpipe 30 feet in diameter and 105 feet high, with a capacity of 555,000 gallons. The high-water mark of this standpipe is 56 feet higher than that of the two standpipes previously used by

the town, and it has substantially the same elevation as the Metropolitan Water Works standpipe in Arlington with which it is connected. The increased pressure was supplied to the town from the standpipe after October 28.

In April the old material which had been collected at different points on the works during the past 14 years was sold to J. F. Harrigan for the sum of \$4,110. This material included two 5,000,000-gallon and one 8,000,000-gallon Worthington pumping engines; boilers, pumps, etc., formerly used by the city of Boston at the Mystic Pumping Station; hoisting engines and winches, centrifugal and plunger pumps, steam shovel and stone crusher, together with miscellaneous machinery and piping which had been used during the construction of the Wachusett and Sudbury works.

Engineering.

In addition to the regular work in connection with the supervision of the maintenance and operation of the works the engineering force has supervised the work of extending the tunnel at the bridge between Chelsea and Charlestown, of lining the Sudbury Aqueduct at Echo Bridge, and of relaying pipes at the bridge over the Saugus River. Estimates have been made for lowering the pipes crossing Chelsea Creek between Chelsea and East Boston, and for relaying pipes across Charles River between Cambridge and Brighton, in connection with the reconstruction of the Stadium Bridge. Surveys and studies have been in progress for the construction of works to care for the manufacturing wastes and sewage from the town of Holden. Surveys and plan of Framingham Reservoir No. 1 have been completed, showing the property of the Commonwealth. The work of surveying and establishing property lines and setting stone bounds to mark the location of the property of the Board in Cedar Swamp, in Westborough, has been in progress. Surveys have been made of the properties formerly owned by the Chattanooga Mills, D. A. Burgess and D. W. Mitchell on the Sudbury River. Tables have been prepared giving the capacity of Lake Cochituate based upon recent surveys. An estimate was made of the cost of filtering the water of Lake Cochituate, this estimate having been presented to the Legislature in connection with the special report upon the subject made by this Board and the State Board of Health.

Appended to this report are tables giving the amount of work done

and other information relative to contracts, a series of tables relating to the maintenance of the Metropolitan Water Works, including the rainfall, yield of sources of supply, consumption of water in the different districts, the number of service pipes, meters and fire hydrants in the Metropolitan Water District, and a summary of statistics for the year 1912.

Respectfully submitted,

DEXTER BRACKETT,

Chief Engineer.

Boston, January 1, 1913.

REPORT OF ENGINEER OF SEWERAGE WORKS.

To the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board.

Gentlemen: — The following report of the operations of the Metropolitan Sewerage Works for the year ending December 31, 1912, is respectfully submitted: —

ORGANIZATION.

The engineering organization until February 21, 1912, was as follows:—

Chief Engineer:

WILLIAM M. BROWN.

Division Engineers:

Frederick D. Smith, . In charge of maintenance and construction, South Metropolitan System.

Frank I. Capen, . . . In charge of maintenance and construction,

North Metropolitan System.

HENRY T. STIFF, . . In charge of office and drafting room.

The resignations on February 21, 1912, of William M. Brown, Chief Engineer, to accept an important position elsewhere, and of Frank I. Capen, Division Engineer, on April 1, 1912, to enter private business, caused a reorganization of the engineering force.

On February 28, 1912, Frederick D. Smith was appointed Engineer in Charge of Sewerage Works.

The construction of the New Mystic Sewer through the town of Winchester and the city of Medford necessitated the employment of additional assistants who have been added as needed until the force at the end of the year consisted of the following:—

Division Engineer:

Henry T. Stiff, . . . In charge of office and drafting room and of construction of the New Mystic Sewer, North Metropolitan System.

Assistant Engineers:

CLARENCE A. MOORE, . In charge of maintenance studies and records.

ARTHUR F. F. HASKELL, . In charge of survey work and field work in connection with the New Mystic Sewer construction.

In addition to the above, the average number of engineering and other assistants employed during the year was 12, which includes 1 instrumentman, 4 inspectors, 2 draftsmen, 3 rodmen and 2 stenographers.

METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE DISTRICTS.

Areas and Populations.

During the year no changes have been made in the extent of the sewerage districts as given in the last annual report.

The populations of the districts, as given in the following table, are based on the census of 1910.

Table showing Areas and Estimated Populations within the Metropolitan Sewerage Districts, as of December 31, 1912.

			Cı	ry o	я То	wn.				Area (Square Miles).	Estim Popula	
North Metropolitan District.	Arlington, Belmont, Boston (por Cambridge, Chelsea, Everett, Lexington, Malden, Medford, Melrose, Revere, Somerville, Stoneham, Wakefield, Winchester, Winthrop,		of),							5.20 4.66 3.45 6.11 2.24 3.34 5.11 5.07 8.35 3.73 5.86 3.96 5.50 7.65 5.95 1.61	12,330 6,200 106,380 108,700 35,260 36,710 4,280 47,370 25,270 16,490 20,350 81,940 7,720 12,030 9,940 11,240	
South Metropolitan District.	Boston (por Brookline, Dedham, 1 Milton, Newton, Quincy, Waltham, Watertown, Totals,	tions	of),	2			•			24.96 6.81 9.40 12.59 16.88 12:56 13.63 4.04 100.87	213,200 30,010 9,600 8,380 42,230 35,080 29,460 13,880	558,140 381,840 939,980

¹ Part of town.

METROPOLITAN SEWERS.

SEWERS PURCHASED AND CONSTRUCTED AND THEIR CONNECTIONS.

During the year there has been built 0.09 of a mile of Metropolitan sewer within the sewerage districts, so that there are now 103.426 miles of Metropolitan sewers. Of this total, 9.642 miles of sewers, with the Quincy pumping station, have been purchased from cities

² Including Hyde Park.

and towns of the districts, the remaining 93.784 miles of Metropolitan sewers and other works having been constructed by the Metropolitan boards.

The locations, lengths and sizes of these sewers are given in Appendix No. 5, Table No. 1, together with other data referring to the public and special connections with the system.

Information relating to areas, populations, local sewer connections and other data for the whole Metropolitan Sewerage District appears in the following table:—

North Metropolitan District.

Area (Square	Estimated Total	Miles of Local Sewer	Estimated Population contributing	Ratio of Contributing Population to Total	WITH 1	ONS MADE METRO- SEWERS.							
Miles).	Population.	connected.	Sewage.	Population (Per Cent.).	Public.	Special.							
90.50	558,140	700.25	271	477									
100.87	381,840	South Me	tropolitan D	66.1	130	33							
	Entire Metropolitan District.												
191.37	939,980	1,272.65	749,060	79.7	401	510							

Of the estimated gross population of 939,980 on December 31, 1912, 749,060, representing 79.7 per cent, were on that date contributing sewage to the Metropolitan sewers, through a total length of 1,272.65 miles of local sewers owned by the individual cities and towns of the district.

These sewers are connected with the Metropolitan System by 401 public and 510 special connections. During the current year there has been an increase of 32.08 miles of local sewers connected with the Metropolitan System, and 7 public and 14 special connections have been added.

Pumping Stations and Pumpage.

The following table shows the average daily volume of sewage lifted at each of the six principal Metropolitan pumping stations and

the Quincy sewage lifting station during the year, as compared with the corresponding volumes for the previous year.

	AVERAGE DAILY PUMPAGE.						
PUMPING STATION.	Jan. 1, 1911, to Dec. 31, 1911.	Jan. 1, 1912, to Dec. 31, 1912.	Increase d Ye	luring the			
Deer Island,	Gallons. 52,800,000	Gallons. 55,700,000	Gallons. 2,900,000	Per Cent.			
East Boston,	50,800,000	53,700,000	2,900,000	5.7			
Charlestown,	32,600,000	34,600,000	2,000,000	6.1			
Alewife Brook,	3,012,000	3,446,000	434,000	14.4			
Quincy,	4,069,000	3,958,000	111,0001	2.71			
Ward Street (actual gallons pumped),	22,600,000	26,258,000	3,658,000	16.2			
Quincy sewage lifting station,	-	48,000	-	-			

¹ Decrease.

CONSTRUCTION.

NORTH METROPOLITAN SYSTEM.

Chapter 461 of the Acts of 1912 provided for the construction of an additional Metropolitan sewer from a point in West Medford through the town of Winchester to the Woburn line, which has been designated the New Mystic Sewer.

The Act also provided for new screening facilities at the East Boston pumping station.

NEW MYSTIC SEWER.

Surveys and borings have been made and studies completed to determine the route of this sewer. A line through the central part of the town of Winchester was first studied in a preliminary way. In this line serious physical difficulties were encountered. Moreover, as the town of Winchester had purchased for park purposes the Whitney property and pond with the expectation of lowering the surface of the pond about five feet, it was found that it would be necessary to introduce three siphons if this line were followed, consequently the route has been laid east of the Aberjona River, largely through lands of the Boston & Maine Railroad, the Metropolitan Park Commission, the Winchester Park Commission and in public streets. By this route siphons are avoided and a good natural foundation for the sewer provided for most of its length.

SECTION 67. — NORTH METROPOLITAN SYSTEM.

This section starts from a point on the easterly side of the Boston & Maine Railroad at Station 56 + 80, Section 22 of the Metropolitan sewer constructed in 1893, at a distance of about 353 feet below the bellmouth at the intersection with the old Mystic Sewer, and extends through land of the Boston & Maine Railroad, including the old Mystic Sewer filtration beds, to and through land of C. F. and Robert Bacon, then through other land of said Railroad and through land of Robert Bacon and across Mystic Place to private land of Jacob W. Wilbur and through other land of Robert Bacon and along Grove Place.

This sewer is built partly in tunnel. Some particulars of the section are as follows:—

Total length of section, 4,800 feet.

Length of tunnel, 1,425 feet.

Average depth of cut in open trench, 21 feet.

Greatest depth in tunnel, 53 feet.

Diameter of concrete sewer (circular), 54 inches.

Name of contractor, Coleman Brothers.

Date of contract, October 15, 1912.

Division Engineer in charge of construction, Henry T. Stiff.

Assistant Engineer, A. F. F. Haskell.

At the present time work is in progress at two points in open trench and at five headings in tunnel. At the end of the year approximately twenty per cent. of the work was completed. The excavations in open cut are made with the assistance of a trench machine and a platform derrick which is used at the rock cut opening. Ground water was found at elevation 113 at Station 18 + 50 and is pumped by a 6-inch centrifugal pump. No excessive amount of ground water has been encountered. No ground water was found in the tunnel portion below Station 15. The earth material excavated so far has consisted of sand and gravel and some clay near the bottom. Excellent material for concrete has been found in abundance in the trench. This section will probably be completed about June 1, 1913.

Plans are in preparation for the remaining sections of this extension and contracts will be made for the same early in the coming year.

Screening Machinery at East Boston Pumping Station.

The work of renewing and enlarging the screening plant at the East Boston pumping station, authorized by chapter 461 of the Acts of the year 1912, was commenced on July 23, 1912. On July 19, a taking of 1,725 square feet was made in Addison Street lying immediately east of the Boston & Albany Freight Railroad and south of the pumping station building. The screening at this station has been carried on in a small underground chamber which was built at the time of the construction of the original plant. The changes contemplate the abolition of this underground chamber and the screens will be operated from the ground level in a new building. The machinery will also be replaced in duplicate.

At the present time the concrete and brick masonry by-pass has been constructed, together with a new screen-chamber and the castiron screen guides are in place.

Suitable connection has been provided for an additional siphon across Chelsea Creek as was contemplated in the original plans.

A connection has been made between the sewer of the city of Boston in Addison Street and the suction sewer at the station. This connecting sewer has been furnished with a fixed screen to be used during the period of construction of the new work. When this work is completed the sewer will be relocated with a connection in such manner as to enter before the screens. The line of 6-inch water pipe which supplies the station has been changed to meet the new requirements.

Addition to the Screen-House Building.

Plans have been prepared and contract made for the erection of the addition to the screen-house building. Following are the particulars of the contract:

Date of contract, December 26, 1912.

Name of contractor, J. E. Locatelli Company, Inc.

Price for reconstruction of screen-house building complete, \$4,700.

At this date the contractor has brought some material but has done no construction work.

Plans have been made for the new screening machinery and a contract for the machinery will be made early in the coming year.

SIPHON AT SARATOGA STREET, EAST BOSTON.

In extending its drainage works the city of Boston found it necessary to cross with a siphon under the line of the Metropolitan sewer in Saratoga Street at a point near Station 2+60 of Section 9 of the North Metropolitan Sewer.

Because of the danger to the 9-foot Metropolitan main sewer during construction the city desired that this siphon should be constructed by the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board. Suitable arrangements were made whereby the city agreed to reimburse the Board for all expenses incurred, and work was begun on the siphon on September 4, 1912, under the supervision of Charles A. Haskin, using compressed air process. This siphon is built of brick and has a width of 5 feet and a height of 6 feet, and was successfully completed on October 30, 1912. Reimbursement from the city of Boston for all expenses was received by the Board.

MAINTENANCE.

SCOPE OF WORK AND FORCE EMPLOYED.

The maintenance of the Metropolitan Sewerage System includes the operation of 7 pumping stations, the Nut Island screen-house and 103.426 miles of Metropolitan sewers, receiving the discharge from 1,272.65 miles of city and town sewers at 401 points, together with the care and study of inverted siphons under streams and in the harbor.

The permanent maintenance force includes 170 men, of whom 103 are employed on the North System and 67 on the South System. These are subdivided as follows: North Metropolitan System, engineers and other employés at the pumping stations, 63, and on maintenance, care of sewer lines, buildings and grounds, 40 men; South Metropolitan System, 34 engineers and other employés within the pumping stations, and 33 men on maintenance, care of sewer lines, buildings and grounds.

In Appendix No. 5 will be found tables numbered 2 and 3 which contain data concerning the use of the system and its relation to the contributing cities and towns.

The regular work of this department, in addition to the operation

of the pumping stations, has consisted of routine work of cleaning and inspecting sewers and siphons, care of pumping stations and other buildings and grounds, and the maintenance of the ferry at Shirley Gut for transporting employés and supplies in connection with the operation of the Deer Island pumping station.

In addition to these regular duties other work has been done by this department as below described.

GRADE CROSSING AT MEDFORD STREET, SOMERVILLE, FITCHBURG DIVISION OF THE BOSTON & MAINE RAILROAD.

At Medford Street, Somerville, the street has been depressed and the railroad carried across it on a bridge. The construction of the bridge abutments necessitated the driving of pile foundations and close attention had to be given to insure the safety of the Metropolitan sewer at this point. The inspection of this work in connection with the interests of the Metropolitan sewer has been done by a foreman and assistants of the maintenance department. No damage was done to the Metropolitan sewer.

During this construction it was necessary to make a temporary connection, without regulator, between the 4-foot local combined sewer in Medford Street and the Metropolitan sewer. This connection will be discontinued early in the coming year and the local sewage returned to its former channel.

GRADE CROSSING AT ORIENT HEIGHTS, BOSTON, REVERE BEACH & LYNN RAILROAD.

At Saratoga Street, Orient Heights, the work of abolishing the grade crossing is in progress, the railroad being depressed 3 feet and the street raised 17 feet. It was found necessary to reinforce the 9-foot Metropolitan sewer at this point by constructing a relieving arch of steel reinforced concrete 12 inches thick at the crown over the sewer to support the railroad tracks and the street embankment of the approaches to the bridge. For a part of the distance it was necessary to carry this reinforcement on a pile foundation. The inspection of this work in connection with the interests of the Metropolitan sewer has been done by a foreman and assistants of the maintenance department.

At the end of the year 354 linear feet of arch reinforcement were completed, extending from Station 29 + 46 to Station 33, Section 8 of the North Metropolitan sewer, and the work of reinforce-

ment will be continued when work opens in the spring. No damage has been done to the Metropolitan sewer.

Boilers and Economizer at Charlestown Station.

The Green economizer at the Charlestown station, which was installed at the time of the construction of the plant, had become so weakened by rust and deteriorated by formation of scale that it no longer gave trustworthy or economical service. Bids were invited from manufacturers and a Sturtevant economizer was purchased at a cost of \$924.75, which included removing the old economizer and placing the new one in position, but did not include masonry changes. The maintenance department completed the masonry changes and made the necessary connections with the existing plant.

The horizontal tubular boilers at this station have been in use many years. Two were placed when the plant was installed in 1894 and two were added about five years later. The foundations of all of these had settled somewhat and the settings were rebuilt during the year. In connection with this the boiler inspector made a thorough examination of the boilers, subjecting them to a hydraulic pressure of 170 pounds and applying a hammer-test, so called. They were found to be in good condition.

New piping for feed and blow-off has been put in and the boiler plant generally put in first class condition. A new concrete floor will be placed in the boiler room early in the coming year.

DREDGING AT EAST BOSTON PUMPING STATION WHARF.

To facilitate the handling of cargoes of coal, it became necessary to dredge a berth alongside the wharf at the East Boston pumping station. A contract for this was entered into with the Bay State Dredging Company on April 6, 1912. The price for the complete dredging and removing of material was \$375. This work was completed in May, 1912.

PAINTING.

During the year all the woodwork in buildings and on fences at the Nut Island station, dwelling house at Island Avenue, Quincy, Hough's Neck stock yard and at the Quincy pumping station was painted, and the brick buildings, together with the East Boston pumping station, received a coat of linseed oil outside. The concrete locker building at East Boston received two coats of "Cemcoat" paint. This work was done by the regular employés of the Board. Drainage from Tanneries, Gelatine and Glue Works in Winchester, Woburn and Stoneham.

Five men and a foreman have been employed during a part of the year in flushing and cleaning the Metropolitan sewer through the tannery districts of Winchester, Woburn and Stoneham.

All the tanneries and glue works of the district now have settling tanks of substantial size. This method of treatment has very greatly reduced the amount of sludge material entering the Metropolitan sewers and has materially lessened the cost of maintenance of the sewers in this district.

The following table gives details of settling tanks introduced to date, showing the operations of same with the amount of sludge collected and removed.

Table of Semi-fluid Sludge removed from Settling Basins at the Tanneries, Gelatine and Glue Works in Winchester, Woburn and Stoneham.

Location of Basin.	Basin put in Operation.	Inside Measure- ment of Basin (Feet).	Number of Times cleaned during the Year 1912.	Average Quantity Semifuid Sludge removed (Cubic Yards).	Total Quantity Semi-fluid Sludge removed during the Year 1912 (Cubic Yards).
Beggs & Cobb Company, Basin No. 1, .	Jan. 15, 1910	47.0×23.0	7	131	918
Beggs & Cobb Company, Basin No. 2, .	May 9, 1910	47.0×23.0	11	116	1,275
Beggs & Cobb Company, Basin No. 3, .	Oct. 19, 1911	51.0×25.0	9	64.4	579
American Hide and Leather Company, Factory E.	Aug. 1, 1910	48.3×23.0	1	70	70
American Hide and Leather Company, Factory D.	Nov. 15, 1910	48.0×23.1	5 ½	133.5	734
Cottle Leather Company,	July 15, 1910	49.0×23.2	None	-	-
B. F. Kimball & Co.,	Dec. 10, 1910	47.2×23.0	41/2	140.5	632
E. Cummings Leather Company,	Nov. 1, 1910	45.9×22.6	7	102	716
W. P. Fox & Sons,	July 12, 1910	47.8×22.6	7	134	938
T. F. Boyle & Co.,	Sept. 15, 1910	48.1×23.1	3	105	315
Champion Tanning Company,	Jan. 9, 1911	46.8 × 22.9	41/2	82	370
Stoneham Tanning Company,	May 1, 1911	43.8 × 19.5	31/2	142.5	499
American Glue Company,	Oct. 1, 1910	47.1×23.0	31/2	136.3	477
Winchester Manufacturing Company,	1902 {	$35.5 \times 24.7 \\ 67.2 \times 12.0$	} 7	57.3	401
Total,	-	-	-	-	7,924

PUMPING STATIONS.

CAPACITY AND RESULTS.

Chapter 494, Acts of 1911, the eight-hour law, so called, became operative on July 1, 1911. At this date extra labor was employed at all of the pumping stations.

The cost of operation of the stations for the year ending December 31, 1911, was increased by the cost of this extra labor for one-half of the year. The cost for the year ending December 31, 1912, is increased over the previous year by the fact that this extra labor has been employed the whole year. The vacation period has also been increased from ten to fifteen days per year.

The following tables summarize the pumping records for the year for the Metropolitan sewerage stations:—

NORTH METROPOLITAN SYSTEM.

Deer Island Pumping Station.

At this station are four submerged centrifugal pumps with impellers or wheels 8.25 feet in diameter, driven by triple-expansion engines of the Reynolds-Corliss type.

Contract capacity of 1 pump: 100,000,000 gallons, with 19-foot lift.

Contract capacity of 3 pumps: 45,000,000 gallons each, with 19-foot lift.

Average duty for the year: 50,600,000 foot-pounds.

Average quantity raised each day: 55,700,000 gallons.

Force employed: 4 engineers, 1 relief engineer, 4 firemen, 3 oilers, 3 screen-

men, 1 relief screenman and 1 laborer.

Coal used: New River, costing from \$3.92 to \$3.94 per gross ton.

Table of Approximate Quantities, Lifts and Duties at the Deer Island Pumping Station of the North Metropolitan System.

Mon	rns.		Total Pumpage (Gallons).	Average per Day (Gallons).	Minimum Day (Gallons).	Maximum Day (Gallons).	Average Lift (Feet).	Average Duty (ftlbs. per 100 lbs. 4 Coal).
January, .	2.		2,116,300,000	68,300,000	58,500,000	100,300,000	11.45	58,200,000
February,			1,876,400,000	64,700,000	53,700,000	119,400,000	11.54	53,800,000
March, .			2,047,500,000	66,000,000	49,900,000	108,300,000	11.06	53,800,000
April, .			2,126,600,000	70,900,000	56,700,000	100,000,000	11.04	52,100,000
May, .			1,959,300,000	63,200,000	50,100,000	78,400,000	10.90	53,300,000
June, .			1,510,200,000	50,400,000	37,000,000	64,800,000	10.72	56,500,000
July, .			1,643,800,000	53,000,000	39,000,000	82,800,000	10.54	50,300,000
August, .			1,468,700,000	47,400,000	38,100,000	68,800,000	10.48	44,900,000
September,			1,336,200,000	44,500,000	34,200,000	65,100,000	10.81	45,800,000
October, .			1,326,700,000	42,800,000	33,800,000	61,900,000	10.09	42,400,000
November,			1,387,600,000	46,300,000	39,000,000	71,900,000	10.53	46,400,000
December,			1,565,700,000	50,500,000	36,200,000	98,400,000	10.43	49,700,000
Total,			20,365,000,000	-	-	-	- 1	-
Average,			- 1	55,700,000	43,900,000	85,000,000	10.80	50,600,000

Average Cost per Million Foot-gallons for Pumping at the Deer Island Station.

Volume (20,365 Million Gallons) X Lift (10.80 Feet) = 219,942 Million Foot-gallons.

]	TEMS	3.				Cost.	Cost per Million Foot- gallons.
Labor,											\$13,4 87 60	\$0.06132
Coal,											9,545 04	.04340
Oil, .											371 20	.00169
Waste,											109 40	.00050
Water,											1,686 00	.00767
Packing,											117 55	.00053
Miscellan	eous	s sup	plies	and	renev	vals,					1,377 75	.00626
Tota	ls,										\$26,694 54	\$0.12137
Labor at	scre	ens,										.01304

East Boston Pumping Station.

At this station are four submerged centrifugal pumps, with impellers or wheels 8.25 feet in diameter, driven by triple-expansion engines of the Reynolds-Corliss type.

Contract capacity of 1 pump: 100,000,000 gallons with 19-foot lift.

Contract capacity of 3 pumps: 45,000,000 gallons each, with 19-foot lift.

Average duty for the year: 73,200,000 foot-pounds. Average quantity raised each day: 53,700,000 gallons.

Force employed: 4 engineers, 2 relief engineers, 4 firemen, 1 relief fireman,

3 oilers, 3 screenmen, 1 relief screenman, 3 helpers and 1 laborer.

Coal used: New River, costing from \$3.755 to \$4 per gross ton.

Table of Approximate Quantities, Lifts and Duties at the East Boston Pumping Station of the North Metropolitan System.

Mon	THS.			Total Pumpage (Gallons).	Average per Day (Gallons).	Minimum Day (Gallons).	Maximum Day (Gallons).	Average Lift (Feet).	Average Duty (ftlbs. per 100 lbs. Coal).
January, .	2.			2,054,300,000	66,300,000	56,500,000	98,300,000	16.15	75,000,000
February, March, .				1,818,400,000	62,700,000 64,000,000	51,700,000 47,900,000	117,400,000	15.80 15.83	63,200,000
April, .				2,066,600,000	68,900,000	54,700,000	98,000,000	15.83	83,100,000
May, . June, .				1,897,300,000	61,200,000 48,400,000	48,100,000	76,400,000 62,800,000	15.66 15.34	80,800,000 78,800,000
July, . August, .			٠	1,581,800,000	51,000,000 45,400,000	37,000,000 36,100,000	80,400,900 66,800.000	14.76 15.23	73,800,000 81,200,000
September,		•		1,276,200,000	42,500,000	32,200,000	63,100,000	15.83	79,700,000
October, . November,		٠	٠	1,264,700,000	40,800,000	31,800,000 37,000,000	59,900,000 69,900,000	15.47 15.39	76,800,000 65,100,000
December,				1,503,700,000	48,500,000	34,200,000	96,400,000	15.13	56,900,000
Total, Average,			.1	19,633,100,000	53,700,000	41,900,000	- 83,000,000	- 15.54	73,200,000

Average Cost per Million Foot-gallons for Pumping at the East Boston Station.

Volume (19,633.1 Million Gallons) × Lift (15.54 Feet) = 305,098.4 Million Foot-gallons.

						ITEM	s.					Cost.	Cost per Million Foot- gallons.
Labor,												\$19,270 77	\$0.06316
Coal,												9,952 86	.03262
Oil, .						٠.						399 90	.00131
Waste,												138 65	.00046
Water,											.	1,695 60	.00556
Packing,												113 71	.00037
Miscellan	ieou	s sup	plies	and	renev	vals,						1,828 88	.00599
Total	ls,											\$33,400 37	\$0.10947
Labor at	scre	ens,	•		•				•		٠	-	.00943

Charlestown Pumping Station.

At this station are three submerged centrifugal pumps, two of them having impellers or wheels, 7.5 feet in diameter, the other 8.25 feet in diameter. They are driven by triple-expansion engines of the Reynolds-Corliss type.

Contract capacity of 1 pump: 60,000,000 gallons with 8-foot lift.

Contract capacity of 2 pumps: 22,000,000 gallons each, with 11-foot lift.

Average duty for the year: 50,900,000 foot-pounds.

Average quantity raised each day: 34,600,000 gallons.

Force employed: 4 engineers, 1 relief engineer, 4 firemen, 3 oilers, 3 screenmen and 1 relief screenman.

Coal used: New River and Pocahontas, costing from \$3.725 to \$3.985 per gross ton.

Table of Approximate Quantities, Lifts and Duties at the Charlestown Pumping Station of the North Metropolitan System.

Mon	rhs.			Total Pumpage (Gallons).	Average per Day (Gallons).	Minimum Day (Gallons).	Maximum Day (Gallons).	Average Lift (Feet).	Average Duty (ftlbs. per 100 lbs. Coal).
January, .	2.	•		1,141,200,000	36,800,000	29,000,000	58,800,000	8.52	53,500,000
February,	•	•	•	1,097,500,000	37,800,000	30,300,000	63,500,000	8.48	50,400,000
March, .				1,177,300,000	38,000,000	26,600,000	59,000,000	8.47	50,700,000
April, .				1,200,600,000	40,000,000	32,400,000	50,800,000	8.66	58,000,000
May, .				1,193,600,000	38,500,000	31,100,000	52,500,000	8.56	57,500,000
June, .				996,600,000	33,200,000	27,400,000	37,400,000	8.24	49,300,000
July, .				1,130,300,000	36,500,000	28,500,000	50,600,000	8.17	52,200,000
August, .				973,700,000	31,400,000	27,400,000	38,500,000	8.03	49,700,000
September,				901,600,000	30,100,000	24,500,000	43,400,000	8.12	50,200,000
October, .				940,700,000	30,300,000	24,500,000	43,100,000	8.08	46,300,000
November,				886,600,000	29,600,000	24,000,000	46,100,000	8.09	46,000,000
December,				1,031,300,000	33,300,000	25,000,000	59,300,000	8.27	46,700,000
Total,				12,671,000,000	-	-	-	-	-
Average,			1	-	34,600,000	27,600,000	50,300,000	8.31	50,900,000

Average Cost per Million Foot-gallons for Pumping at the Charlestown Station.

Volume (12,671 Million Gallons) × Lift (8.31 Feet) = 105,296 Million Foot-gallons.

						Item	s.					Cost.	Cost per Million Foot- gallons.
Labor,									•	•		\$12,743 77	\$0.12103
Coal,						٠.						3,908 20	.03712
Oil, .												225 02	.00214
Waste,												108 15	.00103
Water,											•	555 60	.00528
Packing,												41 68	.00039
Miscellar	ieou	s sup	plies	and	rene	wals,						700 51	.00665
Tota	ls,						-			,		\$18,282 93	\$0.17364
Labor at	scre	eens,										-	.02781

Alewife Brook Pumping Station.

The plant at this station consists of the original installation of small commercial pumps and engines, *i.e.*, two 9-inch Andrews vertical centrifugal pumps, with direct-connected compound marine engines, together with the recent additions. The latter consists of a specially designed engine of the vertical cross-compound type, having between the cylinders a centrifugal pump rotating on a horizontal axis.

Contract capacity of the two original pumps: 4,500,000 gallons each, with 13-foot lift.

Contract capacity of new pump: 13,000,000 gallons, with 13-foot lift.

Average duty for the year: 17,400,000 foot-pounds. Average quantity raised each day: 3,446,000 gallons.

Force employed: 3 engineers, 1 relief engineer, 3 screenmen and 1 relief screenman.

Coal used: New River, costing from \$4.375 to \$4.59 per gross ton.

Table of Approximate Quantities, Lifts and Duties at the Alewife Brook Pumping Station of the North Metropolitan System.

Mon	rhs.			Total Pumpage (Gallons).	Average per Day (Gallons).	Minimum Day (Gallons).	Maximum Day (Gallons).	Average Lift (Feet).	Average Duty (ftlbs. per 100 lbs. Coal).
191	2.								
January, .	•	•	•	137,237,000	4,427,000	3,862,000	6,695,000	12.62	19,000,000
February,				124,575,000	4,296,000	3,478,000	7,462,000	12.49	19,000,000
March, .				154,161,000	4,973,000	3,669,000	6,872,000	12.54	21,900,000
April, .		. •		173,197,000	5,773,000	4,677,000	7,344,000	12.47	24,400,000
May, .				131,866,000	4,254,000	3,574,000	5,300,000	12.44	19,200,000
June, .				92,620,000	3,087,000	2,414,000	3,910,000	12.82	17,900,000
July, .				88,130,000	2,843,000	2,288,000	4,318,000	12.67	16,700,000
August, .				75,378,000	2,432,000	2,076,000	3,478,000	12.85	14,900,000
September,				64,106,000	2,137,000	1,868,000	3,380,000	12.87	13,700,000
October, .	٠,			60,655,000	1,957,000	1,658,000	2,645,000	12.86	13,200,000
November,				69,280,000	2,309,000	1,826,000	3,526,000	12.84	13,700,000
December,				88,786,000	2,864,000	2,120,000	5,429,000	12.87	16,300,000
Total,				1,259,991,000	-	-	-	-	-
Average,		•	•	- 1	3,446,000	2,793,000	5,028,000	12.70	17,400,000

Average Cost per Million Fool-gallons for Pumping at the Alewife Brook Station.

Volume (1,259.991 Million Gallons) × Lift (12.70 Feet) = 16,001.9 Million Foot-gallons.

	ITEMS.								Cost.		Cost per Million Foot-gallons.			
Labor,												\$6,385	78	\$0.39906
Coal,												1,611	65	.10071
Oil, .							. 33					138	35	.00865
Waste,												77	93	.00487
Water,												211	32	.01321
Packing,												4	30	.00027
Miscellar	eou	s sup	plies	and	renev	vals,						296	52	.01853
Tota	ls,											\$8,725	85	\$0.54530
Labor at	scre	ens,	oiling	g and	miso	cellan	eous	servi	ices,			-	-	.11702

SOUTH METROPOLITAN SYSTEM.

Ward Street Pumping Station.

At this station are two vertical, triple-expansion pumping engines, of the Allis-Chalmers type, operating reciprocating pumps, the plungers of which are 48 inches in diameter with a 60-inch stroke.

Contract capacity of 2 pumps: 50,000,000 gallons each, with 45-foot lift.

Average duty for the year: 81,075,000 foot-pounds.

Average quantity raised each day: 26,258,000 gallons.

Force employed: 4 engineers, 1 relief engineer, 4 firemen, 4 oilers, 4 assistant engineers, 1 machinist and 1 laborer.

Coal used: New River, costing from \$3.91 to \$4.35 per gross ton.

Material intercepted at screens during the year, 1,206 cubic yards.

Table of Approximate Quantities, Lifts and Duties at the Ward Street Pumping Station of the South Metropolitan System.

Mont	HS.		Total Pumpage (Gallons).	Average per Day (Gallons).	Minimum Day (Gallons).	Maximum Day (Gallons).	Average Lift (Feet).	Average Duty (ftlbs. per 100 lbs. Coal).
January, . February,	2. ·		910,129,000 845,440,000	29,359,000 29,134,000	26,029,000 22,600,000	36,379,000 54,315,000	41.17	87,800,000 85,000,000
March, .			1,026,523,000	33,099,000 36,527,000	23,250,000	47,787,000 45,000,000	41.50 42.56	91,700,000 92,500,000
April, . May, .		•	934,875,000	30,158,000	18,250,000	36,500,000	40.96	86,000,000
June, .			732,244,000	24,408,000	19,100,000	29,100,000	40.27	83,800,000
July, .			736,999,000	23,771,000	17,800,000	44,700,000	40.17	85,500,000
August, .	:		692,126,000	23,327,000	19,670,000	26,350,000	39.35	79,500,000
September,	•		606,389,000	20,213,000	15,550,000	27,450,000	39.18	70,800,000
October, .			662,216,000	21,362,000	17,669,000	27,255,000	39.30	72,200,000
November,			642,953,000	21,432,000	17,600,000	30,390,000	39.40	72,200,000
December,			691,471,000	22,305,000	17,000,000	35,400,000	39.50	65,900,000
Total,			9,577,179,000	-	-	-	-	-
Average,		•	-	26,258,000	20,427,000	36,719,000	40.35	81,075,000

Records from plunger displacement.

Average Cost per Million Foot-gallons for Pumping at the Ward Street Station.

Volume (9,577.1 Million Gallons) × Lift (40.35 Feet) = 386,436 Million Foot-gallons.

						ITEM	s.					Cost.	Cost per Million Foot- gallons.
Labor,							-	-				\$16,166 12	\$0.04183
Coal,												8,426 68	.02180
Oil, .												232 24	.00060
Waste,												31 70	.00008
Water,												1,534 80	.00397
Packing,											.	181 31	.00047
Miscellar	eous	sup	plies	and	rene	wals,					.	2,201 22	.00570
Tota	ls,											\$28,774 07	\$0.07445
Labor at	scre	ens,			•							-	.01164

Quincy Pumping Station.

At this station are two compound condensing Deane pumping engines and one Lawrence centrifugal pump driven by a Sturtevant compound condensing engine.

Contract capacity of 3 pumps: Deane, 3,000,000 gallons; Deane, 5,000,000 gallons; Lawrence centrifugal, 10,000,000 gallons.

Average duty for the year: 31,375,000 foot-pounds. Average quantity raised each day: 3,958,000 gallons.

Force employed: 3 engineers, 1 relief engineer, 3 screenmen and 1 relief screenman.

Coal used: New River, costing from \$4.505 to \$4.69 per gross ton. Materials intercepted at screen during the year, 194 cubic yards.

Table of Approximate Quantities, Lifts and Duties at the Quincy Pumping
Station of the South Metropolitan System.

Mon	rhs.		Total Pumpage (Gallons).	Average per Day (Gallons).	Minimum Day (Gallons).	Maximum Day (Gallons).	Average Lift (Feet).	Average Duty (ftlbs. per 100 lbs. Coal).
January, .	2.		165,185,000	5,329,000	4,510,000	9,170,000	22,01	35,500,000
February,			136,989,000	4,724,000	3,745,000	8,014,000	21.75	32,300,000
March, .			165,202,000	5,329,000	3,931,000	7,175,000	23.19	34,800,000
April, .			178,243,000	5,941,000	5,071,000	7,095,000	25.50	36,400,000
May, .			155,999,000	5,032,000	4,355,000	5,628,000	22.16	34,700,000
June, .			116,485,000	3,883,000	3,154,000	4,503,000	21.17	32,500,000
July, .			102,932,000	3,320,000	2,950,000	3,706,000	21.02	31,400,000
August, .			90,565,000	2,921,000	2,551,000	3,200,000	21.03	30,000,000
September,			80,980,000	2,699,000	2,389,000	2,947,000	21.07	28,000,000
October, .			79,070,000	2,551,000	2,227,000	2,817,000	21.01	26,300,000
November,			81,544,000	2,718,000	2,460,000	3,098,000	21.01	27,200,000
December,			94,397,000	3,046,000	2,586,000	5,113,000	21.07	27,400,000
Total,			1,447,591,000	-	-			-
Average,			-	3,958,000	3,327,000	5,206,000	21.83	31,375,000

Average Cost per Million Foot-gallons for Pumping at the Quincy Station.

Volume (1,447.6 Million Gallons) × Lift (21.83 Feet) = 31,601.1 Million Foot-gallons.

]	TEMS	S.						Cost.	Cost per Million Foot- gallons.
Labor,						•							\$6,331 95	\$0.20037
Coal,													1,678 39	.05311
Oil, .													38 90	.00123
Waste,													18 20	.00057
Water,										•			227 69	.00720
Packing,													33 16	.00105
Miscellan	eous	sup	plies	and:	renev	vals,							441 03 :	.01395
Total	s,										,	.	\$8,769 32	\$0.27748
Labor at	scre	ens,	oiling	gand	mise	cellan	eous	servi	ces,				-	.05063

Nut Island Screen-House.

The plant at this house includes two sets of screens in duplicate, actuated by small reversing engines of the Fitchburg type. Two vertical Deane boilers, 80 horse-power each, operate the engines, provide heat and light for the house, burn materials intercepted at the screens, and furnish power for the Quincy sewage lifting station.

Average daily quantity of sewage passing screens, 48,200,000 gallons. Total materials intercepted at screens, 1,145.5 cubic yards.

Materials intercepted per million gallons of sewage discharged, 1.75 cubic feet. Force employed: 3 engineers, 1 relief engineer, 3 screenmen and 1 relief screenman.

Coal used: New River, costing from \$4.04 to \$4.12 per gross ton.

Quincy Sewage Lifting Station.

At this station are two 6-inch submerged Lawrence centrifugal pumps with vertical shafts actuated by two Sturtevant direct-current motors.

The labor and electric energy for this station are supplied from the Nut Island screen-house and as used at present it does not materially increase the amount of coal used at the latter station. The effluent is largely ground water.

Average daily amount pumped, 48,000 gallons. Average lift, 15.8 feet.

Coal for use at the several stations has been purchased as follows:—

		Gro	ss Tons,	Вітимі	NOUS CO.	AL.		
	Deer Island Pumping Station.	East Boston Pumping Station.	Charlestown Pumping Station.	Alewife Brook Pump- ing Station.	Ward Street Pumping Station.	Quincy Pumping Sta-tion.	Nut Island Screen- house.	Price per Gross Ton.1
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	696.496	-	-	-	-	_	-	\$3 92
Staples Coal Company,	420.000	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 93
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	221.310	-	-	-	_	-	-	3 94
Staples Coal Company,	929.550	-	_	-	_	-	_	3 94
New England Coal and Coke Com-		312.460	-	_	-	_	-)	3 755
pany. New England Coal and Coke Com-		716.905	_	-	-	-	_	3 78
pany. New England Coal and Coke Com-		147.362	-	_	_	-	_	3 815
pany. Metropolitan Coal Company, .	_	216.000	-	-	_	-	_	3 84
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	-	117.244	_	_	_	_	_	3 91
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	_	244.750	_	-	-	1 -	_	3 94
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	_	588.100	_	_	_	-	_	3 985
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	-	338.829	-	_	-	-	_	4 00
New England Coal and Coke Com-	_	_	37.231	_	_	_	_	3 725
pany. New England Coal and Coke Com-	_	_	242.471	_	_	_	_	3 75
pany. New England Coal and Coke Com-	_	_	284.100	_	_	_	_	3 765
pany. Metropolitan Coal Company, .	_	_	291.630	_	_	-	_	3 92
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	_	_	461.000	_	_	_	_	3 985
New England Coal and Coke Com-	_	_		115.137	_	_	_	4 375
pany. New England Coal and Coke Com-	_	_	_	92.848	_	_	_	4 40
pany. Locke Coal Company,	_	_	_	29.060	_	_	_	4 54
Locke Coal Company,	_	_		89.150	_	_	-	4 59
Staples Coal Company,	_	_	_	_	424.965	_	_	3 91
Staples Coal Company,	_	_	_	_	223.521	_	_	3 97
Staples Coal Company,	_	_	_	_	456.092	_	_	4 005
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	_	_	_	_	891.153	_	_	4 315
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	_	_	_	_	102.070	-	_	4 35
City Fuel Company,	_	_	_	_	_	164.495		4 505
Neponset Coal Company,		_	_	_	_	108.389	-	4 53
City Fuel Company,	-		_ ·	_	_	61.600	_	4 65
City Fuel Company,	-	-	-	-	-	53.910	-	4 69
Staples Coal Company,	-	_	-	- 1		_	100	4 04
Metropolitan Coal Company, .	-	-	-		-	-	400	4 12
Total gross tons,	2,267.356	2,681.650	1,316.432	326.195	2,097.801	388.394	500	-
Average price per gross ton, .	\$3 93	\$3 876	\$3 87	\$4 455	\$4 13	\$4 56	\$4 10	-
		1					9	1

¹ Include adjustments for quality.

METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE OUTFALLS.

The Deer Island outfall has been in continuous operation since May, 1895.

The 60-inch outfall pipes on the South Metropolitan System have been in operation since October, 1904.

These outfalls are in good condition and free from deposit. During the year the average flow through the North Metropolitan outfall at Deer Island has been 55,700,000 gallons of sewage per 24 hours, with a maximum rate of 151,800,000 gallons on December 27. The average discharge from the outfalls of the South Metropolitan System during the year has been 48,200,000 gallons of sewage per 24 hours, with a maximum rate of 135,000,000 gallons per 24 hours on February 21.

Material Intercepted at the Screens.

The material intercepted at the screens at the North Metropolitan Sewerage stations, consisting of rags, paper and other floating materials, has during the year amounted to 4,069 cubic yards. This is equivalent to 5.4 cubic feet for each million gallons of sewage pumped at Deer Island.

The material intercepted at the screens at the South Metropolitan Sewerage stations has amounted to 2,545.5 cubic yards, equal to 3.89 cubic feet per million gallons of sewage delivered at outfall works at Nut Island.

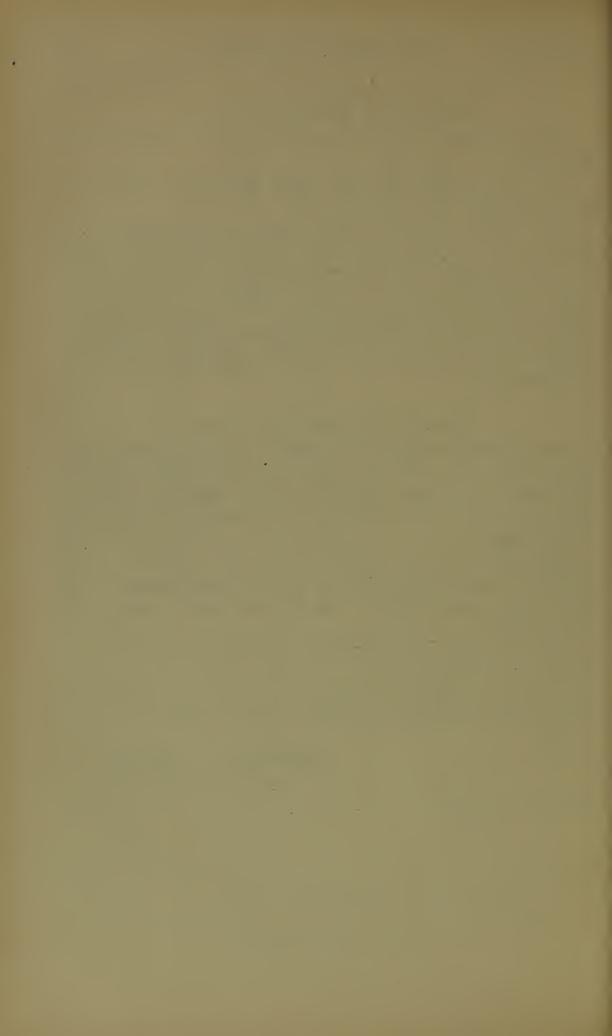
Studies of sewage flows indicate that the Metropolitan sewers and siphons are free from deposit.

I wish to express my appreciation of the value of the services rendered to me by the assistants in their various capacities.

FREDERICK D. SMITH,

Engineer of Sewerage Works.

Boston, January 1, 1913.



APPENDIX.

APPENDIX No. 1.

CONTRACTS MADE AND PENDING DURING

[Note. — The details of contracts made before

	1.	2.	3.	AMOUNT	of Bid.	6.
	Num- ber of Con- tract.	WORK.	Number of Bids.	4. Next to Lowest.	5. Lowest.	- Contractor.
1	312	40-million-gallon pumping engine.	4	\$105,700 00	\$99,769 001	Holly Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y.
2	3402	30 water valves; 4 24-inch, 8 20-inch, 12 16-inch, 6 12- inch valves.	3	6,434 00	5,000 001	Pratt & Cady Co., Hartford, Conn.
3	346	2 3-million-gallon pumping engines for Southern Ex- tra High Service Pumping Station.	En- gine No. 1, 5. En- gine No.2, 7.	7,886 00 8,825 00 ¹	7,525 00 ¹ 8,738 00	Laidlaw-Dunn-Gordon Co., Cincinnati, O.
4	347	Southern Extra High Service Pumping Station.	10	21,148 00	19,984 001	A. Varnerin Co., Boston.
5	3482	160 tons cast-iron water pipe: 25 tons 24-inch pipe with flexible joints; 20 tons 30-inch straight pipe; 85 tons 24-inch straight pipe; 20 tons 12-inch straight pipe and 10 tons 6-inch straight pipe; and 15 tons special castings.	3	4,753 00	4,672 501	Warren Foundry and Machine Co., Phil- lipsburg, N. J.
6	3492	2 horizontal fire-tube boilers for Southern Extra High Service Pumping Station.	4	1,685 00	1,671 001	Robb Engineering Co., Ltd., Boston.
7	350	Furnishing and placing about 1,200 cubic yards of loam at Southern Extra High Service Pumping Station.	1	-	\$1.301 per cu. yd.	T. H. Corrigan, Boston.
8	23-M ²	1,050 tons New River or Po- cahontas coal: 350 tons for Arlington Pumping Sta- tion, 700 tons for Spot Pond Pumping Station.	43 34	\$3.88 and \$4.68, July to Apr., \$4.78, Apr. to July.	\$3.801 and \$4.351 ton.	New England Coal and Coke Co., Boston.
9	24-M ²	5,500 tons Beaver Run coal for Chestnut Hill Pump- ing Stations.	10	\$3.791 per ton.	\$3.75 per ton.	Gorman-Leonard Coal Co., Worcester.

¹ Contract based upon this bid.

² Contract completed.

APPENDIX No. 1.

THE YEAR 1912 - WATER WORKS.

1912 have been given in previous reports.]

7.	8.	9.	10.	
Date of Contract.	Date of Completion of Work.	Prices of Principal Items of Contracts made in 1912.	Value of Work done Dec. 31, 1912.	
Sept. 21, 1909	-	-	\$99,500 00	1
June 3, 1911	Apr. 15, 1912	-	5,000 00	2
Sept. 18, 1911	-	-	15,000 00	3
Mar. 28, 1912	-	For pumping station superstructure complete with all appurtenances, \$19,984.	20,500 00	4
Apr. 4, 1912	July 26, 1912	For 24-inch pipe with flexible joints, \$30 per ton of 2,000 pounds; for all straight pipe, \$23.50 per ton of 2,000 pounds; for special castings, \$50 per ton of 2,000 pounds.	4,763 28	5
Apr. 27, 1912	Sept. 4, 1912	For whole work, \$1,671,	1,711 00	6
Dec. 30, 1912		For furnishing and placing loam, \$1.30 per cubic yard.	-	7
July 8, 1911	May 17, 1912	-	4,474 28	8
Oct. 24, 1911	July 13, 1912	-	17,768 77	9

³ Arlington Station.

⁴ Spot Pond Station.

CONTRACTS MADE AND PENDING DURING

				AMOUNT	or Bip.	
	1.	2.	3.			6.
	Number of Contract.	WORK.	Number of Bids.	Next to Lowest.	5. Lowest.	Contractor.
10	25-M	Electric motor and centrif- ugal pump for Clinton Sewerage Pumping Sta- tion.	6	\$786 00	\$965 001,5	Power Equipment Co., Boston.
11	26 -M	450 tons B. C. C. Miller vein coal for Arlington Pumping Station.	2	\$4.30 per ton.	\$4.241 per ton.	Bader Coal Co., Boston.
12	27 -M	1,000 tons Georges Creek Cumberland coal for Spot Pond Pumping Station.	2	\$5.05 per ton.	\$4.801 per ton.	Locke Coal Co., Malden.
13	28-M	7,000 tons Sonman coal for Chestnut Hill Pumping Stations.	8	\$3.80 per ton.	\$3.791 per ton.	Gorman-Leonard Coal Co., Worcester.
14	29-M2	Dredging, pile driving, etc., connected with lowering of 20-inch siphon across Saugus River at Fox Hill Bridge.	3	\$1,300 00	\$1,100 00 1	The Snaire & Triest Co., New York, N.Y.
15	30-M ²	Repairing roof of Lower Gate Chamber at Wachu- sett Dam.	_6	-	-	W. P. Leavitt Sons Co., Newton.
16	Special ² Order.	6 sets steelwork for chambers for 36-inch valves.	3	390 00	240 001	James Russell Boiler Works Co., Boston.
17	Special ² Order.	Installing transmission line from Wachusett Dam to Sewerage Pumping Sta- tion, Clinton.	_7		-	Light, Heat and Power Corporation, Boston.
18	Special Order.	Furnishing and erecting fer- rolithic plate, plastering and concrete floor of lava- tory and locker room at Chestnut Hill Pumping Station.	3	693 00	540 001	Robert Gallagher Co., Boston.
19	Special Order.	Plumbing in lavatory and locker room at Chestnut Hill Pumping Station.	3	375 00	340 001	H. W. Orr Co., New- tonville.
20	Special ² Order.	Building brick settings for two horizontal tubular boilers at Southern Extra High Service Pumping Station.	2	960 00	850 001	Walter H. Preble Co., Boston.
21	Special ² Order.	Building and installing hydraulic coal elevator at Southern Extra High Service Pumping Station.	4	550 00	490 001	F. S. Payne Co., Cambridge.
22	Special ² Order.	Furnishing steam piping, fittings and valves at Southern Extra High Service Pumping Station.	4	306 00	302 671	Wm. H. Gallison Co., Boston.
=						

¹ Contract based upon this bid.

² Contract completed.

THE YEAR 1912 — WATER WORKS — Continued.

7.	8.	9.	10.	
Date of Contract.	Date of Completion of Work.	Prices of Principal Items of Contracts made in 1912.	Value of Work done Dec. 31, 1912.	
May 31, 1912	-	For whole work, \$965,	\$965 00	10
June 3, 1912	-	\$4.24 per ton of 2,240 pounds delivered on cars at the Arlington Station.	1,282 36	11
June 5, 1912	-	\$4.80 per ton of 2,240 pounds delivered in bins at the Spot Pond Station.	3,323 60	12
June 3, 1912	-	\$3.79 per ton of 2,240 pounds delivered on cars at Chestnut Hill Pumping Stations.	12,294 89	13
June 27, 1912	Aug. 12, 1912	For furnishing necessary labor and plant to do all dredging required, \$1,100.	1,460 99	14
Oct. 11, 1912	Dec. 2, 1912	For whole work, \$1,100,	1,100 00	15
Aug. 14, 1912	Oct. 10, 1912	For each set, \$40,	240 00	16
Aug. 19, 1912	Oct. 30, 1912	Cost of materials and labor plus 10 per cent.,	2,704 53	17
Oct. 9, 1912	-	For whole work, \$540,	-	18
Oct. 9, 1912	-	For whole work, \$340,	-	19
Oct. 14, 1912	Nov. 6, 1912	For whole work, \$850,	850 00	20
Oct. 25, 1912	Dec. 21, 1912	For whole work, \$490,	490 00	21
Nov. 5, 1912	Dec. 13, 1912	For whole work, \$302.67,	302 67	22
			\$193,731 37	

⁵ Efficiency considered, this was lowest bid.

⁶ Competitive bids were not received.

⁷ Competitive bids were received for materials only.

Contracts made and pending during the Year 1912 — Water Works — Concluded.

Summary of Contracts.1

•	Value of Work done Dec. 31, 1912.
Distribution Department, 7 contracts,	\$146,474 28
338 contracts completed from 1896 to 1911, inclusive,	16,709,921 80
	\$16,856,396 08
Deduct for work done on 11 Sudbury Reservoir contracts by the city of Boston,	512,000 00
Total of 356 contracts,	\$16,344,396 08

¹ In this summary contracts charged to maintenance are excluded.

APPENDIX NO. 2.

Table No. 1. — Monthly Rainfall in Inches at Various Places on the Metropolitan Water Works, in 1912.

	Totals.	40.94	40.28	38.60	40.95	39.08	39.62	40.37	43.79	40.12	39.96	39.27	40.27	40.19	40.72
	Dесеmbет.	5.10	5.24	4.69	4.79	4.94	5.02	4.99	5.56	4.96	5.20	4.89	5.03	4.95	5.13
	November.	3.83	4.19	3.96	4.11	3.58	3.54	3.32	4.11	3.24	3.00	2.04	3.62	4.02	3.64
	Осторет.	3.00	2.18	2.41	2.52	2.01	2.58	2.32	2.50	2.99	1.61	1.69	2.35	2.53	2.35
	September.	2.39	2.49	1.98	18.1	1.80	1.70	1.56	1.98	1.82	1.72	2.58	1.99	2.17	1.76
	August.	3.34	2.48	2.83	2.92	3.24	2.92	2.64	3.40	2.26	2.24	2.13	2.76	2.89	3.05
	July.	2.56	2.77	2.43	2.84	2.64	3.35	3.84	3.13	3.00	6.39	5.27	3.47	2.65	3.24
	June.	0.70	0.52	0.36	0.33	0.28	0.38	0.40	29.0	0.47	0.34	0.35	0.44	0.48	0.46
l	May.	5.94	5.14	6.15	5.81	4.71	4.20	4.65	4.64	5.23	4.06	5.10	5.06	5.76	4.55
	April.	3.92	4.37	3.69	4.26	4.19	4.12	4.27	4.89	4.16	3.92	3.71	4.14	4.06	4.37
	Матећ.	5.52	5.66	5.63	5.94	6.04	6.33	99.9	6.82	6.38	5.36	4.98	5.94	5.69	6.46
	February.	2.18	2.52	2.28	2.72	2.88	2.64	2.64	2.91	2.51	2.48	2.50	2.57	2.42	2.77
	January.	2.46	2.72	2.20	2.90	2.77	2.84	2.99	3.18	3.10	3.64	3.13	2.90	2.57	2.94
ı		•	•	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	
			•		•	٠	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	•	٠	٠	
														shed,	. ,bou
	å													water	aters
	Рьлсе.					m,		u,			rvoir,			usett	ury w
		Princeton,	Jefferson,	Sterling, .	Boylston,	Sudbury Dam,	Framingham,	Ashland Dam,	Cordaville,	Lake Cochituate,	Chestnut Hill Reservoir,	Spot Pond, .	Average of all,	Average, Wachusett watershed,	Average, Sudbury watershed,
1		1	əys. 1əsn	ach	N	1	epsi	pns	XX.	La	Ch	Sp			

Table No. 2. — Rainfall in Inches at Jefferson, Mass., in 1912.

	Ι	Day	OF	Mos	VTH.		January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
1,							-	-	-	-	- 1	_	- 11	- 1	2	-	0.95	-
2,							-	-	-	2	- 1	-	-	- 3	2	- 1	-	1.21
3,							-	-	-	1.473	- 1	0.10	-	0.27	0.74	- (-	-
4,							-	-	2	- }	-) -	-	- 3	-	- }	-	-
5,						٠.	0.051	- 1	0.061	- (2	- 1	-	-	-	-)	-	-
6,							-	-	2	- 1	2	0.21	-	-	0.14	- 1	-	0.47
7,						-1	-	-	0.04	0.473	2	- 1	-	-	-	-	1.76	-
8,							2	- (2	- 1	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9,							0.723	-	0.27	0.113	1.66	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
10,							-	-	-	-	-	- 1	- 1	2	-	0.18	-	-
11,							-	- 1	-	-	-	-	0.19	0.98	0.09	2	-	-
12,							0.191	-	2	0.13	0.21	-)-	-	-	0.15	-	-
13,						н	- 7	-	1.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	-
14,						н	-)	- 1	2	2	-	-	0.10	-	- 1	-	0.70	-
15,						н	0.651	-	1.10	0.27	-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
16,					٠		-	-	-	0.37	0.95	0.06	-	-	1.00	-	-	-
17,							0.051	-	-	2	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	-	-
18,							-	-	- 4	2	-	. –	1.00	0.68	-	-	-	2
19,							0.38	- /	J-)	0.98	-	-	-	-	2	0.10	-	0.75
20,							-	0.373	0.12	-	0.21	-	-	0.38	2	-	-	-
21,							-	2	0.313	-	0.45	-	0.95	-	0.16	-	-	-
22,							2	1.253) -	0.27	- 7	-	-	-	-	2	- 1	-
23,							0.233	- /	J	-	-	-		0.17	-	1.40	- 1	-
24,							-	-	1.063	0.08	0.40	-	-	-	-	0.10	0.73	0.451
25,							-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.25	-	-
26,							-	0.903	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
27,							-	-	-	0.18	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.253
28,						٠	-		2	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.051	-
29,							2	-	1.20	2	2	-	0.34	-	0.36	-	-	-
30,							2	-	-	0.043	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.11
31,							0.453			-	1.26		0.19		-	-	-	
	T	ota	ls,			·	2.72	2.52	5.66	4.37	5.14	0.52	2.77	2.48	2.49	2.18	4.19	5.24

Total for the year 40.28 inches.

¹ Snow. ² Rainfall included in that of following day.

³ Rain and snow.

Table No. 3. — Rainfall in Inches at Framingham, Mass., in 1912.

=	_								-								
	D	ΑΥ	OF	Mos	NTH.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.
1,						_	_	_	2	_		_	_	2	0.02	0.53	_
2,						_	_	_	2	_	_	_	0.12	2	_	_	0.62
3,						_	-	_	0.873	- 1	_	_	_	2	_	_	_
4,						_	_	2	_	_	-	_	_	0.39	_	_	_
5,						0.031	-	0.071	0.033	2	-	-	-	-	-	_	2
6,						-	_	2	-	2	0.21	_	_	0.25	_		0.41
7,						_	-	0.053	0.45	2	_	_	_	_	_	2	_
8,						2	_	0.06	-	1.17	_	_	_	- :	_	1.72	_
9,						0.943	-	-	0.053	2	-	0.03	-	-	0.03	_	_
10,						-	-	_	- V	0.33	-	-	-	-)	-	-	_
11,						-	_	_	-	-	_	0.57	0.88	0.19	2	-	-
12,						0.171	-	2	0.07	2	_	_	-	-	0.11	-	0.011
13,						-	-	2.29	-	0.47	-	-	-	-	_	2	-
14,						_	-	-	2	-	_	0.03	0.47	-	-	0.66	-
15,						0.953	-	1.17	2	-	-	_	0.01	2	-	-	-
16,						-	-	-	0.57	2	0.03	-	- "	0.65	-	-	-
17,						0.071	-	_	2	0.87	0.07	_	-	-	-	-	-
18,						2	-	-	2	-	-	0.90	0.54	-	-	-	2
19,						0.10	2	2	1.09	-	-	-	2	0.02	0.04	-	1.13
20,						-	0.14	2	-	0.08	-	-	0.86	0.03	-	-	-
21,						-	2	0.643	2	0.35	0.03	1.18	-	- 1	-	-	-
22,						2	1.343	-	2	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
23,						0.043	-	- 1	0.39	-	_	-	0.04	-	2.14	-	-
24,						-	-	0.973	0.03	0.10	-	-	-	-	0.07	0.57	0.551
25,						-	-	-	-	_	2	-	-	-	0.17	0.011	-
26,					٠.	-	2	-	2	0.46	0.04	-	-	-	-	-	2
27,						0.011	1.16	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.273
28,						-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.051	-
29,						2	-	1.08	2	2	-	0.41	-	0.17	-	-	-
30,						2	-	-	0.523	2	1- 1	-	-	-	-	-	1.03
31,						0.533	-	-	_	0.37		0.23	_		_	-	
	To	tals	3,			2.84	2.64	6.33	4.12	4.20	0.38	3.35	2.92	1.70	2.58	3.54	5.02
_																	

Total for the year 39.62 inches.

¹ Snow. ² Rainfall included in that of following day.

³ Rain and snow.

Table No. 4. — Rainfall in Inches at Chestnut Hill Reservoir in 1912.

Jan. 8, Jan. 9, Jan. 12,	LABLE	110. 4.	- teathjan in Thenes		11000 1000	SOFTON THE TOTAL
Jan. 8. 3. 8.12 6.00 p.m. to Jan. 12. 2.21 7.30 a.m. to 8.00 p.m. to Jan. 12. 2.22 7.30 a.m. to 8.00 p.m. to Jan. 15. 2.31 10.30 a.m. to 6.00 p.m. to Jan. 15. 2.31 10.30 a.m. to 11.30 p.m. to Jan. 15. 2.31 10.30 a.m. to 11.30 p.m. to Jan. 12. 3.45 p.m. to 11.50 p.m. to Jan. 12. 3.45 p.m. to 11.50 p.m. to Jan. 12. 3.45 p.m. to 11.50 p.m. to Jan. 12. 3.45	DATE.	Amount.	Duration.	DATE.	Amount.	Duration.
Feb. 20	Jan. 9,	\begin{cases} .812 .221 1.091 .23 .131 .14 .041 .081 \end{cases} \begin{cases} .561 .201	6.00 p.m. to 9.30 a.m. 7.30 a.m. to 8.00 p.m. 12.35 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. 10.30 a.m. to 6.00 p.m. 9.45 p.m. to 11.50 p.m. 6.15 a.m. to 1.30 p.m. 8.45 p.m. to 11.50 p.m. 7.30 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. 8.30 a.m. to 4.00 p.m.	May 7,	\	4.50 A.M. to 4.20 P.M. to 5.20 A.M. 10.30 A.M. to 8.00 A.M. to 9.00 P.M. 8.15 P.M. to 11.40 P.M. 5.30 P.M. to 8.30 P.M. 1.30 A.M. to 4.35 A.M. 11.20 P.M. to
Mar. 5. 3.00 3.40 A.M. Feb. 22, Feb. 26, Feb. 27,	1.08 1.212	2.10 A.M. to 9.30 A.M. 3.30 P.M. to 7.10 A.M. 8.00 P.M. to	June 6, June 25, June 26,	30 .04	6.00 P.M. to	
Mar. 24, Mar. 25,	Mar. 5,	\begin{cases} .08^2 \\ .11^1 \\ .04 \\ \} 1.38 \\ .93 \\ .27 \\ .48^1 \\ .55^1 \end{cases}	4.40 a.m. 5.30 p.m. to 3.40 a.m. 9.20 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. 2.00 p.m. to 7.45 p.m. 7.30 a.m. to 8.45 p.m. 12.25 a.m. to 6.40 a.m. 3.55 a.m. to 9.40 p.m. 3.10 a.m. to 7.55 a.m.	July 11, July 12, July 18, July 21, July 29, July 29, Aug. 1,	3.27 .95 .40 .03 .17	2.30 p.m. to 12.15 a.m. 10.15 a.m. to 11.30 p.m. 4.55 a.m. to 9.00 p.m. 8.30 a.m. to 11.50 a.m. 8.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m.
Apr. 3,	Mar. 24,	\begin{cases} \ .11^1 \\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	9.30 P.M. to 2.35 A.M. 9.30 P.M. to 2.00 P.M.	Aug. 11, Aug. 11,	.45 20 .06 .33 .48 .53	2.20 a.m. to 6.35 a.m. 7.40 a.m. to 11.45 a.m. 11.45 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. 5.15 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. 5.55 a.m. to 4.30 p.m. 1.30 a.m. to 7.30 a.m.
Total, . 3.92	Apr. 3,	\begin{cases} \	4.10 A.M. 6.45 A.M. to 8.45 A.M. 7.50 P.M. to 12.50 A.M. 1.00 P.M. to 10.30 P.M. 4.15 P.M. to 8.00 P.M. 1.50 A.M. to 12.15 P.M. 12.01 A.M. to 7.30 A.M. 1.20 A.M. to 7.30 A.M. 6.40 P.M. to 8.35 P.M. 6.30 P.M. to 1.35 P.M. 2.05 A.M. to 8.45 A.M. 6.30 P.M. to 8.30 P.M. 4.05 A.M. to 7.30 A.M.	Sept. 1,	2.24 } .45 .04 .04 .15 .19 } .71 .05 .09	2.30 p.m. to 7.20 a.m. 8.15 p.m. to 2.50 a.m. 6.05 a.m. to 6.30 a.m. 2.30 a.m. to 5.45 a.m. 1.45 p.m. to 5.30 p.m. 10.45 p.m. to 3.45 a.m. 8.30 p.m. to 11.15 p.m.
	Total, .	3.92		l otal, .	1.72	

¹ Snow.

² Rain and snow.

Table No. 4. — Rainfall in Inches at Chestnut Hill Reservoir in 1912 — Concluded.

DATE.	Amount.	Duration.	DATE.	Amount.	Duration.
Oct. 1,	\begin{cases} .04 & .05 & .09 & .03 & .32	3.20 P.M. to 7.45 P.M. to 3.25 A.M. 5.05 A.M. to 7.30 A.M. 1.15 P.M. to 6.00 P.M. 10.15 A.M. to 7.15 P.M. 10.00 A.M. to 2.25 A.M.	Dec. 2,	$ \begin{cases} .50 \\ .43 \\ 1.25 \\ .64^{1} \\ 1.13 \\ .15^{1} \\ 1.05 \\ .05 \end{cases} $ $ 5.20$	2.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. 2.30 A.M. to 7.45 A.M. 11.05 p.m. to 2.30 p.m. 7.15 A.M. to 4.45 p.m. 3.30 A.M. to 3.00 p.m. 3.00 p.m. to 8.30 p.m. 7.00 A.M. to 7.35 p.m. 3.20 A.M. to 6.25 A.M.
Nov. 1, Nov. 7, Nov. 8, Nov. 13, Nov. 14, Nov. 24, Nov. 28,	$ \begin{cases} .56 \\ 1.24 \\ .54 \\ .45 \\ .211 \\ \hline 3.00 \end{cases} $	11.45 A.M. to 10.00 P.M. 2.30 P.M. to 6.00 A.M. 6.00 P.M. to 9.00 P.M. 11.30 A.M. to 10.00 P.M. 10.30 A.M. to 3.35 P.M.			

Total for year 39.96 inches.

1 Snow.

Table No. 5. — Rainfall in Inches on the Wachusett Watershed, 1897 to 1912.

2.86 4.01 2.32 5.06 5.11 8.65 3.47 3.30 2.27 4.43 3.38 3.11 3.01 10.61 5.12 6.75 1.94 1.33 5.51 3.82 3.20 8.69 6.19 2.76 4.34 3.59 3.20 3.18 4.91 5.27 4.36 2.24 2.51 3.87 3.95 4.42 6.58 3.10 1.24 10.37 3.43 3.88 4.42 6.58 3.10 1.24 10.37 3.43 3.88 2.66 3.40 7.45 2.99 3.44 3.84 3.68 1.72 3.95 2.60 0.83 4.88 5.30 3.09 2.74 5.17 2.65 2.96 3.54 3.03 1.26 4.82 2.77 2.65 5.34 1.29 3.85 6.49 6.10 4.38 5.71 2.65 3.03 4.25 3.81 5.24 1.09 3.01 2.13 4.36 1.52	X	YEAR.		Ja	January.	Febru- ary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	Novem- ber.	December.	Totals.
C. C. S. B. S. S. B. S.	1897,				3.46	2.86	4.01	2.32	5.06	5.11	8.65	3.47	1.93	0.94	7.62	6.41	51.84
4.56 8.09 6.19 1.33 5.51 3.82 3.20 4.11 2.72 1.94 1.75 1.13 5.82 9.04 7.02 1.51 5.66 4.58 3.10 3.70 2.43 1.75 1.13 5.82 9.04 7.02 1.51 5.66 4.58 3.10 3.70 2.43 1.75 1.13 5.82 9.04 7.02 1.51 5.66 4.58 3.10 3.70 2.43 1.70 2.72 4.03 2.24 2.24 2.51 3.87 3.69 4.26 0.36 0.44 1.70 2.72 4.03 2.24 2.29 3.44 3.87 3.68 2.93 4.43 2.36 0.98 1.70 4.02 2.06 2.29 2.44 3.84 3.68 2.93 4.43 2.36 2.29 3.44 3.84 3.68 2.93 4.43 2.36 2.29 4.38 5.39 4.34	1898,			•	6.65	3.30	2.27	4.43	3.38	3.11	3.01	10.01	3.15	7.21	6.81	3.99	57.92
4.56 8.09 6.19 2.76 4.34 3.59 3.20 3.18 3.46 2.96 4.94 3.59 3.20 3.18 3.46 2.96 4.94 7.02 1.51 5.66 4.58 3.10 3.70 2.43 1	1899,			•	2.93	5.12	6.75	1.94	1.33	5.51	3.82	3.20	4.11	2.72	1.94	2.03	41.40
1.75 1.13 5.82 9.64 7.02 1.51 5.66 4.58 3.10 3.70 2.43 1. 2. 2. 4.91 5.27 4.96 7.24 2.51 3.66 4.58 3.10 3.74 3.87 3.95 4.26 6.36 9.74 9.24 2.51 3.48 3.88 2.93 4.48 2.36 9.49 9.59 9.44 9.84 9.88 2.93 4.48 2.36 9.74 9.36 9.50 9.78 9.36 9.50 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>٠</td><td></td><td>4.56</td><td>8.69</td><td>6.19</td><td>2.76</td><td>4.34</td><td>3.59</td><td>3.20</td><td>3.18</td><td>3.46</td><td>2.90</td><td>6.44</td><td>3.15</td><td>52.46</td></t<>			٠		4.56	8.69	6.19	2.76	4.34	3.59	3.20	3.18	3.46	2.90	6.44	3.15	52.46
2.72 4.91 5.27 4.36 2.24 2.51 3.87 3.95 4.26 6.36 0.93 2.85 4.42 6.58 3.10 1.24 10.37 3.43 3.88 2.93 4.43 2.36 4.02 2.66 3.40 7.45 2.90 3.44 3.84 3.68 5.30 4.43 2.36 4.02 2.66 3.40 7.45 2.90 3.44 3.84 3.68 5.30 4.43 2.36 1.76 1.72 1.62 2.60 0.83 4.88 5.30 6.90 1.78 1.62 2.60 0.83 4.88 5.30 1.76 1.78 1.62 2.65 2.96 3.54 3.09 6.90 1.78 1.62 2.95 2.77 2.62 2.94 1.20 3.85 6.49 1.04 2.13 1.66 3.01 4.36 1.52 3.87 2.86 1.40 1.16	1901,				1.75	1.13	5.82	9.64	7.02	1.51	5.66	4.58	3.10	3.70	2.43	9.36	55.70
2.85 4.42 6.58 3.10 1.24 10.37 3.43 3.88 2.93 4.43 2.36 5.30 4.43 2.36 5.34 3.84 3.84 3.88 2.93 4.43 2.36 5.30 3.44 3.84 3.84 3.86 5.30 1.78 1.62 2.56 2.56 2.59 3.54 3.84 3.69 6.00 1.81 2.52 2.59 2.74 5.17 3.12 6.58 5.55 4.34 2.01 1.81 2.55 5.34 1.29 3.63 3.54 3.69 5.69 5.74 1.02 3.54 3.54 3.61 3.95 2.52 4.34 3.64 3.64 3.64 3.65 3.69 3.64 3.66 3.64 3.66 3.64 3.66 3.65 3.66 3.66 3.67 3.66 3.67 3.67 3.66 3.67 3.66 3.66 3.67	1902,			•	2.72	4.91	5.27	4.36	2.24	2.51	3.87	3.95	4.26	6.36	0.93	7.20	48.58
4.02 2.66 3.40 7.45 2.99 3.44 3.84 3.84 3.84 3.84 3.84 3.84 3.84 3.84 3.84 3.84 5.39 5.39 5.39 5.39 5.39 1.78 1.62 2.59 2.74 5.17 3.12 6.58 5.95 5.52 4.34 2.61 3.95 2.25 2.84 2.32 1.82 2.65 2.96 3.54 3.03 1.26 3.03 1.26 3.04 3.54 3.77 2.62 5.34 1.29 3.85 6.49 1.04 2.13 1.05 3.40 4.82 2.77 2.62 5.34 1.29 3.85 6.49 1.04 2.13 1.05 3.56 5.24 1.09 3.01 2.13 4.25 3.89 3.89 1.70 1.70 1.05 2.57 2.43 3.76	1903,			•	2.85	4.42	6.58	3.10	1.24	10.37	3.43	3.88	2.93	4.43	2.36	3.99	49.58
6.10 1.72 3.95 2.60 0.83 4.88 5.39 3.09 6.90 1.81 2.52 2.59 2.74 5.17 3.12 6.58 5.95 5.52 4.34 2.61 3.95 2.25 2.84 2.32 1.82 2.65 2.96 3.54 3.03 1.26 9.50 5.74 3.55 6.10 4.82 2.77 2.65 2.96 3.54 3.65 6.40 1.04 2.13 1.05 3.52 6.10 4.38 5.71 2.65 3.03 4.25 3.50 3.50 1.05 1.05 3.52 6.10 4.38 5.71 2.65 3.03 4.25 3.50 3.50 1.05 1.05 2.58 5.24 1.09 3.01 2.15 2.25 1.50 3.87 3.65 3.97 3.71 3.04 3.74 4.02 2.	1904,				4.02	2.66	3.40	7.45	2.99	3.44	3.84	3.68	5.30	1.78	1.62	2.88	43.06
2.59 2.74 5.17 3.12 6.58 5.95 5.52 4.34 2.61 3.95 2.25 2.84 2.32 1.82 2.65 2.96 3.54 3.03 1.26 9.50 5.74 5.74 5.74 5.74 5.85 6.49 1.04 2.13 1.05 5.74 1.05 5.74 1.29 3.85 6.49 1.04 2.13 1.05 1.06 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 1.05 3.01 2.13 4.36 1.52 3.87 2.86 1.40 4.17 1.68 1.69 2.37 2.53 2.41 4.14 1.05 2.22 1.59 2.37 2.53 2.46 3.04 5.46 3.04 5.48 5.74 4.14 4.14 2.57 2.42 5.69 4.06 5.74 61.05 64.22 67.54 67.54 60.26 54.48 55	1905,				6.10	1.72	3.95	2.60	0.83	4.88	5.39	3.09	06.90	1.81	2.52	3.79	43.58
	1906,			•	2.59	2.74	5.17	3.12	6.58	5.95	5.52	4.34	2.61	3.95	2.25	4.26	49.08
3.40 4.82 2.77 2.62 5.34 1.29 3.85 6.49 1.04 2.13 1.05 3.52 6.10 4.38 5.71 2.65 3.03 4.25 3.59 3.90 1.70 1.68 5.86 5.24 1.09 3.01 2.13 4.36 1.52 3.87 2.86 1.40 4.17 2.91 2.43 3.79 2.22 1.59 2.37 2.53 5.46 3.04 5.24 4.14 2.57 2.42 5.69 4.06 5.76 0.48 2.65 2.89 2.17 2.53 4.02 3.87 3.87 3.47 3.82 4.01 4.22 3.77 3.48 3.48	1907,			•	2.84	2.32	1.82	2.65	2.96	3.54	3.03	1.26	9.50	5.68	5.74	4.40	45.74
	1908,			•	3.40	4.82	2.77	2.62	5.34	1.29	3.85	6.49	1.04	2.13	1.05	3.03	37.83
	1909,	•		•	3.52	6.10	4.38	5.71	2.65	3.03	4.25	3.59	3.90	1.70	1.68	3.99	44.50
Otals, 3.73 2.42 3.79 2.22 1.59 2.37 2.53 5.46 3.04 5.24 4.14	1910,			•	5.86	5.24	1.09	3.01	2.13	4.36	1.52	3.87	2.86	1.40	4.17	2.34	37.85
Otals,	1911,			•	2.91	2.43	3.79	2.22	1.59	2.37	2.53	5.46	3.04	5.24	4.14	3.01	38.73
58.73 60.88 68.95 61.99 55.44 61.05 64.22 67.54 60.26 54.48 55.72 3.67 3.81 4.31 3.87 3.47 3.82 4.01 4.22 3.77 3.40 3.48	1912,				2.57	2.42	5.69	4.06	5.76	0.48	2.65	2.89	2.17	2.53	4.02	4.95	40.19
3.67 3.81 4.31 3.87 3.47 3.82 4.01 4.22 3.77 3.40 3.48	Totals,	•		i ·	58.73	88.09	68.95	61.99	55.44	61.05	64.22	67.54	60.26	54.48	55.72	68.78	738.04
	Average (1	6 years),		•	3.67	3.81	4.31	3.87	3.47	3.82	4.01	4.22	3.77	3.40	3.48	4.30	46.13

¹ Means of observations at four places, as follows: January, 1897, to December, 1900, Princeton, Jefferson, Sterling and South Clinton; January, 1901, to December, 1912, Princeton, Jefferson, Sterling and Boylston.

Table No. 6.— Rainfall in Inches on the Sudbury Watershed, 1875 to 1912.

Totals.	45.49	49.56	44.02	57.93	41.42	38.18	44.17	39.40	32.78	47.14	43.54	46.06	42.70	57.47	49.95	53.00	49.52	41.83	48.23	39.74
Decem-	0.94	3.62	0.87	6.37	4.34	2.83	3.96	2.30	3.55	5.17	2.72	4.97	3.88	5.40	3.14	5.31	3.68	1.13	4.86	4.81
Novem- L	4.83	5.76.	5.80	7.02	2.68	1.78	4.09	1.15	1.81	2.65	60.0	4.64	2.67	7.22	6.29	1.20	3.09	5.80	2.20	3.43
October.	4.85	2.24	8.52	6.42	0.81	3.74	2.95	2.07	5.60	2.48	5.09	3.24	2.83	4.99	4.25	10.51	3.83	1.17	4.07	5.34
Septem- ber.	3.43	4.62	0.32	. 1.29	1.88	1.60	2.62	8.74	1.52	0.85	1.43	2.90	1.32	8.59	4.60	00.9	2.38	2.84	1.74	2.63
August.	5.53	1.72	3.68	6.94	6.51	4.01	1,36	1.67	0.73	4.65	7.18	4.10	5.28	6.22	4.18	3.87	4.73	4.44	5.41	2.03
July.	3.57	9.13	2.95	2.97	3.93	6.27	2.35	1.77	2.68	3.67	1.43	3.27	3.76	1.41	8.94	2.46	3.39	4.23	2.57	3.26
June.	6.24	2.04	2.43	3.88	3.79	2.14	5.39	1.66	2.40	3.44	2.87	1.47	2.65	2.54	2.80	2.03	3.77	2.76	2.38	1.15
May.	3.56	2.76	3.70	96.0	1.58	1.84	3.51	5.07	4.19	3.47	3.48	3.00	1.16	4.82	2.95	5.21	2.01	5.58	6.61	4.24
April.	3.23	4.20	3.43	5.79	4.72	3.11	2.00	1.82	1.84	4.41	3.60	2.22	4.27	2.43	3.41	2.64	3.91	0.83	3.60	3.42
March.	3.74	7.43	8.36	4.69	5.14	3.31	5.73	2.65	1.78	4.72	1.07	3.61	4.90	6.02	2.37	7.73	6.48	4.06	3.67	1.43
Febru- ary.	3.15	4.21	0.74	2.97	3.56	3.98	4.65	4.55	3.87	6.54	3.87	6.28	4.78	3.68	1.65	3.51	5.23	3.14	8.20	3.91
January.	2.42	1.83	3.22	5.63	2.48	3.57	5.56	5.95	2.81	5.09	4.71	98.9	5.20	4.15	5.37	2.53	7.02	5.85	2.92	4.09
	·				٠		٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠				٠
			٠	٠	٠		٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠		٠	٠	٠	٠		٠	
_{cė}		•	•		•	•	•		·		•							٠		
YEAR.										•	•									
							į		,											
		. ,9281	1877,	1878,	1879,	1880,	1881,	1882,	1883,	1884,	1885,	1886,	1887,	1888,	,6881	1890,	1891,	1892,	1893,	1894,

¹ See note at end of this table.

Table No. 6. — Rainfall in Inches on the Sudbury Watershed, 1875 to 1912 — Concluded.

		Y EAR.				January.	Febru- ary.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	Novem- ber.	December.	Totals.	II.
1895,		•			•	4.06	1.39	2.98	5.25	2.03	2.77	5.04	4.15	2.30	10.68	6.63	.3.35	50.62	1
1896,		٠		•	•	2.39	7.18	5.24	1.57	2.57	3.22	2.51	2.40	7.72	3.76	3.02	2.12	43.70	7
1897,		٠	٠		•	4.00	2.91	3.66	2.83	4.37	4.46	5.44	3.51	2.94	0.47	6.40	5.21	46.19	
1898,		٠	٠		•	6.83	4.40	2.40	4.66	3.22	2.48	4.09	8.17	2.62	6.71	6.93	3.28	55.88	
1899,	•	٠	٠	٠	•	4.18	4.91	7.01	1.90	1.45	2.51	3.22	1.43	3.95	2.69	2.18	1.78	37.21	
1900,		•	٠	٠	•	4.96	9.14	6.35	2.58	4.32	2.99	2.42	2.26	3.36	3.83	5.70	2.74	50.65	
1901,		•	٠		•	1.82	1.52	6.57	8.60	7.23	1.38	5.71	4.57	3.30	2.83	2.90	9.69	56.11	
1902,		•			•	2.52	6.18	5.34	4,13	1.86	2.89	2.04	3.40	4.54	4.44	1.45	6.38	46.07	
1903,		٠			•	3.80	3.95	6.63	2.99	0.93	9.25	2.77	3.67	1.75	4.72	1.56	3.14	45.16	
1904,			٠			4.87	3.00	2.72	8.87	2.65	2.80	1.96	3.86	5.80	1.64	1.73	2.92	42.83	
1905,		٠	٠	٠	•	5.26	2.20	3.15	2.72	1.31	5.00	5.47	2.70	6.88	1.54	2.07	4.01	42.31	
1906,		٠	٠		•	2.47	2.92	6.32	2.88	5.66	3.91	3.42	3.02	3.30	3.40	2.69	4.40	44.48	
1907,		•	٠		•	3.28	2.17	1.91	3.41	3.63	3.53	1.86	1.07	8.76	4.17	6.12	4.47	44.38	
1908,		٠	1	٠	•	3.60	4.56	3.82	1.88	5.51	0.86	3.71	4.57	0.97	2.55	0.98	3.14	36.15	
1909,	•	÷	•	٠	•	3.98	5.79	4.26	4.67	2.43	2.81	1.59	2.93	4.74	1.12	3.38	4.05	41.75	
1910,		٠	٠		•	5.39	5.06	0.85	2.75	1.29	4.68	2.03	2.62	2.49	1.86	4.13	2.40	35.64	
1911,			٠		•	2.88	2.77	3,59	2.81	1.01	2.53	3.19	4.94	2.75	3.69	4.62	3.60	38.38	
1912,	•	٠	٠		•	2.94	2.77	6.46	4.37	4.55	0.46	3.24	3.05	1.76	2.35	3.64	5.13	40.72	
To	Totals, .		٠	٠	•	155.99	158.38	168.15	133.74	125.71	116.36	134.62	146.56	131.23	147.44	146.33	145.84	1,710.35	
Av	Average (38 years),	38 yes	urs),	٠	٠	4.11	4.17	4.43	3.52	3.31	3.06	3.54	3.86	3.45	3.88	3.85	3.84	45.01	
																			1

¹ Menns of observations at several places, as follows: January, 1875, to March, 1876, inclusive, Lake Cochituate; April and May, 1876, Lake Cochituate, Westborough, and Hopkinton; June to November, 1876, to December, 1882, inclusive, Framingham, Southborough, Westborough, Marlborough, Marborough, Marborough, Marborough, Marborough, Mostborough, Mostborough, Mostborough, January, 1883, to December, 1889, inclusive, Framingham and Westborough; January, 1890, to May, 1898, inclusive, Framingham, Ashland Dam, Cordaville and Sudbury Dam.

Table No. 7. — Yield of the Wachusett Watershed in Gallons per Day per Square Mile 1 from 1897 to 1912.

Month.		1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.	1903.	1904.	1905.
January,	•	796,000	1,563,000	2,092,000	796,000	519,000	1,676,000	1,265,000	000'659	1,266,000
February,		931,000	1,635,000	1,090,000	4,054,000	356,000	1,401,000	2,133,000	927,000	452,000
March,		2,760,000	3,088,000	2,776,000	3,722,000	2,718,000	3,992,000	3,423,000	3,008,000	3,001,000
April,		1,632,000	2,027,000	3,376,000	1,580,000	4,986,000	2,159,000	2,238,000	2,984,000	1,617,000
May,		1,163,000	1,390,000	862,000	1,382,000	2,729,000	1,031,000	569,000	1,498,000	445,000
June,		1,181,000	828,000	561,000	578,000	985,000	410,000	2,131,000	762,000	542,000
July,		1,442,000	333,000	354,000	217,000	477,000	292,000	624,000	497,000	365,000
August,		896,000	1,325,000	236,000	197,000	512,000	297,000	474,000	355,000	321,000
September,		380,000	676,000	250,000	127,000	320,000	241,000	375,000	494,000	1,228,000
October,		243,000	1,509,000	245,000	282,000	647,000	950,000	000,689	347,000	367,000
November,		1,283,000	2,170,000	430,000	875,000	517,000	635,000	634,000	343,000	442,000
December,		2,275,000	2,061,000	359,000	1,570,000	3,234,000	1,848,000	954,000	440,000	1,018,000
Average,		1,253,000	1,551,000	1,051,000	1,264,000	1,507,000	1,248,000	1,285,000	1,025,000	926,000
Average driest six months,		886,000	1,013,000	312,000	377,000	276,000	471,000	626,000	413,000	541,000

¹ See note at end of this table.

Table No. 7. — Yield of the Wachusett Watershed in Gallons per Day per Square Mile 1 from 1897 to 1912 — Concluded

Month.		1906.	1907.	1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	Mean for 16 Years, 1897-1912.
January,		1,132,000	1,458,000	1,738,000	592,000	1,846,000	773,000	780,000	1,184,000
February,		1,027,000	692,000	1,736,000	2,556,000	1,845,000	625,000	927,000	1,398,000
March,		1,860,000	1,697,000	2,192,000	2,129,000	2,640,000	1,339,000	2,831,000	2,698,000
April,		2,109,000	1,436,000	1,269,000	2,422,000	1,034,000	1,393,000	2,281,000	2,159,000
May,	•	1,533,000	965,000	1,415,000	1,212,000	000,800	461,000	1,797,000	1,191,000
June,		1,184,000	773,000	403,000	632,000	824,000	351,000	331,000	780,000
July,		728,000	335,000	220,000	233,000	62,000	27,000	135,000	398,000
August,		591,000	87,000	443,000	193,000	186,000	188,000	125,000	402,000
September,		277,000	. 810,000	88,000	208,000	145,000	181,000	89,000	368,000
October,	•	530,000	1,382,000	158,000	000'06	000'89	718,000	145,000	523,000
November,		749,000	2,540,000	125,000	363,000	354,000	1,035,000	442,000	809,000
December,		794,000	1,961,000	387,000	537,000	391,000	1,067,000	793,000	1,231,000
Average,		1,043,000	1,180,000	847,000	918,000	828,000	682,000	891,000	1,094,000
Average driest six months,		613,000	725,000	238,000	270,000	201,000	327,000	210,000	545,000

in 1903, 3.6 per cent. in 1904, 4.1 per cent. in 1905, 5.1 per cent. in 1906, 6.0 per cent. in 1907, 7.0 per cent. in 1908, 1909, and 1910, 6.5 per cent. in 1911, and 6.8 per cent. in 1912. 1 The area of the watershed used in making up these records included water surfaces amounting to 2.2 per cent. of the whole area from 1897 to 1902, inclusive, 2.4 per cent.

Table No. 8. — Yield of the Sudbury Watershed in Gallons per Day per Square Mile 1 from 1875 to 1912.

1								-		l				1
Month.		1875.	1876.	1877.	1878.	1879.	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1887.
January,		103,000	643,000	658,000	1,810,000	200,000	1,120,000	415,000	415,000 1,241,000	335,000	995,000	1,235,000	1,461,000	2,589,000
February,	·	1,496,000 1,368,000	1,368,000	949,000	2,465,000	1,711,000	1,787,000	1,546,000	2,403,000	1,033,000	2,842,000	1,354,000	4,801,000	2,829,000
March,	·	1,604,000 4,435,000	4,435,000	4,814,000	3,507,000	2,330,000	1,374,000	4,004,000	2,839,000	1,611,000	3,785,000	1,572,000	2,059,000	2,868,000
April,	٠	3,049,000	3,292,000	2,394,000	1,626,000	3,116,000	1,169,000	1,546,000	867,000	1,350,000	2,853,000	1,815,000	1,947,000	2,620,000
May,		1,188,000	1,138,000	1,391,000	1,394,000	1,114,000	514,000	965,000	1,292,000	937,000	1,030,000	1,336,000	720,000	1,009,000
June,	·	870,000	222,000	597,000	506,000	413,000	175,000	1,338,000	529,000	300,000	416,000	426,000	203,000	413,000
July,	٠	321,000	183,000	202,000	128,000	157,000	176,000	276,000	86,000	115,000	224,000	62,000	116,000	115,000
August,	·	396,000	405,000	121,000	476,000	395,000	119,000	148,000	55,000	79,000	257,000	240,000	94,000	214,000
September,	٠	207,000	184,000	000,09	161,000	141,000	80,000	197,000	307,000	91,000	44,000	121,000	117,000	111,000
October,		646,000	234,000	631,000	516,000	71,000	102,000	186,000	299,000	186,000	83,000	336,000	146,000	190,000
November,		1,302,000	1,088,000	1,418,000	1,693,000	206,000	205,000	395,000	209,000	205,000	175,000	1,177,000	673,000	369,000
December,	٠	584,000	453,000	1,290,000	3,177,000	463,000	175,000	775,000	315,000	194,000	925,000	1,174,000	1,020,000	643,000
Average,	٠	972,000	972,000 1,135,000	1,214,000	1,452,000	894,000	578,000	979,000	862,000	533,000	1,129,000	901,000	1,087,000	1,154,000
Average, driest six months,	. ,sı	574,000	384,000	502,000	532,000	230,000	143,000	330,000	211,000	145,000	200,000	391,000	223,000	234,000
												-	-	

1 See note at end of this table.

TABLE No. 8. — Yield of the Sudbury Watershed in Gallons per Day per Square Mile 1 from 1875 to 1912 — Continued.

												The second second					
	Month.	:			1888.	1889.	1890.	1891.	1892.	1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.
January, .				•	1,053,000 2,782,000	2,782,000	1,254,000	1,254,000 3,018,000 1,870,000	1,870,000	434,000	693,000	1,034,000 1,084,000	1,084,000	845,000	845,000 1,638,000	2,288,000	794,000
February, .				•	1,950,000 1,196,000	1,196,000	1,529,000	3,486,000	943,000	1,542,000	991,000	541,000	2,676,000	1,067,000	3,022,000	1,381,000	3,800,000
March,				•	3,238,000 1,338,000	1,338,000	3,643,000	4,453,000	1,955,000	3,245,000	2,238,000	2,410,000	3,835,000	2,565,000	2,604,000	4,205,000	3,654,000
April,	٠			•	2,645,000 1,410,000	1,410,000	1,875,000	2,397,000	871,000	2,125,000	1,640,000	2,515,000	1,494,000	1,515,000	1,829,000	2,521,000	1,350,000
May,				٠	1,632,000	880,000	1,366,000	583,000	1,259,000	2,883,000	840,000	636,000	360,000	915,000	1,246,000	511,000	1,312,000
June,				•	421,000	653,000	568,000	413,000	428,000	440,000	419,000	174,000	399,000	962,000	530,000	000'99	316,000
July,	٠	٠		•	117,000	634,000	107,000	149,000	214,000	158,000	161,000	231,000	95,000	658,000	231,000	19,000	-18,000
August, .	٠	٠		•	379,000	1,432,000	132,000	163,000	280,000	181,000	209,000	229,000	57,000	591,000	1,107,000	-35,000	-34,000
September, .	٠			٠	1,155,000	823,000	457,000	203,000	229,000	108,000	150,000	000'68	388,000	182,000	369,000	94,000	65,000
October, .	٠	٠		•	1,999,000 1,230,000	1,230,000	2,272,000	210,000	126,000	222,000	374,000	1,379,000	592,000	94,000	1,160,000	115,000	186,000
November, .	٠	٠		٠	2,758,000 1,941,000	1,941,000	1,215,000	305,000	000,769	319,000	836,000	2,777,000	659,000	000,606	909,000 1,986,000	304,000	000,899
December, .	٠	٠		•	3,043,000	2,241,000	000,966	544,000	485,000	296,000	716,000	1,782,000	000'299	1,584,000	1,799,000	220,000	1,096,000
Average,		٠		٠	1,697,000	1,383,000	1,285,000	1,315,000	781,000	1,037,000	770,000	1,152,000	1,019,000	991,000	1,450,000	973,000	1,082,000
Average, driest six months,	lriest s	ix mo	onths,	•	953,000	944,000	747,000	239,000	327,000	237,000	356,000	460,000	314,000	564,000	777,000	93,000	194,000
				-		Name and Address of the Owner, where the Owner, which is					the Party and Personal Property lies, in which the Personal Property lies, in which t						

¹ See note at end of this table.

TABLE No. 8. — Yield of the Sudbury Watershed in Gallons per Day per Square Mile 1 from 1875 to 1912 — Concluded.

Mean for 38 Years, 1875–1912.	000,961,1	000,127,1	000,867,000	0 1,996,000	0 1,068,000	0 498,000	0 159,000	0 234,000	0 239,000	0 437,000	000'.282'000	0 1,002,000	0 1,007,000	000'688 000
1912.	728,000	1,197,009	3,092,000	2,235,000	1,447,000	148,000	-77,000	-29,000	-28,000	-14,000	165,000	494,000	779,000	26,000
1911.	519,000	200,000	1,144,000	1,426,000	318,000	213,000	-14,000	20,000	26,000	296,000	593,000	908,000	514,000	151,000
1910.	392,000 1,490,000	1,849,000	1,954,000	000'299	277,000	516,000	-102,000	-73,000	2,000	51,000	176,000	221,000	270,000	. 29,000
1909.	392,000	2,286,000	1,734,000	1,721,000	1,004,000	239,000	-121,000	45,000	149,000	-51,000	82,000	263,000	625,000	40,000
1908.	1,925,000	1,536,000	2,257,000	1,117,000	1,046,000	194,000	-14,000	102,000	-82,000	47,000	71,000	136,000	694,000	44,000
1907.	1,128,000 1,351,000	624,000	1,658,000	1,607,000	000'888	761,000	000'6	104,000	541,000	741,000	1,998,000	2,032,000	1,010,000	471,000
1906.	1,128,000	1,041,000	2,409,000	1,949,000	1,059,000	707,000	398,000	180,000	000,61	301,000	483,000	000,659	860,000	341,000
1905.	1,410,000	330,000	2,497,000	1,643,000	297,000	467,000	177,000	114,000	1,246,000	158,000	279,000	887,000	795,000	403,000
1904.	477,000	882,000	2,999,000	3,294,000	1,745,000	419,000	62,000	170,000	397,000	191,000	289,000	269,000	931,000	228,000
1903.	1,736,000	2,279,000	3,454,000	2,261,000	351,000	1,987,000	445,000	307,000	130,000	492,000	363,000	582,000	1,190,000	388,000
1902.	437,000 1,763,000	300,000 1,674,000	4,199,000	1,885,000	743,000	303,000	000'99	135,000	178,000	506,000	444,000	1,779,000	1,140,000	271,000
1901.	437,000	300,000	2,755,000 4,199,000	4,204,000	2,954,000	753,000	306,000	424,000	305,000	412,000	474,000	2,695,000	1,342,000 1,140,000	445,000
		•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	3,
														onth
.н.				•						•			•	six 11
Month.									·					driest
	January,	February,	March, .	April, .	May,	June, .	July,	August,	September,	October,	November,	December,	Average,	Average, driest six months, .

1 The area of the Sudbury watershed used in making up these records included water surfaces amounting to 1.9 per cent. of the whole area from 1875 to 1878, inclusive, Nore. - The recorded yields, subsequent to the year 1897, are less accurate than those for previous years, particularly during months of small yield, due to unavoidaand was subsequently increased by the construction of storage reservoirs to 3.0 per cent. in 1879, 3.4 per cent. in 1885, 3.9 per cent. in 1894, and 6.5 per cent. in 1898. watershed also contains extensive areas of swampy land, which, though covered with water at times, are not included in the above percentages of water surfaces.

ble inaccuracies in the measurement of large quantities of water received from the Wachusett Reservoir.

Table No. 9.— Wachusett System. — Statistics of Flow of Water, Storage and Rainfall in 1912.

[Watershed above dam = 118.19 square miles.]

			.D	GALLONS PER DAY.	AY.					
Month.	Discharged	Diverted to	Wasted into	Seepage	NOTS	STORAGE.2	Total Yield	'Rainfall (Inches).	Rainfall collected	Percent- age of Rainfall
	Wachusett Aqueduct.	Worcester.	below Dam.	the North Dike.	Gain.	Loss.	Watershed.		(inches).	collected.
January,	000,000,000	84,000	1,778,000	800,000	22,690,000	-	92,252,000	2.57	1.392	54.2
February,	118,790,000	1,045,000	1,772,000	800,000	1	12,848,000	109,559,000	2.42	1.547	63.8
March,	23,533,000	2,335,000	1,755,000	842,000	306,116,000	1	334,581,000	5.69	5.050	88.8
April,	76,773,000	ı	1,757,000	993,000	190,090,000	1	269,613,000	4.06	3.938	97.0
May,	132,942,000	1	48,761,000	1,000,000	29,665,000	1	212,368,000	5.76	3.206	55.7
June,	79,683,000	ı	11,207,000	1,000,000	ı	52,767,000	39,123,000	0.48	0.571	119.6
July,	150,719,000	39,000	2,264,000	1,000,000	1	138,119,000	15,903,000	2.65	0.240	9.1
August,	77,639,000	116,000	2,619,000	000,000	1	66,461,000	14,813,000	2.89	0.224	7.7
September,	78,633,000	137,000	2,020,000	000,000	1	71,130,000	10,560,000	2.17	0.154	7.1
October,	100,239,000	2,710,000	2,645,000	877,000	1	89,348,000	17,123,000	2.53	0.258	10.2
November,	101,560,000	5,053,000	1,900,000	847,000	ı	57,173,000	52,187,000	4.02	6.762	18.9
December,	100,816,000	4,481,000	1,842,000	813,000		14,265,000	93,687,000	4.95	1.414	28.5
Total,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	40.19	18.756	1
Average for year,	92,298,000	1,335,000	6,747,000	808,000	3,979,000	ı	105,257,000	ı	1	46.7

¹ Including 171,000 gallons per day drawn from aqueduct for the supply of the Westborough State Hospital. ² Aggregate storage in Wachusett Reservoir and in ponds and mill reservoirs.

Table No. 10. — Sudbury System. — Statistics of Flow of Water, Storage and Rainfall in 1912.

Watershed from 1875 to 1878 inclusive = 77.764 square miles; in 1879 and 1880 = 78.238 square miles; and from 1881 to 1912 inclusive = 75.2 square miles.

	Percent- age of	Rain- fall col- lected.	44.1	72.2	85.3	88.3	26.7	56.1	4.2	-1.7	-2.8	-1.0	7.8	17.2	,	40.3
	Rain-	lected (Inches).	1,299	1.998	5.516	3.859	2.580	0.255	-0.137	-0.052	010.0—	-0.024	0.285	0.882	16.410	ı
	Deinfall	(Inches).	2.94	2.77	6,46	4.37	4.55	0.46	3.24	3.05	1.76	2.35	3.64	5.13	40.72	1
	Total	Yield of Water- shed.	54,755,000	90,028,000	232,490,000	168,100,000	108,777,000	11,123,000	-5,765,000	-2,216,000	-2,137,000	-1,032,000	12,417,000	37,177,000	ı	58,595,000
	AGE.	Loss.	22,832,000	1	ı	1	1	35,763,000	1	32,629,000	27,040,000	1	5,187,000	ı	ı	-
	STORAGE	Gain.	I	42,235,000	21,823,000	33,033,000	48,142,000	ı	22,823,000	1	ı	5,536,000	1	13,526,000	1	5,257,000
	Water	wasted into River below Lowest Dam.	12,455,000	30,710,000	117,023,000	102,487,000	80,813,000	11,993,000	1,500,000	1,645,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	7,450,000	18,680,000	ı	32,338,000
GALLONS PER DAY.	Water di-	verted from Watershed by Sewers, etc.	1,135,000	1,003,000	2,461,000	2,570,000	2,148,000	1,244,000	764,000	787,000	797,000	761,000	887,000	921,000	ı	1,293,000
GALL	W. 4	water used by Framing- ham Water Works.	861,000	955,000	816,000	710,000	716,000	853,000	903,000	803,000	803,000	855,000	810,000	755,000	1	820,000
	Water	discharged through Weston Aqueduct.	36,507,000	36,424,000	35,777,000	35,547,000	36,506,000	36,723,000	36,664,000	36,439,000	36,893,000	37,977,000	37,017,000	37,232,000	d	36,645,000
	Water	discharged through Sudbury Aqueduct. ²	93,377,000	97,335,000	77,955,000	70,360,000	73,226,000	75,580,000	82,110,000	68,200,000	63,367,000	52,397,000	72,823,000	000'189'99	1	74,368,000
	Water	received from Wachusett Reservoir.	66,748,000	118,634,000	23,365,000	76,607,000	132,774,000	79,507,000	150,529,000	77,461,000	78,457,000	100,058,000	101,383,000	100,648,000	1	92,126,000
		, Момти.	January,	February, .	March,	April,	May,	June,	July,	August,	September, .	October,	November, .	December, .	Total, .	Av. for year,

1 Not including 171,000 gallons per day drawn from the Wachusett Aqueduct for the supply of the Westborough State Hospital, which were not discharged into Sudbury

² Including quantities of water wasted from aqueduet.

Table No. 11. — Cochituate System. — Statistics of Flow of Water, Storage and Rainfall in 1912. [Watershed of lake = 17.58 square miles. 1]

Porcent-	age of Rainfall	consected	36.5	9.92	0.77	81.1	49.5	0.06	2.4	0.9	21.5	16.4	17.8	22.1	ı	42.8
	Rainfall collected (Inches).		1.13	1.92	4.91	3.38	2.59	0.46	0.07	0.14	0.39	0.49	0.58	1.10	17.16	ı
	Rainfall (Inches).		3.10	2.51	6.38	4.16	5.23	0.47	3.00	2.26	1.82	2.99	3.24	4.96	40.12	-
	Total Yield	Watershed.	11,142,000	20,255,000	48,429,000	34,373,000	25,503,000	4,740,000	200,000	1,342,000	3,987,000	4,829,000	5,867,000	10,826,000	1	14,324,000
	AGE.	Loss.	1	1	1	ı	ı	4,666,000	1	7,561,000	12,103,000	4,487,000	ı	1	ı	1
Υ.	STORAGE.	Gain.	10,406,000	13,559,000	1,219,000	2,687,000	1,229,000	ı	535,000	1		1	1,250,000	10,510,000		1,026,000
GALLONS PER DAY.	Water wasted at	Outlet of Lake.	1	1	46,052,000	29,910,000	23,035,000	2,713,000	'	ı	1	1	1	-		8,526,000
GAI	Water di-	Watershed by Sewers, etc.	736,000	417,000	1,158,000	1,776,000	1,239,000	483,000	171,000	177,000	160,000	71,000	217,000	316,000	1	277,000
	Water discharged	through Cochituate Aqueduct.	ı	6,279,000	1	1	1	6,210,000	1	8,726,000	15,930,000	9,419,000	4,413,000	ı	1	4,211,060
	Water re-	External Sources. 2	ı	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	174,000	13,000	1	1	16,000
						•		•	•		•	٠	٠	٠		•
	Montii.															year,
	Mo															ge for
			January,	February,	March,	April, .	May, .	June, .	July, .	August,	September,	October,	November, .	December,	Total,	Average for year, .

1 Not including the watersheds of Dudley and Dug ponds.

² From Framingham Reservoirs, Nos. 1, 2, and 3.

Table No. 12. — Elevations of Water Surfaces of Reservoirs above Boston City Base at the Beginning of Each Month.

	Chestnut					FRAMING	FRAMINGHAM RESERVOIR.	ERVOIR.					
C. C	Hill Reservoir.	Hill Lake Reservoir. Cochituate.	Farm Pond.	Spot Pond.	Weston Reservoir.	No. 1.	No. 2.	No. 3.	Ashland Reservoir.	Sudbury Reservoir.	Hopkinton Reservoir.	Whitehall Reservoir.	Wachusett Reservoir.
Lais.	Ordinary High Water =134.00.	Ordinary High Water High Water High Water = 144.36. = 159.25.	High Water = 159.25.	High Water = 163.00.	igh Water High Water = 163.00. = 200.00.	Flash Boards 169.27.	Flash Boards 177.12.	Flash Boards 186.50.	Flash Boards 225.23.	Flash Boards 259.97.	Flash Boards 305.00.	Ordinary High Water =337.91.	Ordinary High Water =395.00.
Jan. 1, 1912, .	133.83	140.21	156.95	162.79	199.98	167.76	177.29	184.00	208.51	256.97	286.66	336.13	382.30
Feb. 1, 1912,	131.74	141.82	157.23	162.34	199.99	167.65	177.13	183.93	212.55	254.17	289.70	336.58	383.03
Mar. 1, 1912,	133.99	143.70	157.53	162.61	200.12	167.88	176.14	183.97	217.37	256.03	294.46	336.94	382,65
April 1, 1912, .	133.86	143.86	158.08	162.94	200.00	168.24	176.50	183.80	224.82	255.08	304.57	337.21	390.20
May 1, 1912, .	133.88	144.20	159.40	162.85	199.94	167.94	177.42	183.93	225.55	257.04	305.02	337.54	394.62
June 1, 1912, .	134.14	144.36	159.23	163.21	200.01	167.92	177.37	186.67	225.15	260.13	304.97	337.73	395.29
July 1, 1912, .	133.66	143.77	158.48	163.00	200.01	169.26	177.00	183.13	225.20	258.39	304.82	337.41	394.41
Aug. 1, 1912,	133,95	143.84	157.94	162.88	200.002	169.12	177.15	184.19	225.24	260.06	304.60	337.24	391.27
Sept. 1, 1912,	133.66	142.76	157.51	162.78	200.00	169.00	177.07	183.38	225.13	257.97	304.39	337.09	389.73
Oct. 1, 1912, .	134.33	140.98	157.13	163.55	200.002	169.02	177.07	185.00	224.99	255.72	304.20	336.97	388.09
Nov. 1, 1912, .	131.30	140.28	158.74	161.59	200.03	168.85	176.57	184.90	224.28	256.18	304.00	336.98	385.91
Dec. 1, 1912, .	134.04	140.47	158.42	163.12	199.96	168.36	177.17	185.02	224.33	255.65	304.02	337.22	384.36
Jan. 1, 1913, .	133.96	142.05	158.48	163.09	200.00	167.93	176.22	184.95	224.54	256.54	304.37	337.76	383.79

Table No. 13. — Sources from which and Periods during which Water has been drawn for the Supply of the Metropolitan Water District.

From Wachusett Reservoir into the Wachusett Aqueduct.

	Мо	NTH.			Number of Days during which	Actual	Тіме.	Million Gallons
					Water was flowing.	Hours.	Minutes.	drawn.
January,					27	275	28	2,073.9
February,					24	311	57	3,444.9
March, .					9	91	36	729.5
April, .					16	320	58	2,303.2
May, .				. ,	31	705	-	4,121.2
June, .					28	453	-	2,390.5
July, .					27	404	5	4,672.3
August, .					16	242	4	2,406.8
September,					23	306	31	2,359.0
October,					31	473	43	3,107.4
November,					29	516	20	3,046.8
December,					31	537	28	3,125.3
Totals,					292	4,638	10	33,780.8

Total actual time, 193.26 days.

Total quantity drawn, 33,780,800,000 gallons.

$From \ Sudbury \ Reservoir \ through \ the \ Weston \ Aqueduct \ to \ Weston \ Reservoir.$

		Me	ONTH			Number of Days during which Water was flowing.	Actual Time (Hours).	Million Gallons drawn.
January,						31	744	1,131.7
February,			•			29	696	1,056.3
March, .						31	744	1,109.1
April, .						30	720	1,066.4
May, .						31	744	1,131.7
June, .						30	720	1,101.7
July, .						31	744	1,136.6
August,						31	744	1,129.6
September,						30	720	1,106.8
October,						31	744	1,177.3
November,						30	720	1,110.5
December,						31	723	1,149.5
Totals,						366	8,763	13,407.2

Total actual time, 365.13 days.

Total quantity drawn, 13,407,200,000 gallons.

Table No. 13 — Continued.

From Framingham Reservoir No. 2 through the Sudbury Aqueduct to Chestnut Hill Reservoir.

		M	ONTH.					Number of Days during which Water was flowing.	Actual Time (Hours).	Million Gallons drawn.
January,								31	744	310.0
February,							•	29	694	289.2
March, .							•	18	412	171.7
April, .								-	-	-
May, .								-	-	·
June, .								-	-	-
July, .								-	-	-
August,								-	-	-
September,								_	_	-
October,								-	-	-
November,								-	-	-
December,								-	-	-
Totals,		•		•	٠	•	•	78	1,850	770.9

Total actual time, 77.08 days.

Total quantity drawn, 770,900,000 gallons.

From Framingham Reservoir No. 3 through the Sudbury Aqueduct to Chestnut Hill Reservoir.

		Mo	ONTH.			Number of Days during which Water was flowing.	Actual Time (Hours).	Million Gallons drawn.
January,						31	744	2,584.7
February,						29	696	2,533.5
March, .						31	744	2,244.9
April, .						30	696	2,110.8
May, .						31	744	2,270.0
June, .						30	716.5	2,267.4
July, .						31	744	2,545.4
August,						31	724	2,105.2
September,						29	670.5	1,881.3
October,						20	441	1,599.3
November,						29	692.5	2,184.3
December,						31	744	2,067.1
Totals,						353	8,356.5	26,393.9

Total actual time, 348.19 days.

Total quantity drawn, 26,393,900,000 gallons.

Table No. 13 — Concluded.

From Lake Cochituate through the Cochituate Aqueduct to Chestnut Hill Reservoir.

		Mo	ONTH.			Number of Days during which Water was flowing.	Actual Time (Hours).	Million Gallons drawn.
January,						-	-	-
February,						15	333.75	182.1
March, .						-	-	-
April, .						_	-	-
May, .						_	-	-
June, .						16	384	186.3
July, .						_	-	~
August,						17	383	270.5
September,						30	718	477.9
October,						14	332	292.0
November,						8	149	132.4
December,						-	-	-
Totals,						100	2,299	1,541.2

Total actual time, 95.82 days.

Total quantity drawn, 1,541,200,000 gallons.

Table No. 14. — Average Daily Quantity of Water flowing through Aqueducts in 1912 by Months.¹

		Mon	тн.		1	Wachusett Aqueduct into Sudbury Reservoir (Gallons).	Weston Aqueduct into Metropolitan District (Gallons).	Sudbury Aqueduct into Chestnut Hill Reservoir (Gallons).	Cochituate Aqueduct into Chestnut Hill Reservoir (Gallons).
January,						66,748,000	36,507,000	93,377,000	-
February,						118,634,000	36,424,000	97,335,000	6,279,000
March,						23,365,000	35,777,000	77,955,000	-
April, .						76,607,000	35,547,000	70,360,000	-
May, .						132,774,000	36,506,000	73,226,000	-
June, .						79,507,000	36,723,000	75,580,000	6,210,000
July, .						150,529,000	36,664,000	82,110,000	-
August,						77,461,000	36,439,000	67,910,000	8,726,000
September,						78,457,000	36,893,000	62,710,000	15,930,000
October,						100,058,000	37,977,000	51,590,000	9,419,000
November,						101,383,000	37,017,000	72,810,000	4,413,000
December,						100,648,000	37,081,000	66,681,000	-
Average	,					92,126,000	36,632,000	74,221,000	4,211,000

¹ Not including quantities wasted while cleaning and repairing aqueducts.

Table No. 15. — Statement of Operation of Engines Nos. 1 and 2 at Chestnut Hill Pumping Station No. 1 for the Year 1912.

for slip.

per cent. allowed

placement. 71,820,000 000,099, 78,490,000 71,050,000 ,570,000 ,260,000 86,560,000 84,440,000 82,830,000 85.820.00086,800,000 used in Pumping, on Basis of Plunger Dis-Duty in Foot-pounds of Coal per 100 Pounds of Coal used in Pumping, on 58,910,000 900 74,330,000 80.080.000 79,780,000 230,000 180,000 80,330,000 rected for Slip. ber 100 Pounds of Coal per 100 Pounds of Coal rosed in Pumping; cor-76,120, Duty AVERAGE LIFT (FEET). 134,46 8 99 Engine No. 2. 35 134 77 57 13 46 32 62 95 36 59 84 8 84 Engine No. 1. 136 133 133 133 133 134 32 134 34 134 133 Pumping. 16 22 05 36 03 57 24 allons pumped per ri besu lso to long 718 749 748 750 718 200 99720 620 604 682 Gallons Per cent. of Ashes and Clinker. 9 139,650 Ashes and Clinker from Coal used in Pumping (Pounds). ,905 239,965 50.080 .(ebnuoq) Banking uı Coal used 138,695 ,381,720 (Pounds). Coal consumed in Pump-55 01 Total Quantity pumped (Million Gallons). 75 56 99 65 (Million Gallons). 69 37 tor Slip corrected 5 <u>8</u> **Viiinan** Q No. 50 35 Total Pumping Time. 47 55 Hrs. corrected for SI (Million Gallons). 07 41 07 89 89 0 91 ,bedmuq qilg 101 22 75 92 96 65 121 72 48 56 54 924 No. Quantity Min 05 40 25 05 10 15 8 15 10 50 50 25 10 Total Pumping Time. Hrs. 2,703 228 289 184 174 354 MONTH Average September, November December Total. February October, August, January March. April, fune, May,

Table No. 16. — Statement of Operation of Engine No. 3 at Chestnut Hill Pumping Station No. 1 for the Year 1912.

	Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal, on Basis of Plunger Displacement, no Deduction for Heating or Lighting.		1	1	1	105,700,000	1	1	•	•	1		1	1	105,700,000	1
	Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Cosl, per 100 Pounds of cost, no Deduction to THeating; corrected for Slip.		1	1	ı	101,060,000	1	1	ı	ì	1	ı	1	1	101,060,000	1
	Average Lift (Feet).		1	1	1	118.09	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	118.09	1
	Gallons pumped per Pound of Coal, no De- duction for Heating or Lighting.		ı	1	1	1,027.38	1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	1	1,027.38	1
	Per Cent. of Ashes and Clinker.		1	1	1	8.3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	8.3	1
ed for slip.]	Amount of Ashes and Clinker (Pounds).		1	1	1	1,810	1	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	1,810	1
[4.4 per cent. allowed for slip.]	-moon to Coal con- sumed (Pounds).		1	1	1	21,735	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	21,735	1
[4.4 pe	Quantity pumped, corrected for Sip (Million Gallons).		1	1	1	22.33	1	1-	1	1	1	1	ı	1	22.33	1
	Total Pumping Time.	Hrs. Min.	1	1	1	25 55	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	25 55	1
	Month.		anuary,	February,	March,	April,	day,	'une' · · · · · · · · · · ·	luly,	August,	September,	October,	November,	December,	Total,	Average,

Table No. 17. — Statement of Operation of Engine No. 4 at Chestnut Hill Pumping Station No. 1 for the Year 1912.

Daily Average Sand Sall Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand Sand		29.315	8.403	19.243	24.318	34.006	6.081	2.099	10.773	33.873	17.208	12.172	21.128	ı	18.262
Vocal Canalist Control of Control		908.75	243.69	596.53	729.55	1,054.19	182.43	65.07	333.95	1,016.19	533.45	365.15	654.98	6,683.93	ı
Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal used in Pumping, on Basis of Plunger Dis-placement.		145,370,000	146,010,000	139,850,000	139,680,000	140,410,000	146,540,000	ı	146,910,000	151,400,000	149,400,000	150,690,000	152,110,000		145,660,000
Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal used in Pumping, cor- rected for Blip,		142,510,000	143,130,000	137,090,000	136,930,000	137,640,000	143,650,000	ı	144,020,000	148,420,000	146,460,000	147,720,000	149,110,000	ı	142,790,000
Average Lift (Feet).		120.76	123.42	120.93	119.44	119.46	119.91	1	126.67	123.36	119.69	120.18	119.69	1	120.93
Gallons pumped per Pound of Coal used in Pumping.		1,416.67	1,392.15	1,360.87	1,376.31	1,383.17	1,438.18	ı	1,364.90	1,444.40	1,468.94	1,475.58	1,495.57	ı	1,417.53
Per Cent. of Ashes and Chinker.		11.3	11.8	10.0	10.9	11.1	9.4	ı	10.3	9.8	10.2	7.9	8.7	1	10.3
mort read Clinker from Coal used in June Coal used in Coal used (spunod)		61,910	14,155	38,265	50,005	76,475	8,330	1	20,540	60,595	31,990	16,980	34,925	414,170	-
Cosl used in Banking (Pounds).		18,210	70,080	26,820	29,010	1	50,985	53,925	55,528	1	53,595	26,370	14,020	398,543	1
Coal consumed in Pumping (Pounds).		546,795	119,685	383,225	458,065	690,155	89,015	1	199,722	619,150	313,675	214,620	400,422	4,034,529	-
Quantity pumped, corrected for Slip (Million Gallons).		774.63	166.62	521.52	630.44	954.60	128.02	1	272.60	894.30	460.77	316.69	598.86	5,719.05	1
Total Pumping Time.	Min.	45	00	35	30	25	15	1	35	02	30	90	35	15	ı
amiT vaiamu4 letoT	Hrs.	599	129	408	493	741	66	1	212	669	358	246	475	4,463	1
		ľ	•	·			•	•			•			·	
Month.															
M		January,	February,	March, .	April, .	May, .	June, .	July, .	August, .	September,	October, .	November,	December,	Total,	Average,

Table No. 18. — Statement of Operation of Engines Nos. 5, 6 and 7, at Chestnut Hill Pumping Station No. 2 for the Year 1912.

no -si	Duty in Foot-pounds 1 100 Pounds of Coal, Basis of Plunger D tion for Heating Lighting,		109,000,000	115,160,000	103,320,000	97,730,000	100,710,000	115,700,000	110,950,000	106,490,000	97,560,000	93,310,000	103,870,000	85,940,000	1	104,200,000
ou	Duty in Foot-pounds 100 Pounds of Coal, Deduction for Heat or Lighting; correct for Slip.		106,810,000	112,850,000	101,240,000	95,770,000	000'069'86	113,380,000	108,720,000	104,350,000	95,600,000	91,440,000	101,780,000	84,210,000	1	102,110,000
T.d.I	Engine No. 7.		33.30	34.77	32.16	32.11	31.97	35.27	38.04	45.88	46.12	39.24	38.47	32.12	1	37.82
AVERAGE LIFT	Engine No. 6.		51.73	55.45	45.78	42.63	44.26	48.54	48.85	43.47	45.75	44.83	48.04	39.76	1	47.05
AVEL	Engine No. 5.		55.98	55.56	49.13	42.98	45.21	49.84	48.46	44.02	55.46	46.01	20.02	42.44	1	49.08
	Gallons pumped p Pound of Coal, no l duction for Heating Lighting,		2,612.52	2,562.28	2,744.71	2,744.65	2,803.80	2,820.25	2,761.12	2,805.99	2,446.98	2,440.70	2,620.39	2,660.57	1	2,662.50
pu	Per Cent. of Ashes a		10.6	11.0	10.8	9.5	10.4	9.5	0.0	8.6	10.0	0.0	10.0	10.7	1	10.0
pət	Total Coal consum (Pounds).		715,065	716,150	532,425	441,750	451,380	478,820	509,855	474,200	532,485	420,875	504,440	442,818	6,220,263	-
	Daily Average Quant pumped (Million C lons).		60.262	63.275	47.140	40.415	40.825	45.013	45.412	42.923	43.433	33.136	44.061	38.002	,	45.250
pəc	Total Quantity pump.		1,868.12	1,834.98	1,461.35	1,212.45	1,265.58	1,350.39	1,407.77	1,330.60	1,302.98	1,027.23	1,321.83	1,178.15	16,561.43	-
No. 7.	Quantity pumped, corrected for Slip (Mil-lion Gallons).		393.33	232.83	260.03	101.79	241.19.	29.60	181.82	485.86	429.68	80.25	329.22	298.45	3,114.05	1
ENGINE	Total Pumping Time.	Hrs. Min.	356 45	181 10	280 25	125 00	295 50	98 35	189 30	447 25	401 05	72 55	342 15	336 00	3,126 55	1
No. 6.	Quantity pumped, corrected for Slip (Mil-lion Gallons).		933.95	801.77	77.867	614.67	576.12	746.36	561.10	136.13	735.55	441.07	360.79	803.54	7,509.82	1
ENGINE	.əmiT gaiqmu¶ IstoT	Hrs. Min.	744 00	00 969	695 35	546 35	485 30	642 50	511 25	117 00	663 15	420 30	344 25	689 20	6,556 25	i
No. 5.	Quantity pumped, corrected for Slip (Mil- lion Gallons).	-	540.84	800.38	402.55	495.99	448.27	524.43	664.85	19.802	137.75	505.91	631.82	76.16	5,937.56	1
ENGINE]	Total Pumping Time.	Hrs. Min.	453 30	00 969	383 05	450 00	375 50	477 45	612 35	621 40	128 10	472 40	580 45	63 35	5,315 35	1
			•	٠	·			·		·	·	•	•	•	•	
	Month.		January, .	February, .	March,	April,	Мау,	June,	July,	August,	September, .	October,	November, .	December, .	Total,	Average, .

Table No. 19. — Statement of Operation of Engine No. 12 at Chestnut Hill Pumping Station No. 2 for the Year 1912.

Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal used in Pumping, on Basis of Plunger Dis- placement.		145,520,000	162,860,000	152,600,000	152,850,000	ı	164,740,000	163,250,000	163,730,000	151,300,000	153,250,000	131,790,000	144,200,000	ı	155,820,000
Puty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal used in Pumping, corrected for Slip.		142,620,000	159,620,000	149,560,000	149,810,000	ı	161,460,000	160,000,000	160,470,000	148,290,000	150,200,000	129,170,000	141,330,000	1	152,720,000
.(199H) lift (Feet).		120.56	125.40	121.11	120.54	1	124.40	126.30	127.03	119.99	121.37	119.59	120.05	ı	123.61
Gallons pumped per Pound of Coal used in Pumping.		1,420.15	1,528.10	1,482.50	1,492.00	ı	1,558.07	1,520.80	1,516.50	1,483.63	1,485.63	1,296.61	1,413.29	ı	1,483.21
Per Cent. of Ashes and Clinker.		14.4	11.4	11.6	12.2	ı	10.8	10.8	10.6	9.6	10.5	11.3	13.3	t	11.3
Messand Clinker from Coal used in Punging (Spanor).		20,640	06,550	38,870	21,575	1	62,075	75,495	49,420	1,900	37,355	53,115	32,425	459,450	ı
Coal used in Banking (Pounds).		26,565	12,115	17,770	11,510	8,985	2,900	t	10,260	6,820	13,690	4,400	2,390	117,405	ı
ni bemusuoo 1 s o O .(sbanoq) gaiqmuq		143,485	581,580	334,900	176,475	t	577,190	700,705	468,125	19,850	355,607	468,260	242,915	4,069,092	ı
Quantity pumped, cor- rected for Slip (Million Gallons).		203.77	888.71	496.49	263.30	ı	899.30	1,065.63	16.607	29.45	528.30	607.15	343.31	6,035.32	1
	Min.	40	55	40	15	ı	35	40	02	15	8	30	15	20	ı
Total Pumping Time.	Hrs.	151	575	330	195	1	620	742	531	21	384	473	271	4,306	I
		•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
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Month.		•	٠		•	•		٠	•	٠					•
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		January,	February,	March, .	April, .	May,	June, .	July, .	August, .	September	October, .	November	December,	Total,	Average,

- Statement of Operation of Engine No. 8 at Spot Pond Pumping Station for the Year 1912. per cent. allowed for slip.]

Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal, on Basis of Plunger Displacement, no Deduction for Heating or Lighting. 88,420,000 101,200,000 96,610,000 98,760,000 97,630,000 99,160,000 Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal, no Deduction for Heating or Lighting; corrected for Slip. 36,640,000 95,660,00096,770,000 91,870,000 94,660,000 120.12 120.00 121.24 125. 120 Average Lift (Feet). Gallons pumped per Pound of Coal, no De-duction for Heating or Lighting. 946.00 990.79 968. 920. Per Cent. of Ashes and Clinker. 565 20,043 23,703 shes and (Pounds). Clinker kshes 0,000 5,975 262,803 568,785 os leo O (Pounds) pəwnsuoʻɔʻ Quantity pumped, corrected for Slip (Million Gallons). 538. 45 8 8 20 8 05 Total Pumping Time. Hrs. 8 ,254 139 591 MONTH November, September, December, Total, February January, October, August, March, April, May,

Table No. 21. — Statement of Operation of Engine No. 9 at Spot Pond Pumping Station for the Year 1912.

F F S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		8.448	8.902	8.207	7.732	7.706	9.155	9.430	8.072	7.708	7.444	0.856	6.733	ı	8.030
W. And Manufully pumped and Manufully manufully and		261.90	258.15	254.42	231.95	238.88	274.64	292.32	250.24	231.24	230.77	205.69	208.72	2,938.92	ı
Duty in Foot-pounds Duty in Poot-bounds of Coal on Basis of Plunger Displacement, no Deduction for Heating or Lighting.		126,330,000	127,880,000	1	114,670,000	126,240,000	132,800,000	140,440,000	134,480,000	135,700,000	135,070,000	131,740,000	127,000,000	1	131,610,000
Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Founds of Coal, n o Deduction for Heating or Lighting; corrected for Slip.		123,820,000	125,340,000	1	112,390,000	123,730,000	130,160,000	137,650,000	131,800,000	133,000,000	132,380,000	129,120,000	124,470,000	1	128,990,000
Average Lift (Feet).	-	133.81	127.71	ı	130.83	128.83	129.74	129.39	128.94	128.70	130.03	129.43	128.21	ı	129.57
Gallons pumped per Pound of Coal, no Deduction for Heating or Lighting.		1,110.87	1,178.16	1	1,031.30	1,153.00	1,204.33	1,277.09	1,227.12	1,240.56	1,222.14	1,197.56	1,165.50	1	1,195.14
Per Cent. of Ashes and Clinker.		12.5	11.2	ı	11.2	11.9	12.5	11.6	10.1	10.0	9.6	9.0	11.1	ı	11.0
Ashes and Clinker (Pounds).		28,718	18,693	ı	3,174	24,565	28,485	25,924	20,555	18,608	17,701	15,397	19,934	221,754	ı
Coal consumed (Pounds).		229,324	166,497	ı	28,430	207,182	228,044	224,228	203,925	186,400	183,980	171,758	179,082	2,008,850	1
Quantity pumped corrected for Slip (Million Gallons).		254.75	196.16	1	29.32	238.88	274.64	286.36	250.24	231.24	224.85	205.69	208.72	2,400.85	ı
	Min.	15	45	1	8	50	55	10	40	15	40	00	05	35	1
Total Pumping Time.	Hrs.	308	237	1	36	290	330	341	299	279	272	247	251	2,894	1
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		anuary,	Pebruary,	farch,	pril,	fay, .	une,	uly,	ugust, .	eptember	october, .	November	December,	Total,	Average

Displacement, no Deduction for Heating or Lighting.

Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal, on Basis of Plunger

39,480,000 71,100,000 70,530,000 73,860,000 76,290,000 71,030,000 64,860,000 64,540,000 56,880,000

72,260,000 65,980,000 35,660,000 57,860,000 000,089, 69,310,000

68,130,000

Average,

November,

December, Total,

September,

August,

October,

Statement of Operation of Engine No. 10 at Arlington Pumping Station for the Year 1912. 22. TABLE No.

Duty in Foot-pounds per 100 Pounds of Coal, no deduction for Heat-ing or Lighting; cor-rected for Silp. 29 8. 21 54 36 286. Average Lift (Feet). Gallons pumped per Pound of Coal, no De-duction for Heating or Lighting. 275.96 .84 55 96 69 285. ∞ Per Cent. of Ashes and Clinker. 6 2 [2 per cent. allowed for slip.] 10,602 11,332 7,830 118,146 7,058 12,946 Ashes ande. (Pounds). рûè Clinker 1,086,340 (Pounds). pamnsnos Coal 22.78 68 98. 88 53 Quantity pumped, corrected for Slip (Million Gallons). 33 20 15 45 15 45 Total Pumping Time. 6,984 359 6 339 MONTH.

February,

April, May, June,

anuary,

Table No. 23. — Statement of Operation of Engine No. 11 at Arlington Pumping Station for the Year 1912.

[4 per cent. allowed for slip.]

r of Engines 10 and 11.	Daily Average Quantity pumped (Million Gallons).		.783	718.	.852	288.	.953	1.180	1.279	1.014	969.	.735	.647	199.	1	928.
SUMMARY O Nos. 10	Total Quantity pumped, cor- rected for Slip (Million Gallons).		24.27	23.68	26.42	26.62	29.54	35.40	39.66	31.42	20.88	22.78	19.42	20.50	320.59	1
Coal, inger De-	Duty in Foot-po per 100 Pounds of on Basis of Plu Displacement, no duction for Heati		1	1	40,030,000	41,180,000	1	41,870,000	41,310,000	1	1	1	36,780,000	1	1	39,650,000
Coal, for ting;	Duty in Foot-po per 100 Pounds of n o Deduction Heating or Ligh corrected for Slip		1	1	38,250,000	39,350,000	1	40,010,000	39,470,000	1	1	1	35,150,000	1	1	37,890,000
	Average Lift (Feet)		. 1	1	283.25	283.41	1	296.95	309.15	1	1	1	282.83	1	1	290.76
De-	Gallona pumped Pound of Coal, no duction for Heati Lighting.		1	1	162.11	166.67	1	161.74	153.28	ı	ı	ı	149.19	ı	1	156.42
pue	Per Cent. of Ashes Clinker.		1	1	9.1	0.9	1	10.9	8.7	ı	ı	1	9.5	1	1	9.3
inker	Ashes and Cl. (Pounds).		1	1	933	395	1	1,545	1,023	1	1	1	2,158	1	6,054	1
pəw	Coal consur (Pounds).		ı	1	10,240	6,540	1	14,220	11,745	ı	ı	1	22,655	ı	65,400	ı
-109 noilli	Quantity pumped, rected for Slip (M Gallons).		1	1	1.66	1.09	1	2.30	1.80	ı	ı	ı	3.38	1	10.23	ı
.en	iT zaiąmuA letoT	Min.	1	1	15	30	1	00	15	1	1	1	00	1	00	1
		Hrs.	'	1	45	28	1	56	53	1	1	1	120	1	303	1
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	Month.															
	Mo															
	1 2										F,		F,	2		ge,
			January,	February,	March,	April,	May,	June,	July,	August,	September,	October,	November	December,	Total,	Average,

Table No. 24. — (Meter Basis.) Average Daily Consumption of Water during the Year 1912, in the Cities and Towns supplied by the Metropolitan Water Works, including Boston, Somerville, Chelsea, Malden, Everett, Quincy, Medford, Melrose, Revere, Watertown, Arlington, Lexington, Milton, Stoneham, Winthrop, Swampscott, Belmont and Nahant. (For Consumption of Water in Whole Metropolitan Water District, see Table No. 28.)

			Moz	NTH.				Average Daily Consumption (Gallons).	Estimated Population.	Consumption per Inhabitant (Gallons).
January.								136,635,300	1,072,760	127
February,		•			•	•	•	137,390,800	1,074,790	128
March.								118,574,300	1,076,820	110
April,								111,699,100	1,078,840	104
May, .								112,689,400	1,082,570	104
June, .								117,470,900	1,087,610	108
July, .								119,617,900	1,092,080	110
August,								112,578,700	1,091,780	103
September	,							110,816,500	1,091,400	102
								108,166,000	1,091,430	99
November								104,026,400	1,093,040	95
December,	,	•		•	•		•	105,793,300	1,095,070	97
For th	е ує	ar,						116,230,700	1,086,690	107

In addition to the above quantities, Wakefield was supplied with 13,327,000 gallons, equivalent to a daily average rate of 36,400 gallons, the United States Government Reservation on Peddocks Island with 41,698,700 gallons, equivalent to a daily average rate of 113,900 gallons, and a part of Saugus with 6,411,400 gallons, equivalent to a daily average rate of 17,500 gallons.

The above table includes the Hyde Park district.

Included in above quantities is 34,971,000 gallons supplied to the Hyde Park district from local sources which were discontinued February 5th.

Table No. 25.— (Meter Basis.) Average Daily Consumption of Water in Gallons, from the Low-service System in 1912.

							SOUTHERN LOW SERVICE.	Northern Low Service.	
			М	ONTH.			Boston, excluding East Boston and Charlestown.	Portions of Charlestown, Somerville, Chelsea, Everett, Malden, Medford, East Boston and Arlington.	Total Low-service Con- sumption.
January, February, March, April, . May, June, . July, . August, September, October, November, December,				:			60,398,100 60,011,700 50,862,900 46,980,600 47,618,400 47,674,700 48,787,800 47,480,500 46,636,200 46,578,700 46,099,900 46,991,100	31,177,500 31,005,900 25,844,600 24,156,900 22,715,600 23,648,900 23,914,900 22,615,600 22,095,300 21,161,200 20,370,700 20,7728,400	91,575,600 91,017,600 76,707,500 71,137,500 70,334,000 71,323,600 72,702,700 70,096,100 68,731,500 67,739,900 66,470,600 67,719,500
For the	yea	ır,					49,651,100	24,099,000	73,750,100

Table No. 26. — (Meter Basis.) Average Daily Consumption of Water, in Gallons, from the High-service and Extra High-service Systems in 1912.

				SOUTHERN HIGH SERVICE.	SOUTHERN EXTRA HIGH SERVICE.	Northern High Service.	Northern Extra High Service.
	Mo	ONTH		Quincy, Watertown, and Portions of Boston, Belmont and Milton.	Portions of Boston and Milton.	Revere, Winthrop, Swampscott, Nahant, Stone- ham, Melrose, and Portions of Boston, Chelsea, Everett, Malden, Medford and Somerville.	Lexington and Portions of Arlington and Belmont.
January,				35,458,100	739,300	8,079,500	782,800
February,				35,849,800	777,100	8,929,700	816,600
March,				32,170,000	756,700	8,087,800	852,300
April, .				31,764,100	778,500	7,131,600	887,400
May, .				33,105,400	846,700	7,450,400	952,900
June, .				34,900,000	987,700	9,079,600	1,180,000
July, .				35,185,100	1,023,700	9,427,000	1,279,400
August,				32,665,100	797,200	8,006,800	1,013,500
September,				33,034,500	810,500	7,543,900	696,100
October,				31,737,300	881,900	7,072,000	734,900
November,				29,442,700	829,600	6,636,000	647,500
December,				30,035,700	817,100	6,509,700	661,300
For the	уea	г,		32,941,100 1	837,400	7,826,100 ²	876,000

In addition to the above ¹ the United States Government Reservation on Peddocks Island was supplied with a daily average rate of 113,900 gallons, and ² part of Saugus with a daily average rate of 17,500 gallons, and Wakefield with a daily average rate of 36,400 gallons.

The above table includes Hyde Park district.

Included in above quantities is 34,971,000 gallons supplied to Hyde Park district from local sources which were discontinued February 5th.

Table No. 27. — Average Daily Consumption of Water in Cities and Towns supplied from Metropolitan Works, as measured by Venturi Meters in 1912.

City or town,	Boston.1	N.1	SOMERVILLE.	TLLE.	MALDEN.	EN.	CHELSEA	SEA.	Everett.	ETT.	QUINCY.	cx.	MEDFORD.	ORD.
Population supplied,	718,900.	.00	81,080.	.00	46,840.	.00	34,720	20.	36,110.	10.	34,640	10.	24,880	30.
	GALLONS.	NS.	GALLONS.	Ns.	GALLONS.	NS.	GALLONS.	NS.	GALLONS.	ONS.	GALLONS.	NS.	GALLONS.	NB.
Момти.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.
January,	108,660,000	153	7,450,500	93	2,293,100	20	3,392,700	66	3,530,600	66	2,754,400	81	1,158,800	47
Fobruary,	107,955,700	151	7,676,200	96	2,358,300	51	3,323,200	97	3,478,000	86	2,941,300	98	1,285,400	52
March,	91,743,200	128	6,526,200	81	2,438,300	52	3,002,400	87	2,986,900	84	2,885,500	84	1,289,000	52
	87,041,300	122	5,887,100	73	2,122,800	-46	2,787,100	81	2,527,700	11	3,038,500	88	1,146,200	46
	87,359,100	122	6,143,700	92	2,145,000	46	2,776,400	80	2,592,300	72	3,054,300	83	1,154,400	47
	88,442,200	123	0,685,000	83	2,339,900	50	2,911,300	1/8	2,802,400	78	3,440,400	100	1,367,400	55
	00,083,600	125	6,549,300	81	2,334,800	50	2,987,300	98	2,769,800	77	3,415,200	99	1,435,300	58
August,	86,561,500	120	6,093,700	7.5	2,126,000	45	2,917,300	84	2,466,600	89	3,082,700	89	1,187,500	48
September,	85,663,100	119	6,107,700	7.5	2,165,000	46	2,888,000	83	2,383,200	99	3,053,300	88	1,231,800	49
October,	83,865,800	116	6,077,800	7.5	2,161,600	46	2,791,500	80	2,378,700	65	2,937,500	84	1,143,600	46
November,	80,753,400	112	5,949,200	73	2,091,700	44	2,714,100	77	2,268,800	62	2,970,000	85	1,133,200	45
December,	82,888,700	114	6,028,700	74	2,141,200	45	2,744,900	78	2,331,300	64	2,476,500	11	1,146,000	45
For the year,	90,037,500	125	6,427,500	7.0	2,226,300	48	2,935,500	85	2,707,800	75	3,003,100	87	1,222,900	49
												-	_	

¹ Includes Hyde Park district.

Table No. 27. — Average Daily Consumption of Water in Cities and Towns, etc. — Continued.

City of towit,		MEL	ELROSE.	REVERE	SRE.	WATERTOWN	rown.	ARLINGTON.	GTON.	MILTON.	ON.	WINTHROP.	IROP.
Population supplied,		16,350.	350.	19,980.	80.	13,700.	.00	12,120.	20.	8,300.	.00	11,050.	50.
		GALL	GALLONS.	GALLONS.	ONS.	GALLONS.	SNS.	GALLONS.	ons.	GALLONS.	ONS.	GALLONS.	ONS.
Моитн.		Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Pér Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.
January,		1,053,600	65	1,872,900	96	913,600	89	973,100	82	309,800	38	002,300	56
February,		1,351,700	83	1,994,600	101	997,800	74	1,076,500	06	323,600	30	778,200	71
March,		1,252,700	77	1,619,300	83	950,200	70	1,097,600	93	308,500	37	000'299	09
April,		1,147,800	71	1,321,700	29	882,500	65	1,067,200	68	357,400	43	650,300	29
May,		1,199,900	74	1,366,000	69	882,800	65	1,075,100	68	402,000	49	691,100	83
June,		1,376,900	84	1,598,100	80	1,035,100	92	1,461,900	121	432,600	52	865,800	70
July,		1,288,000	7.0	1,695,000	85	1,076,300	7.9	1,499,100	124	389,900	47	956,600	87
August,		1,041,100	19	1,601,800	08	862,600	63	1,140,100	94	324,400	39	883,100	8
September,	•	1,016,200	62	1,401,900	70	912,600	99	906,700	74	339,800	41	732,900	99
October,	•	938,100	22	1,245,200	62	926,900	29	959,500	62	350,000	42	650,400	58
November,		985,500	99	1,067,600	53	826,500	99	807,100	99	305,000	36	587,400	53
December,		945,500	57	1,173,700	58	804,400	58	839,500	89 .	277,400	33	551,100	49
For the year,		1,132,100	69	1,495,400	7.5	922,300	29	1,075,500	89	343,300	41	717,400	65

Table No. 27. — Average Daily Consumption of Water in Cities and Towns, etc. — Concluded.

	١	I										1
City or town,	STONEHAM.	HAM.	BELMONT.	NT.	LEXINGTON	on.	NAHANT.	.NT.	SWAMPSCOTT	SCOTT.	METROPOLITAN DISTRICT.	LITAN CT.
Population supplied,	7,600.	.00	6,080.).	4,740.1		2,290.3	0.3	7,310.2	0.2	1,086,690.	90.
	GALLONS.	ons.	GALLONS.	NS.	GALLONS.	fg.	GALLONS.	NS.	GALLONS.	NS.	GALLONS.	Ns.
Момтн.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.	Per Day.	Per Capita.
January,	523,800	02	349,100	59	327,600	20	58,100	45	406,300	63	136,635,300	127
February,	586,100	82	352,900	59	348,900	75	88,500	69	470,900	73	137,390,800	128
March,	634,300	84	361,700	09	369,200	20	83,900	65	368,400	57	118,574,300	110
April,	535,400	7.1	402,200	29	374,000	80	85,600	99	324,300	20	111,699,100	104
May,	554,600	73	406,900	67	394,100	83	114,500	09	377,200	20	112,689,400	104
June,	080,800	06	639,200	105	478,900	101	321,100	85	591,900	89	117,470,900	108
July,	866,800	114	653,300	107	507,300	107	406,900	77	703,400	72	119,617,900	110
August,	000,500	62	439,000	72	351,600	74	307,900	92	588,800	89	112,578,700	103
September,	583,300	92	442,100	72	316,100	99	203,300	11	469,500	63	110,816,500	102
October,	571,100	75	422,600	69	273,900	57	109,400	63	362,400	55	108,166,000	66
November,	200,600	65	386,100	63	269,300	26	64,400	48	346,500	53	104,026,400	95
December,	446,800	58	358,400	58	270,700	56	58,400	44	310,100	47	105,793,300	97
For the year,	590,700	78	434,500	71	356,800	7.5	158,800	69	443,300	61	116,230,700	107

Included in above quantities is 34,971,000 gallons supplied to Hyde Park district from local sources which were discontinued February 5. ² Allowance for summer population. ¹ Allowance made for district not supplied.

Table No. 28. — (Pump Basis.) Consumption of Water in the Metropolitan Water District, as constituted in the Year 1912, and a Small Section of the Town of Saugus, from 1893 to 1912.

[Gallons per day.]

М	ONT	н.		1893.	1894.	1895.	1896.	1897.
January, .				75,209,000	67,506,000	68,925,000	82,946,000	85,366,000
February,				71,900,000	68,944,000	80,375,000	87,021,000	83,967,000
March, .				67,638,000	62,710,000	69,543,000	86,111,000	82,751,000
April, .				62,309,000	57,715,000	62,909,000	77,529,000	79,914,000
May, .				61,025,000	60,676,000	65,194,000	73,402,000	76,772,000
June, .				63,374,000	68,329,000	69,905,000	77,639,000	77,952,000
July, .				69,343,000	73,642,000	69,667,000	80,000,000	85,525,000
August, .				66,983,000	67,995,000	72,233,000	78,537,000	84,103,000
September,				64,654,000	67,137,000	73,724,000	74,160,000	84,296,000
October, .				63,770,000	62,735,000	67,028,000	71,762,000	79,551,000
November,				61,204,000	62,231,000	64,881,000	71,933,000	72,762,000
December,				66,700,000	65,108,000	70,443,000	79,449,000	76,594,000
Average,				66,165,000	65,382,000	69,499,000	78,360,000	80,793,000
Population,				723,153	743,354	763,557	786 , 385	809,213
Per capita,		•		91.5	88.0	91.0	99.7	99.8

M	ONT	н.		1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	1902.
January, .				83,880,000	96,442,000	100,055,000	111,275,000	118,435,000
February,				87,475,000	103,454,000	98,945,000	117,497,000	117,268,000
March, .				85,468,000	90,200,000	97,753,000	105,509,000	108,461,000
April, .				76,574,000	86,491,000	89,497,000	93,317,000	103,153,000
May, .				76,677,000	89,448,000	87,780,000	95,567,000	106,692,000
June, .				83,463,000	97,691,000	98,581,000	103,420,000	110,002,000
July, .				88,228,000	96,821,000	107,786,000	106,905,000	108,340,000
August, .				87,558,000	92,072,000	102,717,000	102,815,000	107,045,000
September,				88,296,000	91,478,000	103,612,000	102,103,000	107,752,000
October, .				81,770,000	89,580,000	98,358,000	103,389,000	105,560,000
November,				78,177,000	86,719,000	93,648,000	101,324,000	105,175,000
December,				86,355,000	85,840,000	97,844,000	113,268,000	125,434,000
Average,				83,651,000	92,111,000	98,059,000	104,645,000	110,345,000
Population,			. 1	832,042	854,870	877,698	892,740	907,780
Per capita,				100.5	107.8	111.7	117.2	121.6

Table No. 28. — (Pump Basis.) Consumption of Water, etc. — Concluded. [Gallons per day.]

М	ONT	н.		1903.	1904.	1905.	1906.	1907.
January, .				125,176,000	137,771,000	130,878,000	126,093,000	137,730,000
February,				122,728,000	143,222,000	140,595,000	130,766,000	150,822,000
March, .				111,977,000	123,334,000	120,879,000	123,570,000	134,202,000
April, .				107,179,000	108,688,000	111,898,000	118,428,000	121,556,000
May, .				111,589,000	111,715,000	115,804,000	122,404,000	123,502,000
June,				105,590,000	111,209,000	117,441,000	121,882,000	125,623,000
July, .				107,562,000	113,584,000	124,769,000	118,726,000	128,779,000
August, .				103,570,000	112,836,000	121,158,000	120,591,000	131,098,000
September,				106,772,000	114,188,000	120,103,000	121,685,000	124,751,000
October, .				103,602,000	108,290,000	118,301,000	116,561,000	124,051,000
November,				103,477,000	108,054,000	116,693,000	113,746,000	119,627,000
December,				114,721,000	125,119,000	122,696,000	130,995,000	122,407,000
Average,				110,277,000	118,114,000	121,671,000	122,085,000	128,561,000
Population,				922,820	937,860	955,920	981,690	1,007,520
Per capita,				119.5	125.9	127.3	124.4	127.6

).	lont	н.		1908.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.
January, .				132,376,000	133,275,000	127,568,000	123,281,000	137,277,000
February,				146,199,000.	130,763,000	131,093,000	124,359,000	141,440,000
March, .				128,884,000	126,842,000	117,078,000	116,669,000	122,804,000
April, .				128,926,000	125,335,000	112,775,000	111,656,000	113,308,000
May, .				131,040,000	123,305,000	112,073,000	118,095,000	114,548,000
June, .				139,843,000	125,179,000	114,082,000	114,145,000	118,793,000
July, .				138,232,000	126,765,000	122,743,000	123,052,000	120,261,000
August, .				128,073,000	121,781,000	118,373,000	111,091,000	112,968,000
September,				129,972,000	118,043,000	112,434,000	108,726,000	112,352,000
October, .				124,189,000	115,939,000	112,332,000	106,873,000	110,220,000
November,				117,119,000	111,664,000	107,528,000	105,373,000	109,289,000
December,				124,468,000	115,733,000	121,994,000	104,592,000	110,114,000
Average,				130,712,000	122,851,000	117,458,000	113,951,000	118,546,000
Population,				1,025,890	1,051,420	1,076,930	1,102,210	1,128,470
Per capita,				127.4	116.8	109.1	103.4	105.1

Newton has not been supplied from the Metropolitan Works, but Hyde Park was supplied as part of Boston after February 5, 1912.

Table No. 29. — Chemical Examinations of Water from the Wachusett Reservoir, Clinton.

		1	_			നഗാ	0 – ≈	200			သ က	60 er	3 00 00	1 82
		Hardness.	1-1-1	2 4 4 6 4 	_		2 1.1 2 1.1 3 1.1			2 7			2 4 0 .8	7 1.2
-	uns	Oxygen con	.21	2,4,4,8;2		21.85			25:25					72.
Nitrogen As		Nitrites.	0000	00000	000	0000	 200 200 200 200 200	000.	0000	800	0000	.000	0000	0000
NITR		Nitrates.	.0010	.0020 .0030 .0030	.0030	0000.	00.00	0000	00000	0100	0000	.0000	0100.	.0012
		Chlorine.	.30	82.25 22.05 82.05 82.05 82.05	.28	28.8	25.55	383	282.	255	28	.29	282.	.28
	ID.	.bebnaqsu2	.0018	.0006 .0006 .0014	.0020	.0024	.0034	.0050	000.0044	0014	.0030	.0028	0000	.0020
NIA.	ALBUMINOID.	.bevlossid	.0148	.0106 .0096 .0090 .0092	0110.	.0144	.0096	.0110	0110.	0110	0110	.0096	00098	.0100
Ammonia.	ALB	Total.	9910.	0110. 0100. 0104.	.0130	01122	0110	.0160	0136	0158	.0144	.0124	.0104	.0129
		Free.	.0014	.0022 .0042 .0042 .0026	.0020	.0018	.0018 8100.	.0016	.0008	0040	.0024	.0020	.0024	.0024
APO-	·u	no seo.I oitingI	1.20	1.05	1.05	1.30	00.1	1.15	1.20	90.0	1.00	1.25	0.80	1.08
RESIDUE ON EVAPO- RATION.		. Total.	3.35	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		3.15	2000	3.95	3.25	25.20	3.20	3.20	2.20	3.01
ж.		Hot.	Faintly vegetable and	faintly unpleasant. Faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable.	4E	unpleasant. Faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable. Distinctly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable and	unpleasant. Faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable	Faintly fishy.	unpleasant. Faintly unpleasant.	Faintly vegetable.	
Орок		Cold.	Faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable and	unpleasant. V. faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable.	V. Iaintly Vegetable. Faintly Vegetable. Fointly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable and	unpicasant. V. faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable. V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable and	unpleasant. V. faintly unpleasant. V. faintly unpleasant.	V. faintly vegetable. Faintly vegetable.	
	COLOR.	munital4 Standard.	.05	00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.	01.	999	3.5.5	27.	52.5	122	01.	.10	10.00	11.
APPEARANCE.		Sediment.	V. slight.	V. slight. V. slight. V. slight. V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	
AP		.VibidinT	None.	V. slight. None. V. slight. None.	None.	None. V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	None.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	
*1101	naar	loS_to_etsC	. 23	16 20 20 20 20		16			 					
	,,,ool	10.D.30.040C	Jan.	Jan. Feb. Feb. Mar.			June			Sept.			Dec.	
		Number.	97399	97637 97910 98146 98399	98931	99195	99818 00039 00276	00723	01231	02245	02975	03848	04539	Av.

Table No. 30. — Chemical Examinations of Water from the Sudbury Reservoir.

		Hardness.	1.4	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.6	1.7	1.4	2.0	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.5
.ben	unsu	Охущей со	.20	.34	.24	.30	.40	.33	.35	29 2	.26	.21	.30	.21	.29
GEN		Sitrites.	0000	0000	0000	0000	.0002	.0001	0000	0000	00000	0000.	00000	0000	0000
Nitrogen		Nitrates.	.0020	.0050	0900.	0800.	.0130	0000.	.0040	00000	0000	00100.	0000	.0020	.0040
		Chlorine.	.36	.34	.34	.31	.35	.35	.37	.35	.32	.30	.32	.30	.33
	D.	Suspended.	9800.	.0024	.0024	.0028	.0034	.0026	.0050	.0034	.0044	.0024	.0016	8000.	.0029
N1A.	ALBUMINOID.	Dissolved.	8600.	.0122	0600.	.0104	.0156	.0126	.0152	.0152	.0122	9010.	.0114	.0124	.0122
Аммоніа.	ALBU	.lstoT	.0134	.0146	.0114	.0132	0010.	.0152	.0202	9810.	9910.	.0130	.0130	.0132	.0151
		.991'H	.0020	.0038	.0024	.0032	.0026	.0026	.0030	.0018	.0024	.0020	8100.	.0024	.0025
DUE APO- ON.	• ta	Loss on logitic	1.20	1.40	1.05	1.15	2.05	1.85	1.10	1.30	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.00	1.27
RESIDUE ON EVAPO- RATION.		Total.	4.00	3.80	3.20	3.85	4.35	3.70	4.50	3.50	3.00	3.05	2.75	3.05	3.56
в,		Hot.	Distinctly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable and	unpleasant. V. faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Distinctly vegetable.	Distinctly vegetable.	Distinctly vegetable.	Distinctly unpleasant,	decaying organisms. V. faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	
Оров		Cold.	Faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable and	unpleasant. None.	V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Distinctly unpleasant, de-	caying organisms. V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	
	COLOR.	Platinum Standard.	.10	.14	.10	.15	.24	.21	.20	.15	.11	.10	. 10	.10	.14
APPEARANCE.		Sediment.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Consid-	erable. V. slight.	Slight.	Slight.	Slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	
ΛP		.vdibidauT	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. sliglit.	V. slight.	
·uo	iteəll	oD to ets C	Jan. 1	Feb. 5	Mar. 4	Apr. 1	May 6	June 3	July 1	Aug. 5	Sept. 3	Sept. 30	Nov. 4	Dec. 2	
		Number.	97375 J	97876	98348 N	98876	99461	99998	1007001	101462	102251	102946 S	103807	104489 T	Αν.

Table No. 31. — Chemical Examinations of Water from Spot Pond, Stoneham.

		Hardness.	1.6	2.0	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	2.1	1.3	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
.bed.	unsi	Охуgев соп	.28	.28	.36	.24	.26	.24	.21	.28	.31	.21	.25	.18	.26
ROGEN		Nitrites.	0000	0000.	0000	0000	.0001	0000	0000	0000.	0000	0000	0000.	0000	0000
Nitrogen		Nitrates.	0100.	0100.	.0040	.0010	.0020	.0010	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000.	.0008
		Chlorine.	.38	.44	.41	.38	.40	.38	-44	.40	.40	.39	.41	.36	.40
	ص	pəpuədsng	.0020	0100.	.0038	.0030	0200.	.0038	.0020	0000.	.0042	.0032	0046	.0054	.0035
NIA.	ALBUMINOID.	.bevlossid	.0148	.0138	.0118	.0122	.0128	.0108	.0158	.0154	.0138	.0144	.0136	.0128	.0135
AMMONIA.	ALB	Total.	.0168	.0148	.0156	.0152	.0198	.0146	.0178	.0174	.0180	.0176	.0182	.0182	.0170
		.eer4	.0018	.0018	9100.	0010	.0016	8000.	0100.	.0016	.0030	0030	.0020	.0020	.0018
RESIDUE ON EVAPO- RATION.	'uc	no seo. LitingI	1.25	1.65	1.15	1.00	1.80	1.40	1.20	1.10	1.00	1.30	1.15	1.75	1.31
RES ON E		Total.	3.55	4.10	4.10	3.75	4.65	3.85	4.05	4.00	3.80	3.40	3.45	4.55	3.94
лв.		Hot.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Distinct cucumber odor.	Distinctly fishy.	Faintly vegetable.	Distinctly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	Sweetish and faintly	vegetable. Faintly unpleasant.	None.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	
Оров.		Cold.	Faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	Faint eucumber odor.	Faintly fishy.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	Sweetish and v. faintly	vegetable. Faintly unpleasant.	None.	V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	
	COLOR.	Platinum Standard.	60.	.10	11.	60°	60.	. 10	80.	.10	60.	.10	90.	.08	60'
APPEARANCE.		Sediment.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	
AP		.vtibidiuT	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	None.	V. slight.	V. slight.	None.	Slight.	V. slight.	None.	
·uo	itoəl	Date of Col	n. 3	Feb. 12	Mar. 6	or. 1	ay 6	June 4	July 8	Aug. 7	Sept. 9	Sept. 30	Nov. 5	ec. 4	
		Number.	97413 Jan.	97871 Fe	98402 M:	98868 Apr.	99453 May	100022 Ju	100830 Ju	101521 Au	102372 Se	102937 Se	103851 No	104553 Dec.	Av

Table No. 32.— Chemical Examinations of Water from Lake Cochituate.

								۲.							
		Hardness.	2.7	3.0	2.5	2.6	2.2	2.6	2.6	3.0	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6
ned.	unst	Oxygen coi	.25	.32	.37	.46	.46	.50	.48	.44	.40	.42	.44	.39	.41
Nrrogen		Nitrites.	.0000	0000.	0000	0000	0000.	.0001	0000	.0002	.0001	0000	0000	0000.	0000.
Nrra		Vitrates.	.0000	0000.	0000	.0020	0000	0000	.0010	0000.	0000.	0000.	0000	0000	.0003
		Chlorine.	69.	.76	.72	99.	99.	.67	69.	89.	.67	69.	.70	.70	69.
	.e.	Suspended.	.0100	.0050	8110.	9600.	.0186	.0064	9800.	9800.	.0064	.0218	.0128	.0192	.0112
NIA.	ALBUMINOID.	Dissolved.	.0156	.0168	.0136	.0172	.0188	.0154	.0176	.0208	.0232	.0186	.0168	.0164	.0176
AMMONIA.	KLB	Total.	.0256	.0218	.0254	.0268	.0374	.0218	.0212	.0294	.0296	.0404	9620.	.0356	.0287
		Free.	.0002	.0020	.0016	9000.	8000.	9000.	.0012	.0008	.0016	.0044	.0020	.0044	.0017
DUE APO-	·uc	no sso.J bitingl	1.75	2.02	1.70	2.02	2.15	2.75	1.90	1.55	2.05	1.85	2.10	2.70	2.05
RESIDUE ON EVAPO- RATION.		Total.	6.05	5.95	6.35	5.70	6.55	6.65	7.20	6.40	09.9	6.30	00.9	7.40	6.43
п,		Hot.	Distinctly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable and	unpleasant. Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Distinctly vegetable.	Distinctly vegetable and	faintly unpleasant. Distinctly vegetable and	eartny. Distinctly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable and	unpleasant. Distinctly unpleasant.	
Оров		Cold.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable and	unpleasant. V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable and	eartny. Faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	Faintly unpleasant.	
	coron.	Platinum Standard.	1.	.12	.15	.22	.25	.28	.22	.21	.16	.15	.20	.21	.19
APPEARANCE.		Sediment.	Consid-	erable. Slight.	Slight.	Slight.	Consid-	Consid-	v. slight.	Consid-	erable. Slight.	Consid-	consid-	erable. Slight.	
AP		Turbidity.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. sliglit.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	
			1	2	4	-	9	က	-	2	2	1	4	က	
.noi]]ect	Date of Co	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	
		Number.	97384	97885	98370	98895	99472	100007	107112	101459	102316	102962	103811	104521	Av.

Table No. 33. — Chemical Examinations of Water from a Tap at the State House, Boston. [Parts per 100,000.]

		Hardness.	1.4	2.0	5.0	1.3	1.6	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.0	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.7
.bət	uns	Охуgев соп	-29	.34	.32	.32	.32		£.	.25	.25	.33	.28	.10	.29
Nitrogen		Nitrites.	0000	0000	.0001	.0001	1000.	0000	2000.	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000.	0000.
Nitro		Nitrates.	0900.	0900.	.0130	.0120	0010.	00100	0010.	.0050	.0020	0000	0000.	0000.	.0062
		Chlorine.	.34	.38	.38	.33	.35	.34	.40	.34	.39	.43	.33	.31	.36
	e.	·pəpuədsng	.0012	9900.	.0032	.0034	9800.	.0026	.0038	.0024	.0038	.0054	.0030	.0022	.0034
NIA.	ALBUMINOID.	Dissolved.	.0118	.0112	9010.	.0102	.0142	.0128	.0132	9010.	.0132	.0132	0110.	0110.	9110.
Ammonia.	ALB	.IstoT	.0130	.0178	.0138	.0136	.0178	.0154	0110.	.0130	0110.	.0186	.0140	.0132	.0154
		Free.	.0014	.0024	.0024	.0018	9100.	0200.	.0024	8000.	.0020	.0012	0200.	.0020	.0018
DUE	•¤0	no seo.I bitingI	1.10	1.60	1.50	1.20	1.45	1.10	1.20	1.15	1.05	1.30	1.00	1.15	1.23
RESIDUE ON EVAPO- RATION.		Total.	3.65	3.95	4.25	3.25	4.20	3.95	4.20	3.50	3.95	4.50	3.70	3.25	3.86
п,		Hot.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Distinctly geranium,	Distinctly geranium	Asterionella. Distinctly vegetable.	Distinctly cucumber,	Synura. Distinctly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	Faintly vegetable.	Faintly unpleasant.	Faintly vegetable.	
Ороп		Cold.	V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly vegetable.	Distinctly geranium,	Distinctly geranium,	Asterionella. Distinctly vegetable.	Faintly cueumber,	Synura. Faintly vegetable.	None.	V. faintly vegetable.	V. faintly unpleasant.	V. faintly vegetable.	
	coron.	Platinum Standard.	.15	.14	.22	.18	. 22	.22	.20	.11	.13	.12	.11	60.	.17
Appearance.		Sediment.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	Slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	
AP		. VibidiuT	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	Slight.	V. slight.	V. slight.	
			-	73	4	-	9	က	-	29	က	30	4	2	:
-noi	Ject	Date of Col	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	July	Sept.	Sept.	Nov.	Dee.	
1		Number.	97360	97859	98345	98859	99450	99984	100690	101338	102226	102935	103798	104485	Av.

Table No. 34. — Averages of Examinations of Water from Various Parts of the Metropolitan Water Works in 1912. [Parts per 100,000.]

		Hardness.	
.bea.	ansu	Oxygen Cor	6.48.82.82.82.82.84.88.82.82.82.82.82.82.82.82.82.82.82.82.
OGEN		Nitrites.	0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Nitrogen		Nitrates.	00033 00030 00030 00030 00030 00040 00040 00058 00058 00058 00068 00068 00068 00068 00068 00068
		Chlorine.	4.0 0.5.0.88.0.6.8.98.9.8.4.4.4.8.8.4.4.6.8.8.4.4.6.8.8.6.
	E	Suspended.	0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020 0.0020
DNIA.	ALBUMINOID	Dissolved.	0.0137 0.0137 0.0109 0.0109 0.0122 0.0124 0.0126 0.0246 0.0226 0.0226 0.0236 0.0131 0.0131
AMMONIA	ALE	Total.	0.0130 0.0130 0.0130 0.0130 0.0130 0.0130 0.0211 0.021 0.021 0.0211 0.02
		.991 ¹	.0030 .0021 .0022 .0024 .0027 .0025 .0025 .0042 .0042 .0042 .0042 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0043 .0044
E ON ATION.	·uo	no ssoJ Jingl	845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.1.33.88 845.1.33
RESIDUE ON EVAPORATION		Total.	4.0.0.0.0.4.20.0.0.0.0.0.4.4.0.0.0.0.0.0
Color.	.bn	munital¶ sbnst2	£;£;\$2;11;6;8;4;4;4;4;5;6;0;0;0;1;5;8;8;1;6;0;0;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1;1
	ı	Samples collected.	Semi-monthly, Semi-monthly, Semi-monthly, Semi-monthly, Semi-monthly, Monthly,
		LOCALITY.	Quinepoxet River, Holden, Stillwater River, Sterling, Wachusett Reservoir, West Boylston, Wachusett Reservoir, Clinton, surface, Wachusett Reservoir, Clinton, bottom, Marlborough (Walker's Brook), Marlborough Brook filter-beds, effluent, Wachusett Aqueduct, Southborough, Wachusett Aqueduct, Southborough, Framingham Reservoir, bottom, Framingham Reservoir No. 3, inlet, Framingham Reservoir, bottom, Hopkinton Reservoir, inlet, Ashland Reservoir, bottom, Ashland Reservoir, bottom, Framingham Reservoir, bottom, Ashland Reservoir, bottom, Framingham Reservoir, bottom, Take Cochituate, surface, Lake Cochituate, surface, Lake Cochituate, bottom, Weston Reservoir, Tap in Revere, Tap in Revere, Tap in Quincy,

2 Average of 11 samples.

¹ Average of 6 samples.

Table No. 35. — Chemical Examinations of Water from a Faucet in Boston, from 1892 to 1912.

	Cor	LOR.	EVAPOR			Амм	ONIA.				OGEN	ned.	
	ırd.	rd.		on.		AL	BUMINO	DID.				usu	
YEAR.	Nessler Standard.	Platinum Standard.	Total.	Loss on Ignition.	Free.	Total.	Dissolved.	Suspended.	Chlorine.	Nitrates.	Nitrites.	Oxygen consumed.	Hardness.
1892,	.37	.37	4.70	1.67	.0007	.0168	.0138	.0030	.41	.0210	.0001	-	1.9
1893,	. 61	.53	4.54	1.84	.0010	.0174	.0147	.0027	.38	.0143	.0001	.60	1.8
1894,	. 69	.58	4.64	1.83	.0006	.0169	.0150	.0019	.41	.0106	.0001	. 63	1.7
1895,	.72	.59	4.90	2.02	.0006	.0197	.0175	.0022	.40	.0171	.0001	. 69	0.7
1896,	.49	.45	4.29	1.67	.0005	.0165	.0142	.0023	.37	.0155	.0001	.56	1.4
1897,	. 65	.55	4.82	1.84	.0009	.0193	.0177	.0016	.40	.0137	.0001	.64	1.6
1898,	.41	.40	4.19	1.60	.0008	.0152	.0136	.0016	.29	.0097	.0001	.44	1.4
1899,	.23	.28	3.70	1.30	.0006	.0136	.0122	.0014	.24	.0137	.0001	.35	1.1
1900,	. 24	.29	3.80	1.20	.0012	.0157	.0139	.0018	.25	.0076	.0001	.38	1.3
1901,	. 24	.29	4.43	1.64	.0013	.0158	.0142	.0016	.30	.0173	.0001	.42	1.7
1902,	.26	.30	3.93	1.56	.0016	.0139	.0119	.0020	.29	.0092	.0000	.40	1.3
1903,	.25	.29	3.98	1.50	.0013	.0125	.0110	.0015	.30	.0142	.0001	.39	1.5
1904,	-	.23	3.93	1.59	.0023	.0139	.0121	.0018	.34	.0110	.0001	.37	1.5
1905,	-	.24	3.86	1.59	.0020	.0145	.0124	.0021	.35	.0083	.0001	.35	1.4
1906,	-	.24	3.86	1.39	.0018	.0159	.0134	.0025	.34	.0054	.0001	.36	1.3
1907,	-	.22	3.83	1.40	.0013	.0129	.0109	.0020	.33	.0068	.0001	.32	1.3
1908,	-	.19	3.50	1.35	.0011	.0115	.0092	.0024	.33	.0092	.0001	.26	1.2
1909,	-	.18	3.46	1.43	.0011	.0128	.0103	.0025	.28	.0034	.0000	.25	1.3
1910,		.14	3.05	1.24	.0013	.0118	.0102	.0016	.28	.0030	.0000	.22	1.1
1911,	-	.25	4.18	1.66	.0015	.0156	.0128	.0029	.38	.0029	.0000	.33	1.4
1912,	-	.17	3.86	1.23	.0018	.0154	.0119	.0034	.36	.0062	.0000	.29	1.7

Table No. 36. —Microscopic Organisms in Water from Various Parts of the Metropolitan Water Works, from 1898 to 1912, inclusive.

[Standard units per cubic centimeter; averages from weekly or biweekly observations.]

		WACHUSETT	USETT	Subburk	URY	LAKE	KE	FRAMINGHAM RESERVOIR.	FRAMINGHAM RESERVOIR.	ASHLAND	Hopkinton	WHITEHALL
Увап,		Reser	LVOIR.	RESERVOIR.	VOIR.	Соситтилтв	ruate.	No. 3.	No. 2.	RESERVOIR.	RESERVOIR.	RESERVOIR.
		Surface.	Surface. Bottom.	Surface.	Surface. Bottom.	Surface.	Bottom.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Surface.	Surface.	Surface.
1898,		1		354	149	830	969	390	245	263	944	069
1899,	•	1	1	470	252	905	6.14	440	218	357	715	393
	•	1	1	498	361	1,758	1,071	979	365	390	086	437
	•	1	1	337	225	992	702	336	149	24.4	420	705
1902,		1	1	290	402	1,071	730	627	204	250	588	198
1903,	•	1	1	549	388	931	795	429	169	323	231	327
1904,	•	313	1	517	376	663	542	475	174	153	106	375
1905,	•	769	592	644	203	1,255	503	535	158	289	240	147
1906,	•	446	272	953	714	1,407	1,143	692	226	431	475	1,279
	•	425	212	513	419	1,123	1,200	413	202	378	336	961
1908,	•	731	466	850	885	1,559	1,241	932	725	669	516	708
	•	2,151	1,937	2,474	2,513	1,142	1,198	2,372	610	603	294	445
	•	480	328	464	556	928	1,033	455	436	420	387	154
1911,		640	368	066	988	1,942	2,216	1,140	378	202	457	397
1912,		585	368	939	882	4,682	7,873	888	241	665	516	390
Mean,	·	728	568	743	641	1,413	1,439	720	300	424	482	202
	-					-				-		

See note at end of this table.

Table No. 36. — Microscopic Organisms in Water, etc. — Concluded. [Standard units per cubic centimeter; averages from weekly or biweekly observations.]

				WESTON		CHEST	CHESTNUT HILL RESERVOIR.	ERVOIR.		TAPS.	PS.	
		YEAR.		Reservoir.	SPOT POND.	SUDBURY AQUEDUCT.	соснітилть Адиерист.	EFFLUENT GATE-HOUSE.	Southern	Southern	Northern	Northern
				Surface.	Surface.	Inlet.	Inlet.	No. 2.	Low Service.	Service.	Low Service.	High Service.
1898,				1	485	304	544	304	230	1	1	1
1899,				ı	1,129	359	992	329	192	201	ı	1
1900,				ı	573	268	1,139	897	468	452	1	
1901,				1	628	344	269	413	. 243	280	,	1
1902,				ı	581	563	937	525	367	451	1	
1903,				ı	650	450	860	435	286	398	1	
1904,				ı	465	405	838	472	303	470	274	189
1905,				1	609	551	904	554	528	671	363	388
1906,				783	. 671	631	1,042	721	550	583	326	422
1907,				443	590	349	606	419	312	427	205	422
1908,				626	741	783	1,073	689	999	695	443	481
1909,				2,399	1,079	1,999	632	1,899	1,913	1,959	1,313	249
1910,				625	622	457	1	465	447	421	221	374
. 1911,				934	748	200	1,382	954	778	735	349	461
1912,		,		1,117	716	855	3,887	919	1,035	296	412	462
Mean,	nu,			1,040	989	621	1,131	999	555	622	434	431

Note.—A large growth of Asterionella originated in the Wachusett Reservoir in 1909, causing the large number of organisms in the water of Sudbury Reservoir and Framingham Reservoir No. 3, Weston and Chestnut Hill reservoirs, Spot Pond and in the water drawn from taps.

Table No. 37. — Number of Bacteria per Cubic Centimeter in Water from Various Parts of the Metropolitan Water Works, from 1898 to 1912, inclusive.

[Averages of weekly determinations.]

				CHESTN	UT HILL RESI	ERVOIR.	SOUTHERN S	ERVICE TAPS.
	YE	AR.		Sudbury Aqueduct Terminal Chamber.	Cochituate Aqueduct.	Effluent Gate-house No. 2.	Low Service, 185 Boylston Street.	High Service, 1 Ashburton Place.
1899,		:		207 224 248 225 203 76 347 495 231 147 162 198 216 205 429	145 104 113 149 168 120 172 396 145 246 138 229 - 204 450	111 217 256 169 121 96 220 489 246 118 137 119 180 151	96 117 188 162 164 126 176 231 154 130 136 150 178 175 249	123 181 168 246 243 355 442 261 176 148 195 213 197 259
Mean,				241	191	190	162	229

Table No. 38. — Colors of Water from Various Parts of the Metropolitan Water Works in 1912. (Means of Weekly Determinations.)

[Platinum Standard.]

	W	ACH	USET	T RE	SERVO				BUR ERVO			NGHAM RVOIR.			AKE	re.
Монтн.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Bottom.	Worcester Street Bridge.	Quinepoxet River.	Stillwater River.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Bottom.	End of Open Channel.	Mid-depth.	Mid-depth.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Bottom.	Influent Streams.
January, February, March, April, May, June, July, September, October, November, December,	.08 .09 .13 .16 .17 .16 .14 .13 .13 .13 .12	.08 .09 .12 .15 .17 .16 .14 .13 .13 .12 .11	.08 .09 .12 .15 .17 .16 .14 .15 .14 .14	.33 .31 .35 .36 .42 .38 .19 .15 .14 .14 .12 .21	.34 .32 .36 .39 .51 .44 .28 .32 .24 .21 .35 .44	.29 .29 .30 .35 .44 .39 .26 .19 .18 .17 .29	.10 .13 .15 .21 .25 .22 .17 .14 .14 .13 .12	.10 .13 .15 .21 .25 .23 .17 .14 .14 .13 .12	.10 .13 .15 .21 .26 .23 .17 .14 .14 .13 .12 .12	.11 .16 .51 .43 .25 .21 .14 .15 .14 .13 .13	.79 .72 .65 .64 .86 1.30 .91 .95 .82 .69 .59	.11 .14 .19 .22 .26 .23 .18 .15 .14 .13 .12	.12 .20 .20 .28 .30 .26 .21 .18 .18 .18 .21	.12 .15 .14 .28 .29 .27 .25 .24 .24 .21 .21	.13 .19 .18 .28 .33 .36 .87 1.79 2.63 2.29 1.07 .24	.36 .49 .28 .52 .55 .59 .44 .47 .42 .37 .35 .35
Mean,	. 13	. 13	. 13	.26	.35	.29	.16	. 16	.16	.21	.79	.16	.21	.22	.86	.43

¹ The colors given in this column represent the combined colors of the waters of the four principal feeders. The color of each is determined monthly, and due weight is given in combining the results to the sizes of the streams.

Table No. 38. — Colors of Water, etc. — Concluded. [Platinum Standard.]

		STNUT		SPOT POND.	FELLS RESER- VOIR.	Nor Ser	THERN RVICE.	Sout Ser	HERN VICE.
Month.	Inlet (Sudbury Aqueduct).	Inlet (Cochituate Aqueduct).	Effluent Gate- house No. 2.	Mid-depth.	Effluent Gatc-house.	Tap at Glenwood Y a r d, Medford (Low Service).	Tap at Fire Station, Hancock Street, Everett (High Service).	Tap at 185 Boylston Street, B o s t o n (Low Service).	Tap at I Ashburton Place, Boston (High Service).
January, February, March, April, May, June, July, September, October, November, December, Mean,	.17 .18 .20 .22 .26 .23 .18 .14 .14 .14 .13 .11		.17 .18 .20 .21 .25 .22 .17 .14 .15 .14 .13 .11	.10 .13 .13 .13 .13 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12	.10 .13 .13 .13 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12 .12	.17 .18 .20 .21 .22 .22 .17 .14 .14 .15 .13 .14	.10 .13 .13 .13 .13 .12 .11 .12 .12 .13 .12 .13 .12 .13	.14 .17 .17 .19 .22 .21 .17 .14 .14 .13 .13 .12	.17 .18 .20 .21 .23 .22 .17 .14 .14 .15 .13 .13

Table No. 39. — Temperatures of Water from Various Parts of the Metropolitan Water Works in 1912. (Means of Weekly Determinations.)

[The temperatures are taken at the same places and times as the samples for microscopical examination; the depth given for each reservoir is the depth from high water mark.]

[Degrees Fahrenheit.]

			-										
Month.		ACHUSI ESERVO			e of O	TH AT		RESI 3 AT OBS	AMINGI ERVOIH (DEPI PLACE SERVAT	No.	AT Obs	Lake CHITU. DEPTH PLACE SERVAT .0 FEE	ATE H OF NON
MONTH.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Bottom.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Bottom.	End of Open Channel.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Bottom.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Bottom.
January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December,	33.7 34.5 36.2 41.2 54.4 65.6 74.1 72.0 66.9 58.6 49.5 39.5	34.2 35.4 37.0 41.0 49.5 54.8 58.9 54.6 59.5 58.1 49.5 39.6	34.3 35.8 37.5 40.8 48.1 52.0 53.0 52.8 53.9 56.1 49.7 39.7	33.5 33.0 35.3 44.7 58.0 69.8 73.8 71.9 68.4 57.6 49.5 35.3	34.1 44.3 35.8 44.3 53.6 66.6 71.6 67.6 67.5 67.6 56.9 49.6 37.0	34.7 35.1 36.3 43.8 52.4 64.9 67.2 69.2 67.2 49.7 37.5	33.8 34.5 37.5 44.2 52.3 59.1 61.0 66.0 61.0 56.1 48.2 37.6	33.6 35.2 36.5 45.2 61.0 70.1 74.9 72.1 68.0 56.4 46.5 36.1	33.8 35.6 36.7 45.6 59.7 69.9 74.5 71.5 67.2 56.4 46.5 36.2	33.8 35.7 36.7 45.9 59.1 69.6 73.0 71.3 67.1 56.4 46.5 36.2	33.2 33.8 37.5 44.8 59.3 71.3 74.5 72.7 69.0 55.9 47.8 38.8	34.7 35.6 36.0 42.3 49.8 52.5 54.5 54.7 54.2 53.6 47.8 40.3	35.2 37.0 36.0 42.2 47.0 50.8 50.6 47.8 47.8 46.5 40.7
Mean,	52.2	47.7	46.1	52.6	51.8	51.3	49.3	53.0	52.8	52.6	53.2	46.3	44.3

Table No. 39. — Temperatures of Water, etc. — Concluded. [Degrees Fahrenheit.]

	CHESTNUT HILL RESERVOIR.	PLACE O	OND (DE F OBSER 3.0 FEET	VATION	Nor Ser	THERN	Souti Serv	HERN TICE.
Монтн.	Effluent Gate- house No. 2.	Surface.	Mid-depth.	Bottom.	Tap at Glenwood Y a r d, Medford (Low Service).	Tap at Fire Station, Hancock Street, Everett (High Service).	Tap at 185 Boylston Street, B o s t o n (Low Service).	Tap at 1 Ashburton Place, Boston (High Service).
January,	36.0 35.9 37.5 46.3 53.4 61.8 74.3 71.9 67.6 58.3 48.1 40.1	34.4 35.5 38.5 45.8 57.8 66.5 73.6 71.9 68.2 58.7 47.7 37.2	34.7 35.8 38.5 44.8 57.5 65.8 73.3 71.9 68.1 58.9 48.1 38.4	35.2 36.3 38.8 44.9 57.1 64.6 70.6 71.9 67.9 59.0 48.6 38.0	38.2 35.9 37.5 44.0 55.5 64.5 72.6 70.5 68.1 61.6 53.5 44.8	35.6 37.3 40.3 45.2 57.6 65.9 72.6 71.0 67.5 59.5 51.5 40.5	39.9 40.4 42.9 49.5 59.4 67.9 74.2 71.2 67.4 61.0 52.1 41.7	41.1 41.0 43.9 51.5 60.2 68.0 74.4 72.1 68.5 61.7 53.2 45.5

Table No. 40. — Temperatures of the Air at Three Stations on the Metropolitan Water Works in 1912.

[Degrees Fahrenheit.]

		Che R	STNUT I	HILL IR.	FR	AMINGH.	AM.		CLINTON	
Mont	гн.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Мсап.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Mean.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Mean.
January, . February, March, . April, . May, . June, . July, . August, . September, October, . November, December,		50 56 59 79 86 91 99 89 87 82 69	-8 -7 5 24 32 40 47 45 37 30 19	19.4 24.9 34.5 47.9 58.9 66.7 72.1 67.8 62.4 55.0 43.1 37.9	50 50 63 76 85 90 99 88 88 81 68 66	-18 -77 0 24 31 39 46 40 35 29 19	18.8 25.2 34.2 47.7 59.4 67.0 72.7 67.7 62.1 54.2 42.9 35.9	49 56 59 73 81 87 94 83 86 78 67 62	-15 -6 -1 23 36 39 51 43 30 21 12	13.4 22.6 31.9 45.1 57.8 64.2 70.7 65.2 60.6 53.1 40.9 33.3
Average,		-		49.2	-	-	49.0	4 -	-	46.6

Table No. 41. — Table showing Length of Main Lines of Water Pipes and Connections owned and operated by Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board, and Number of Values set in Same, Dec. 31, 1912.

Total length owned and operated Dec. 31, 1911 (feet), 29,3341 182,696 8,075 50,368 27,615 69,931 67,327 67,625 26 26,229 3,768 date valves in same,						Dia	METER	of Pipes	DIAMETER OF PIPES IN INCHES.	IES.						
eet), 29,3341 182,696 8,075 50,968 27,6152 69,931 67,327 67,625 26 26,229 3,7 .		09	48	42	36	30	24	70	16	14	12	10	8	9	4	Total.
3 49 - 50 28 50 50 74 1 96 . 25 111 3 42 7 36 40 33 - 10 . - - 10 36 603 178 110 - 437 . - - - - 1 - 437 . - - - - - - - - - . - - - - - - - - - . - - - - - - - - - - . - - - - - - - - - - - . - - - - - - - - - - . - - -	Total length owned and operated Dec. 31, 1911 (feet),	29,3341	182,696	8,075	50,968	27,6152	69,931	67,327	67,625	26	26,229	3,768	1,841	931	1	536.3663
. 25 111 3 42 7 36 40 33 - 10 . - - - 10 36 603 178 110 - 437 . - - - - - 1 - 437 . - - - - - - - 1 . -	Gate valves in same,	က	40	1	20	28	20	20	74	-	96	18	15	19	1	453
. - - 10 36 603 178 110 - 437 . - - - - - 1 - - 437 . - - - - - - - 1 . - - - - - - - 1 . - - - - - - - - - . - - - - - - - - - - . - <	Air valves in same,	25	111	က	42	7	36	40		ı	10	-	ı	1	1	308
. - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 1 - - - - 1 1 -	Length laid or relaid during 1912 (feet),	1	1	1	10	36	603	178	110	1	437	1	1	14	∞	1,396
. -	Gate valves in same,	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1		1	1	-	1	60
. - - - 8 36 281 8 291 - 4 . - - - - - - - - 4 . - - - - - - - - - - . - <t< td=""><td>Air valves in same,</td><td>1</td><td>ı</td><td>ı</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>ı</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>1</td><td>, 1</td></t<>	Air valves in same,	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	, 1
. 29,334 ¹ 182,696 8,075 50,970 27,615 ² 70,253 67,497 67,444 26 26,662	Length abandoned during 1912 (feet),	1	1	1	∞	36	281	∞	291	1	4	1	'	1	1	628
. 29,334 182,696 8,075 50,970 27,6152 70,253 67,497 67,444 26 26,662 . 3 49 - 50 28 51 50 74 1 50 74 1 07	Gate valves in same,	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	}
. 29,334 ¹ 182,696 8,075 50,970 27,615 ² 70,253 67,497 67,444 26 26,662 . 3 49 - 50 28 51 50 74 1 97	Air valves in same,	1	1	1	1	1	1	t	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-
5, · · · · · · · 3 49 - 50 28 51 50 74 1 97	Length owned and operated Dec. 31, 1912 (feet), .	29,3341	182,696	8,075	50,970	27,6152	70,253	67,497	67,444	26	26,662	3,768	1,841	945	∞	537,1343
	Gate valves in same,	က	40	1	20	28	51	20	74	-	97	18	15	20	1	456
Air valves in same,	Air valves in same,	25	111	က	42	7	36	40	33	1	10	1	1	1	1	308

1 Includes 2,035 feet of 76-inch concrete-lined pressure tunnel and 363 feet of 76-inch mortar-lined and concrete-covered steel pipe and 21 feet of 76-inch east-iron pipe.

² Includes 11,180 feet of 30-inch mortar-lined and covered wrought-iron pipe.

⁸ 101.73 miles.

Table No. 42. — Statement of Cast-iron Hydrant, Blow-off and Drain Pipes, owned and operated by Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board, Dec. 31, 1912.

				DI	DIAMETER OF PIPES IN INCRES.	PIPES IN IN	CITES.			LotoF
		24	20	16	12	10	œ	9	4	1.0041.
Total length in use Dec. 31, 1912 (feet),		352	293	2,371	4,816	173	351	3,147	1,439	12,9421
Total valves in use Dec. 31, 1912,	·	1		22	87	П	23	92	44	232

1 2.45 miles.

² Includes small portion of Saugus.

Table No. 43. — Length of Water Pipes, Four Inches in Diameter and Larger, in the Several Cities and Towns supplied by the Metropolitan Water Works, Dec. 31, 1912.

										IN	Inches.										Totals.	ALS.
By whom Owned.	09	48	42	40	36	30	78	24	20	100	16	14	13	12	10	∞	-	9	2	4	Feet.	Miles.
Metropolitan Water											:	3			3	,				C	1	90
Works,	29,334	29,334 182,696	8,075	ı	50,970	27,615	ı	70,253	67,497	I	67,444	56	1		3,768	1,841	I	945	1	20	537,134	101.73
Boston, 1	T	39,184 16,813 23,104 47,993	16,813	23,104	47,993	97,599	244	77,482	95,021	1	228,211	5,639	-	,314,660	246,024	710,654	1	- 1,343,358	İ	118,515	118,515 4,364,501	826.61
Somerville	ı	1	1	T	1	1	1	1	3,718	367	4,021	7,953	T	84,713	52,800	102,250	Т	207,114	1	20,388	483,333	91.54
Malden.	ı	1	1	T	1	1	T	1	1	1	1	9,155	ı	73,090	29,141	79,396	1	216,128	1	161,09	467,101	88.47
Chelsen.	ı	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	ı	T	5,176	T	ı	4,974	39,820	28,093	ı	139,691	T	7,005	224,759	42.57
Everett,	1	1	ı	I	I	1	1	2,484	2,900	T	5,204	2,303	ı	5,570	41,732	23,339	1	140,696	T	30,600	254,828	48.26
Ouinev.	ı	ı	I	T	T	ı	1	1	2,679	1	23,232	1	1	27,580	38,072	111,522	994	313,185	948	106,215	624,427	118.26
Medford,	1	1	ı	ı	1	1	1	ı	673	ı	6,775	9,598	T	27,026	38,557	83,236	T	124,220	T	28,915	319,000	60.42
Melrose.	I	1	T	1	ı	1	Î	1	1	1	5,223	2,920	1	22,156	19,846	24,240	T	139,455	T	53,085	266,934	50.55
Revere, 2	1	1	1	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	23,265	5,725	975	20,823	16,909	23,971	1	71,868	Т	76,662	240,198	45.40
Watertown,	•1	1	T	I	I	ı	1	T	ı	ı	400 1	11,877	T	5,959	10,172	20,371	1	119,374	T	12,666	180,819	34.25
Arlington,	T	1	T	ı	1	-	ı	1	ı	-	1	T	T	24,136	27,188	34,941	T	106,712	T	12,841	205,818	38.98
Milton,	ī	ī	T	1	ı	-	I	I	ı	1	103	44	T	22,548	20,935	51,826	T	134,053	T	17,035	246,544	46.69
Winthrop,	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	I	1	-	Т	1	T	1	T	4,049	23,941	31,213	T	44,232	1	59,544	162,979	30.87
Stoneham,	T	Í	1	ı	T	1	1	1	ı	T	1	T	1	4,525	4,725	4,543	I	102,287	1	15,642	131,722	24.95
Belmont,	ı	1	ı	I	1	ı	1	1	T	T	1	1	1	1,771	14,324	22,240	ı	88,472	ı	235	127,042	24.06
Lexington,	I	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	Ĭ	T	T	1	1	1	ī	000'6	4,879	30,539	1	90,934	1	29,530	164,882	31.23
Nahant,	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	I	I	1	İ	ı	1	4,000	1	150	11,555	4,800	T	36,800	1	56,700	114,005	21.59
Swampscott, .	-	1	ı	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	i	1	1	1	1	7,390	18,176	6,428	1	61,292	1	9,025	102,311	19.38
Total foot	00 334	90 234 291 880 24 888 23 104 08 063 125 214	94 888	93 104	08 063	195 914		944 150 219 172 488		367 3	369 054 5	59 240	975.1	975 1.686 782 662 573 1.395 452	62 573 1	395.452	99.4 3	994 3.480.816	948	714.802	714.802 9.218.337	
•	100 677	000,122	000,17	10110	200	11000																
Total miles, .	5.55	42.02	4.71	4.38	18.74	23.71 0.05	0.02	28.45	32.67 0.07	.07	69.90 11.22	11.22	0.18	319.47 125.49	125.49	264.29 0.19	0.19	659.25 0.18 135.38	9.18	135.38	Ī	-1,745.90
					-		-			_		-	-		-			_	-			

¹ Includes Hyde Park.

Table No. 44. — Number of Service Pipes, Meters and Fire Hydrants in the Several Cities and Towns supplied by the Metropolitan Water Works, Dec. 31, 1912, and the Number of Services and Meters installed during the Year 1912.

C	CITY	or T	own.	r .		Services.	Meters.	Fire Hydrants.	Services Installed.	Meters Installed.
Boston, .						99,270	34,565	8,592	4,4671	8,9622
Somerville,						12,596	7,171	1,158	362	724
Malden, .						7,672	7,400	509	59	126
Chelsea, .						4,682	4,574	359	190	322
Everett, .						5,579	1,891	559	121	332
Quincy, .						8,176	6,130	925	436	1,331
Medford, .						4,793	4,764	589	236	224
Melrose, .						3,699	3,949	334	91	91
Revere, 3 .						3,809	1,605	228	189	337
Watertown,						2,251	2,233	347	100	103
Arlington,						2,105	1,957	423	134	421
Milton, .						1,587	1,587	378	83	83
Winthrop,						2,655	2,586	241	102	99
Stoneham,						1,501	1,105	144	27	284
Belmont, .						1,135	1,135	203	130	127
Lexington,						961	· 752	, 153	80	137
Nahant, .						590	336	83	35	52
Swampscott,						1,627	1,627	153	92	92
Totals,						164,688	85,367	15,378	6,934 1	13,8472

Includes, 1 2,562 services and 2 1,540 meters acquired by the annexation of Hyde Park. 3 Includes small portion of Saugus.

TABLE NO. 45. — Average Maximum and Minimum Monthly Heights, in Feet, above Boston City Base, to which Water rose at Different Stations on the Metropolitan Water Works in 1912.

Jenston 1912. STREET. Month. January, 151 130 177. March, 163 140 177. July, 162 139 177 Jugust, 164 141 177 October, 160 138 June, 166 140 177 Jugost, 167 177 Jugost, 167 177 Jugost, 167 177 Jugost, 167 177 Jugost, 167 177 Ju	STON 7 HOUSE, VARD EET. Minimum. 173	DFORU (YSTIC	MEDFORD CITY HALL ANNEX, HIC STREET.		Trick Co.			=		BOSTON	BOSTON METRO-		
ттн. у, . 151 130 180 гу, . 151 130 180 163 143 177. 165 139 177. 164 141 177 166 140 177 166 139 177 167 131 177 167 131 177 167 138 177 160 138 177	.muminiM & 52 & 5		•1	MEDFORD CITY HALL ANNEX, HIGH STREET.	SOMERVILLE CITY HALL ANNEX, WALNUT STREET.		MALDEN WATER WORKS SHOP, GREEN STREET.		CHELSEA COURT HOUSE		POLITAN WATER WORKS OFFICE, I ASHBURTON PLACE.	WATERTOWN WATER WORKS OFFICE, MAIN STREET.	rown Works Main ET.
y, 151 130 180 rry, 151 131 181 . 160 140 177. . 163 143 175 . 163 140 175 . 165 139 177 . 162 139 177 . 164 141 177 . 166 140 179 r, 160 138 175	173		mumixsM	.muminiM	.mumixsM	.muminiK	.mumixsM		.mumixsM	.mumixsM	.muminiM	Maximum.	.muminiM
ry, . 151 131 181 . 160 140 177. . . 163 143 175 . . 163 140 175 . . 165 139 177 . . 162 139 177 . . 164 141 177 . . 166 140 179 r, . . 160 138 175	172	_	167	163	167	161	165 16	162 1	162 155	246	233	262	259
160 140 177 163 143 175 165 139 177 165 139 177 164 141 177 166 140 179 160 138 175	170	107	167	163	167	162	165 162		162 154	245	231	262	255
163 143 175 163 140 175 165 139 177 164 141 177 166 140 179 160 138 175	;	167 164	167	163	167	162	166 16	163 1	165 156	248	233	263	258
163 140 175 165 139 177 t, 164 141 177 nber, . 166 140 179 sr, 160 138 175	168	166 164	166	161	167	163	166 16	162 1	166 158	248	234	263	258
165 139 178 162 139 177 t, 164 141 177 nber, . 166 140 179 or, 160 138 175	169	166 164	166	161	167	163	166 16	163 1	166 158	248	233	264	258
. 162 139 177 . 164 141 177 cr, . 166 140 179 . 160 138 175	171	168 165	168	164	167	163	166 16	163 1	166 156	246	228	261	250
5. 164 141 177 5. 166 140 179 7. 160 138 175	171	168 164	168	163	167	162	166 16	163 1	166 156	246	231	261	250
cr, . 166 140 179	169	167 164	167	163	991	191	164 16	162 1	164 155	248	233	262	257
160 138 175	171	168 165	167	164	167	163	165 16	162 1	165 155	247	232	262	256
	166	167 162	167	162	991	160	165 15	159 1	164 154	247	220	263	257
November, . 162 141 179 17	170	169 163	168	163	169	163	165 161		165 157	248	233	264	260
December, . 160 138 174 16	167	166 163	166	162	167	162	165 161		165 158	248	234	264	[250
Averages, . 161 138 177 17	170	167 164	167	163	167	162	165 162		165 156	247	232	263	256

Table No. 45. — Average Maximum and Minimum Monthly Heights, in Feet, above Boston City Base, etc. — Concluded.

HERN HIGH 7ICE.	GTON HALL, IUSETTS NUE.	.muminiN	371	367	370	368	367	365	369	376	362	374	3991	4131	375
Northern Extra High Service.	LEXINGTON TOWN HALL, MASSACHUSETTS AVENUE.	·mumixs]{	387	386	386	386	381	380	383	383	371	385	4161	4301	390
	HROP HALL, MAN SET.	Minimum.	174	173	180	188	188	180	176	175	178	182	184	182	180
	WINTHROP TOWN HALL, HERMAN STREET.	.mumixeM	187	192	194	198	199	198	200	196	161	195	195	194	195
	LYNN ENGINE HOUSE, UNION SQUARE.	·muminiM	254	251	258	259	253	235	225	240	253	253	257	256	250
RVICE.		Maximum.	260	259	263	266	262	255	254	259	261	268	268	268	262
Northern High Service	REVERE WATER WORKS OFFICE, BROADWAY.	Minimum.	256	254	258	259	257	248	246	252	255	257	260	260	255
uren I	REV WATER OFF BROA	Maximum.	264	263	267	269	268	261	263	264	265	268	268	269	266
Noва	MALDEN CITY HALL.	Minimum.	265	264	265	266	262	261	259	262	263	264	263	264	263
	MAL	.mumixsM	269	267	269	271	267	266	267	569	270	272	270	271	269
	SOMERVILLE PUMPING STA- TION, CEDAR STREET.	.muminiM	249	248	250	251	248	240	238	251	250	248	251	252	248
		Maximum.	267	267	268	270	268	268	267	267	267	267	267	270	268
	QUINCY WATER WORKS SHOP.	.muminiM	213	199	215	211	214	204	204	214	215	200	213	221	211
Concluded.	QUINC WATER W SHOP.	Maximum.	238	233	238	237	236	•234	237	241	239	236	236	240	237
	FORBES HILL TOWER, QUINCY.	Minimum.	226	221	226	225	224	218	221	230	230	223	226	231	225
BRVICE -	FOR HILL T	.mumixsM	239	236	239	240	239	238	243	245	244	241	242	244	241
Southern High Service —	MILTON FER WORKS ICE, ADAMS STREET.	.mumini114	235	230	234	233	232	227	233	238	238	230	234	236	233
THERN]	WA.	.mumixsM	247	246	248	249	247	246	251	253	251	249	249	248	249
Sour	1 2 2	.muminiM	252	250	252	249	249	229	233	248	248	247	252	251	247
	BELMONT WATER WORK SHOP, WAVEI LEY STREET	.mumixs14	261	261	263	262	263	260	261	263	263	262	263	263	262
	1912.	MONTH.	January, .	February, .	March,	April,	May,	June,	July,	August, .	September, .	October, .	November, .	December, .	Averages, .

¹ Direct pressure from November 11.

APPENDIX No. 3.

WATER WORKS STATISTICS FOR THE YEAR 1912.

The Metropolitan Water Works supply the Metropolitan Water District which includes the following cities and towns:—

			Сіт	Y or	Tov	VN.				Population, Census of 1910.	Estimated Population, July 1, 1912.
Boston, .										670,585	718,900
Somerville,										77,236	81,080
Malden, .										44,404	46,840
Chelsea, .										32,452	34,720
Newton, 1.										39,806	41,780
Everett, .										33,484	36,110
Quincy, .										32,642	34,640
Medford, .										23,150	24,880
Hyde Park,										15,507	_ 2
Melrose, .										15,715	16,350
Revere, .										18,219	19,980
Watertown,										12,875	13,700
Arlington, .										11,187	12,120
Milton, .										7,924	8,300
Winthrop, .										10,132	11,050
Stoneham,										7,090	7,600
Swampscott,										6,204	6,520
Lexington,										4,918	5,240
Belmont, .										 5,542	6,080
Nahant, .										1,184	1,320
Total pop	ulati	on of	Met	ropol	itan	Water	Dis	trict,		1,070,256	1,127,210
Saugus, 3 .										280	280

¹ No water supplied during the year from Metropolitan Water Works.

Mode of Supply.

² Included in Boston.

³ Only a small portion of Saugus is supplied with water.

³¹ per cent. by gravity.

⁶⁹ per cent. by pumping.

Pumping.

Chestnut Hill Pumping Station No. 1: —

Builders of pumping machinery, Holly Manufacturing Company, Quintard Iron Works and E. P. Allis Company.

Description of coal used: — Bituminous: Beaver Run and Sonman. Anthracite: buckwheat and screenings. Price per gross ton in bins: bituminous \$4.04 to \$4.05, buckwheat \$2.86, screenings \$3.08. Average price per gross ton \$4.02. Per cent. ashes 10.7.

Chestnut Hill Pumping Station No. 2:—

Builders of pumping machinery, Holly Manufacturing Company.

Description of coal used: — Bituminous: Beaver Run and Sonman. Price per gross ton in bins: bituminous \$3.89 to \$3.93. Average price per gross ton \$3.91. Per cent. ashes 10.0.

Spot Pond Station: -

Builders of pumping machinery, Geo. F. Blake Manufacturing Company and Holly Manufacturing Company.

Description of coal used: — Bituminous: Pocahontas and New River. Anthracite: screenings. Price per gross ton in bins: bituminous \$4.39 to \$4.76, screenings \$2.50. Average price per gross ton \$4.42. Per cent. ashes 10.7.

	CHEST	NUT HILL P	UMPING STAT	rions —
		No. 1.		No. 2.
	Engines Nos. 1 and 2.	Engine No. 3.	Engine No. 4.	Engine No. 12.
Daily pumping capacity (gallons),	16,000,000	20,000,000	30,000,000	40,000,000
Coal consumed for year (pounds),	1,381,720	21,735	4,034,529	4,069,092
Cost of pumping, figured on pumping station expenses,	\$5,874.72	\$102.45	\$17,815.30	\$16,571.32
Total pumpage for year, corrected for slip (million	942.55	22.33	5,719.05	6,035.32
gallons). Average dynamic head (feet),	133.96	118.09	120.93	123.61
Gallons pumped per pound of coal,	682.16	1,027.38	1,417.53	1,483,21
Duty on basis of plunger displacement,	78,490,0 Q 0	105,700,000	145,660,000	155,820,000
Cost per million gallons raised to reservoir,	\$6.23 28	\$4.5880	\$3,1151	\$2.7457
Cost per million gallons raised one foot,	.0465	.0398	.0257	.0222

	CHESTNUT HILL PUMPING STATION No. 2.	SPOT POND STATION.
	Engines Nos. 5, 6 and 7.	Engines Nos. 8 and 9.
Daily pumping capacity (gallons),	105,000,000	30,000,000
Coal consumed for year (pounds),	6,220,263	2,577,635
Cost of pumping figured on pumping station expenses,	\$34,210.17	\$16,042.06
Total pumpage for year, corrected for slip (million gallons),	16,561.43	2,938.92
Average dynamic head (feet),	46.04	127.84
Gallons pumped per pound of coal,	2,662.50	1,140.16
Duty on basis of plunger displacement,	104,200,000	123,890,000
Cost per million gallons raised to reservoir,	\$2.0657	\$5,4585
Cost per million gallons raised one foot,	.0449	.0427

Consumption.

Estimated total population of the nineteen cities and	towns	
supplied wholly or partially during the year 1912,		1,086,690
Total consumption (gallons), pump basis,		42,388,000,000
Average daily consumption (gallons), pump basis,		115,814,000
Gallons per day to each inhabitant, pump basis, .		106.6

Distribution.

							Owned and operated by Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board.	Total in District supplied by Metropolitan Water Works.
Kinds of pipe used,							1	_ 2
Sizes,							60 to 4 inch.	60 to 4 inch.
Extensions, less length a	ban	done	l (mi	iles),			0.15	74.40
Length in use (miles),							101.73	1,745.90
Stop gates added, .							3	-
Stop gates now in use,							456	-
Service pipes added,							-	6,319 *
Service pipes now in use	,							164,638
Meters added,							-	13,335 4
Meters now in use, .							- (85,360
Fire hydrants added,							- 1	660
Fire hydrants now in use	Э,						-	15,378

¹ Cast-iron, cement-lined wrought iron and cement-lined steel pipe.

² Cast-iron, cement-lined wrought iron, cement-lined steel and kalamine pipe.
Includes ³ 2,562 services and ⁴ 1,540 meters acquired by the annexation of Hyde Park to Boston.

APPENDIX No. 4.

CONTRACTS MADE AND PENDING DURING Contracts relating to the

=	1	2.	3.	AMOUNT	of Bid.	6
	Num-	4.	Num-	4.	5.	6.
	ber of Con- tract.	WORK.	ber of Bids.	Next to Lowest.	Lowest.	Contractor.
1	731	Additions to the pumping plant at East Boston.	1	_	\$37,000 002	Allis-Chalmers Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
2	811	Section 66, extension of North Metropolitan Sys- tem in Broadway, Malden to Everett.	8	\$16,531 38	16,184 002	A. G. Tomasello, Boston.
3	901	4,250 tons of coal: — 2,900 tons for East Boston pumping station. 1,000 tons for Charlestown pumping station. 350 tons for Alewife Brook pumping station.	3 3 2	\$3.79 per ton. \$3.86 per ton. \$4.60 per ton.	\$3.725 per ton. ² \$3.725 per ton. ² \$4.35 per ton. ²	New England Coal and Coke Co., Boston.
4	911	2,600 tons of coal for Deer Island pumping station.	4	\$3.92 per ton.	\$3.92 per ton.2	Staples Coal Co., Boston.
5	941	Basin at wharf at East Boston pumping station.	1	- '	\$375 00	Bay State Dredging Co., Boston.
6	95	425 tons of coal for Alewife Brook pumping station.	2	\$4.85 per ton.	\$4.60 per ton.2	Locke Coal Co., Marden.
7	96	6,600 tons of coal: — 2,600 tons for Deer Island pumping station. 3,000 tons for East Boston pumping station. 1,000 tons for Charlestown pumping station.	3 3 3	\$4.18 per ton. \$4.03 per ton. \$4.08 per ton.	\$3.98 per ton. ² \$3.98 per ton. ² \$3.98 per ton. ²	Metropolitan Coal Co., Boston.
8	99	Section 67, New Mystic Sewer, North Metropoli- tan System in Medford and Winchester.	7	\$104,575 00	\$93,090 00 ²	Coleman Bros., Chelsea.
9	100	Extension of screen-house at East Boston pumping sta- tion.	9	4,782 00	4,700 002	J. E. Locatelli & Co., Boston.

¹ Contract completed.

APPENDIX No. 4.

THE YEAR 1912 - SEWERAGE WORKS.

North Metropolitan System.

7	0	0	10	
7. Date of Contract.	Date of Completion of Work.	9. Prices of Principal Items of Contracts made in 1912.	Value of Work done Dec. 31, 1912.	
June 5, 1909	Dec. 27, 1911		\$37,000 00	1
July 27, 1910	Dec. 6, 1911	_	23,056 44	2
July 5, 1911	July 1, 1912		16,277 51	3
July 5, 1911	July 1, 1912		10,249 52	4
April 6, 1912	April 9, 1912	Dredging and removing material from vicinity of wharf at East Boston pumping station.	375 00	5
June 5, 1912	-	\$4.60 per ton of 2,240 lbs. delivered in bins at Alewife Brook pumping station.	541 14	6
June 5, 1912		\$3.98 per ton of 2,240 lbs. delivered in bins at Deer Island pumping station. \$3.98 per ton of 2,240 lbs. delivered in bins at East Boston pumping station. \$3.98 per ton of 2,240 lbs. delivered in bins at Charlestown pumping station.	10,494 73	7
Oct. 15, 1912	-	For earth excavation and refilling in trench for 54-inch concrete sewer and connections, \$9 per lin. ft.; for earth or rock excavation and refilling in tunnel for 54-inch concrete sewer, \$15 per lin. ft.; for Portland cement brick masonry in shafts, manholes and special structures, \$18 per cu. yd.; for Portland cement concrete masonry in trench, \$7 per cu. yd.; for Portland cement concrete in tunnel, \$10 per cu. yd.; for rock excavation in trench, \$3 per cu. yd.	15,038 50	8
Dec. 26, 1912	-	Extension of screen-house at East Boston pumping station.	_	9

² Contract based upon this bid.

CONTRACTS MADE AND PENDING DURING

Contracts relating to the

_						
_	1.	2.	3.	AMOUNT	of Bid.	6.
	Number of Contract.	WORK.	Num- bér of Bids.	4. Next to Lowest.	5. Lowest.	Contractor.
1	911	2,350 tons of coal: — 1,900 tons for Ward Street pumping station. 450 tons for Nut Island screen-house.	4	\$3.95 per ton. \$4.03 per ton.	\$3.92 per ton. ² \$4.02 per ton. ²	Staples Coal Co., Boston.
2	921	375 tons of coal for Quincy pumping station.	3	\$4.75 per ton.	\$4.45 per ton.2	Neponset Coal Co., Dorchester.
3	97	2,700 tons of coal: — 2,200 tons for Ward Street pumping station. 500 tons for Nut Island screen-house.	3	\$4.40 per ton. \$4.37 per ton.	\$4.31 per ton. ² \$4.12 per ton. ²	Metropolitan Coal Co., Boston.
4	98	475 tons of coal for Quincy pumping station.	2	\$4.74 per ton.	\$4.65 per ton.2	City Fuel Co., Boston.

¹ Contract completed.

THE YEAR 1912 — SEWERAGE WORKS — Continued. South Metropolitan System.

7. Date of Contract.	Date of Completio of Work.	9. 10. Prices of Principal Items of Contracts made in 1912. Value of Work done Dec. 31, 1912.	
July 5, 191	1 July 1, 19	\$10,357 04	1
July 5, 191	1 July 1, 19	2 1,977 31	2
June 5, 191	2 -	\$4.31 per ton of 2,240 lbs. delivered in bins at Ward Street pumping station. \$4.12 per ton of 2,240 lbs. delivered on wharf at Nut Island screen-house.	3
June 5, 191	2 -	\$4.65 per ton of 2,240 lbs. delivered in bins at Quincy 539 29 pumping station.	4

² Contract based upon this bid.

Contracts made and pending during the Year 1912 — Sewerage Works — Concluded.

Summary of Contracts.

								Value of Work done Dec. 31, 1912.
North Metropolitan System, 9 contracts,								\$113,032 84
South Metropolitan System, 4 contracts,								17,986 20
Total of 13 contracts made and pending	g du	ring	the y	ear 1	912,			\$131,019 04

APPENDIX No. 5.

METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE WORKS.

NORTH METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

Table No. 1. — Location, Length and Sizes of Sewers with Public and Special Connections.

		es.	- un-	SPECIAL CONNECTIONS.
CITY OR TOWN.	Size of Sewers.	Length in Miles	Public Connections, December 31, 1912.	Character or Location of Connection.
Boston: — Deer Island, East Boston,	6' 3" to 9',	1.367 5.467	4 24	Shoe factory
Charlestown, .	$6'7'' \times 7'5''$ to 1',	3.292	14 {	Shoe factory
Winthrop,	9',	2.864	12 }	Fire Dept. Station, 1 Private Building, 1 Bakery, 1
Chelsea,	8' 4"×9' 2" to 1' 10"×2' 4",	5.123	10 {	Rendering works,
Everett,	8'2"×8'10" to 4'8"×5'1",	2.925	6	Metropolitan Water Works blow-off, Cameron Appliance Co., Shultz-Goodwin Co., Andrews-Wasgatt Co., National Metallic Bed Co., Linoide Co.,
Malden,	4' 6"×4' 10" to 1',	5.8441	31 {	Metropolitan Water Works
Melrose,	4' 6"×4' 10" to 10",	6.0992	36	Private buildings, 164 Private buildings,
Cambridge,	5' 2"×5' 9" to 1' 3",	7.167	38 {	Slaughter house,
Somerville,	6' 5"×7' 2" to 1' 10"×2' 3",	3.471	10	Tannery,
Medford,	4′ 8″×5′ 1″ to 10″,	5.359	22	Stable, Rendering works, Armory building, Private buildings, Stable, Police sub-station,

¹ Includes 1.84 of a mile of sewer purchased from the city of Malden.

² Includes .736 of a mile of sewer purchased from the city of Melrose.

Table No. 1. - Location, Length and Sizes of Sewers with Public and Special Connections — Concluded.

		les.	nec- sm- 2.	SPECIAL CONNECTIONS.				
CITY OR TOWN.	Size of Sewers.	Length in Miles.	Public Connections, December, 31, 1912.	Character or Location of Connections.				
	1' 6" to 10",	6.518 0.010 0.933 3.520 ¹ - 0.048 60.007 ³	37 { 3 1 2	Tannery, Private buildings, Gelatine factory, Stable, Railroad station, Private buildings, Railroad station, Car-house, Post Office,	4 3 1 1 1 1 1 136 1 3 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			

¹ Includes 2.631 miles of sewer purchased from the town of Arlington.

² The Metropolitan sewer extends but a few feet into the towns of Belmont and Wakefield.

³ Includes 2.787 miles of Mystic valley sewer in Medford, Winchester and Woburn, running parallel with the Metropolitan sewer.

SOUTH METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

Table No. 2. — Location, Length and Sizes of Sewers with Public and Special Connections.

		les.	ec-	Special Connections.	
City or Town.	Size of Sewers.	Length in Miles.	Public Connections, December 31, 1912.	Character or Location of Connection.	Number in Operation.
Boston (Back Bay),	6′ 6″ to 3′ 9″,	1.5001	13 {	Tufts Medical School, Private house, Administration Building, Boston Park Department, Simmons College buildings, Art Museum,	1 1 1
Boston (Brighton),	5′ 9′′×6′ 0′′ to 12′′,	6.0102	14	Abattoir,	$\begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{vmatrix}$
Boston (Dorchester).	$3' \times 4'$ to $2' 6'' \times 2' 7''$,	2.8703	12 {	Machine shop, Paper mill, Private buildings,	1 1 3
Boston (Roxbury),	6' 6"×7", 4' 0",	1.430	-	Parental school,	-
Boston (West Rox-bury).	9' 3"×10' 2" to 12",		12 {	Lutheran Evangelical Church, Private buildings,	
Brookline, Dedham,	6' 6"×7' 0" to 8", 4'×4' 1" to 3' 9"×3' 10", 60" pipe,	2.540 4 2.350 0.750	12 6 -	- - -	-
Boston(Hyde Park),	10' 7"×11' 7" to 4'×4' 1", .	4.527	17 {	Mattapan Paper Mills,	
Milton, Newton, Quincy, Waltham,	11'×12' to 8",	3.600 2.911 6.580 0.001	20 6 12 1	Private buildings,	2 2
Watertown,	4' 2"×4' 9" to 12",	0.7505	5 {	Factories, Stanley Motor Carriage Co., Knights of Pythias Building,	2 1 1
		43.419	130		33

¹ Includes .355 of a mile of sewer purchased from the city of Boston.

² Includes .446 of a mile of pipe and concrete sewers built for the use of the city of Boston; also, .026 of a mile of sewer purchased from the town of Watertown.

³ Includes 1.24 miles of sewer purchased from the city of Boston.

⁴ Includes .158 of a mile of pipe sewer built for the use of the town of Brookline.

⁵ Includes .025 of a mile of sewer purchased from the town of Watertown.

NORTH METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

Populations and Areas now contributing; Total Areas ultimately to contribute, and Present Populations on Such Areas; Ratios Table No. 3. — Table showing Cities and Towns delivering Sewage in this System; Approximate Miles of Sewer connected; Estimated of Present Contributing Areas to Ultimate Areas, and Ratios of Populations now contributing to Present Total Populations.

[Populations estimated as of December 31, 1912.]

Ratio of Contribut- ing Area to Ultimate Area.	Per Cent. 84.5 50.9 50.9 50.9 50.9 50.9 50.9 50.9 50
Ratio of Contributing Population to Present Total	Per Cent. 100.0 100.0 98.6 89.9 88.1.9 88.1.9 98.5 77.3 89.0 77.3 89.0 83.2 83.2 83.3 83.3 83.3 83.3 83.3 83.3
Area ultimately to Contribute Sewage.	Sq. Miles. 1.61 2.18 2.24 3.34 3.73 1.27 1.27 1.27 5.20 4.66 7.65 6.11 5.86
Estimated Area now contributing Sewage.	Sq. Miles. 1.36 1.11 1.11 1.11 1.95 2.94 1.78 0.67 0.68 0.68 0.68 1.77 1.13 0.49 0.49
Estimated Present Total Popula- tion.	1,200 2 11,240 62,930 35,260 35,710 47,370 16,490 18,700 81,940 25,270 9,940 15,930 7,720 12,930 12,030 4,280 6,200 12,030 4,280 55,140
Estimated Population now con- tributing Sewage.	1,200 2 11,090 60,265 83,805 83,805 83,805 83,170 83,205 13,540 41,810 107,135 80,740 24,810 7,940 6,405 6,4
Estimated Number of Persons served by Each House Connection.	2.40 12.40 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30 6.30
Number of Con- nections with Local Sewers.	2,609 4,860 4,584 4,5715 4,534 6,064 6,064 1,532 1,444 1,523 1,523 7,40 639 639 639 74,74 74,376
Separate or Combined.	Separate, Separate Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate, Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate,
Miles of Local Sewer con- nected.	0.70 31.26 31.26 31.51 29.673 459.76 59.76 147.26 97.56 14.35 13.05 15.61 15.61 15.61 15.61 15.61 15.61 15.61 15.61 16.61 16.61 17.26 17.2
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Boston (Deer Island), Winthrop, Boston (East Boston), Chelsea, Everett, Malden, Melrose, Boston (Charlestown), Cambridge, Somerville, Winchester, Winchester, Woburn, Stoneham, Arlington, Belmont, Wakefield, Lexington, Revere, Totals,

1 Estimated from assessors' statement of the number of houses in each city or town,

on April 1, 1912, and the population from census of 1910.
² Estimated by Superintendent James H. Cronin of the Institution on Deer Island.
³ The districts connecting at Cypress Street, Revere Beach Parkway, Springvale Avenue, Willoughby, Bellingham, Highland, Hawthorn and Spruce streets are

now contributing sewage.

⁵ Exclusive of Mystic valley sewer and tanneries.
⁶ Including 2 connections with McLean Hospital, having an estimated population of 495.

7 Lexington not connected

SOUTH METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE SYSTEM

Populations and Areas now contributing; Total Areas ultimately to contribute, and Present Populations on Such Areas; Ratios Table No. 4. — Table showing Cities and Towns delivering Sewage to this System; Approximate Miles of Sewer connected; Estimated of Present Contributing Areas to Ultimate Areas, and Ratios of Populations now contributing to Present Total Populations.

[Populations estimated as of December 31, 1912.]

Ratio of Contributing Area to Ultimate Area.	Per Cent. 843 4 51.0 49.5 16.7 16.7 16.7 29.1 8.3 26.8	29.9
Ratio of Contributing Population to Present Total Population.	Per Cent. 98.2 69.0 96.2 89.2 77.9 92.9 59.5 39.4 83.6 65.4 66.0	66.1
Area ultimately to Contribute Sewage.	Sq. Miles. 3.74 3.74 16.88 16.88 4.04 4.89 12.59 4.57 9.40 1.23 8.92 12.56	100.87
Estimated Area now con- tributing Sewage.	Sq. Miles. 3.17 3.47 7.32 2.05 2.27 2.41 0.71 1.33 0.78 2.39	30.12
Estimated Present Total Popula- tion.	28,780 29,680 30,010 42,230 113,880 129,460 65,900 65,900 16,440 16,440 16,440 30,200 35,080	381,840
Estimated Population now con- tributing Sewage.	28,250 20,480 28,855 37,680 10,815 27,365 39,185 3,305 13,740 13,740 19,650	252,265
Estimated Number of Persons served by Each House Connection.	17.10 6.30 7.25 6.40 7.70 7.70 7.70 7.70 7.90 6.90	7.00
Number of Con- nections with Local Sewers.	1,652 3,251 3,251 6,280 2,003 2,003 3,577 5,089 1,953 640 4,010	36,215
Separate or Combined.	Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate. Separate, Separate, Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate and combined, Separate, Separate, Separate, Separate, Separate, Separate, Separate, Separate, Separate,	ı
Miles of Local Sewer con- nected.	24.99 58.03 115.33 115.33 38.10 44.17 11.32 27.66 15.63 66.91	572.40
CITIES AND TOWNS.	Boston (Back Bay), Boston (Brighton), Brookline, Newton, Watertown, Waltham, Boston (Dorchester), Milton, Boston (Hyde Park), Dedham, Boston (Roxbury), Boston (West Roxbury), Cuincy,	Totals,

1 Estimated from assessors' statement of the number of houses in each city or town, on April 1, 1912, and the population from census of 1910.

4 Including connection with Institution at Austin Farm, having an estimated population of 1,425. ² Estimated by Town Engineer.

3 Part of town not included in Metropolitan Sewerage District.

APPENDIX No. 6.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTED TO THE GENERAL COURT ON JANUARY 8, 1913.

The Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board respectfully presents the following abstract of the account of its doings, receipts, expenditures, disbursements, assets and liabilities for the year ending November 30, 1912, in accordance with the provisions of chapter 235 of the Acts of the year 1906.

METROPOLITAN WATER WORKS.

Construction.

The loans authorized for expenditures under the Metropolitan Water acts, the receipts which are added to the loan fund, the expenditures for the construction and acquisition of works, and the balance available on December 1, 1912, have been as follows:—

Loans authorized under Metropolitan water acts,		\$42,090,000	UU
Receipt from town of Swampscott for admission to l	Metropolitan		
Water District, paid into Loan Fund (St. 1909, c	. 320),	90,000	00
Receipts from the sales of property which are placed	to the credit		
of the Metropolitan Water Loan Fund:—			
For the year ending November 30, 1912, .	\$20,382 62		
For the period prior to December 1, 1911,	200,453 52		
-	<u> </u>	220,836	14
		843 000 836	14
Amount approved for payment by the Board out of		\$43,000,836	14
Amount approved for payment by the Board out of politan Water Loan Fund:—		\$43,000,836	14
Amount approved for payment by the Board out of politan Water Loan Fund: — For the year ending November 30, 1912,		\$43,000,836	14
politan Water Loan Fund: — For the year ending November 30, 1912, .	of the Metro-	\$43,000,836	14
politan Water Loan Fund: — For the year ending November 30, 1912, .	of the Metro- \$104,894 17	\$43,000,836 42,029,922	
politan Water Loan Fund: — For the year ending November 30, 1912, .	of the Metro- \$104,894 17		65

The amount of the Metropolitan Water Loan bonds issued and outstanding at the beginning of the fiscal year was \$41,738,000. At the end of the year the amount of the bonds issued was \$41,788,000.

The Metropolitan Water Loan Sinking Fund amounted at the beginning of the year to \$8,927,838.95, and at the end of the year to \$9,811,181.29. The net decrease in the debt for the Metropolitan Water Works was \$833,342.34.

Maintenance.

Amount appropriated for the maintenance and operation of works, for the year ending November 30,			
1912,	\$426,000	00	
Balance of special appropriation for the improvement of the Cochituate watershed (1909–1911)			
remaining,	1,441	98	
Special appropriation for protection of water supply			
(1911),	15,000	00	
Receipts credited to this fund for year ending Novem-			
ber 30, 1912,	86,691	67	
-			\$529,133 65
Amount approved by Board for maintenance and operation of works during year ending November 30,			
1912,			451,529 16
Balance December 1, 1912,			\$77,604 49

This balance includes the sum of \$1,117.12 appropriated for the improvement of the Cochituate watershed which remains to be expended for the completion of the work. There are also included in the balance the sum of \$14,921.21, the amount remaining unexpended of the special appropriation for the protection of the water supply in Newton, and the sum of \$20,000, the special appropriation in 1912 for the protection and improvement of the water supply especially in the town of Framingham.

The Board has also received during the year ending November 30, 1912, \$95,835.44 from rentals, the sale of land, land products and power and from other proceeds from the operations of the Board which according to section 18 of the Metropolitan Water Act are applied by the Treasurer of the Commonwealth to the payment of interest on the Metropolitan Water Loan, to sinking fund requirements, and expenses of maintenance and operation of works, in reduction of the amount to be assessed upon the Metropolitan Water District for the year.

Sums received from sales of water to municipalities not belonging to the District and to water companies, and from municipalities for admission to the District, have been applied as follows:—

For the period prior to December 1, 1906, distributed to the cities and towns of the District, as provided by section 3 of the Metro-		
politan Water Act,	\$219,865	65
For the period beginning December 1, 1906, and prior to December		
1, 1911, applied to the Metropolitan Water Loan Sinking Fund,		
as provided by chapter 238 of the Acts of 1907,	26,787	09
For the year beginning December 1, 1911, and ending November		
30, 1912, applied to the Metropolitan Water Loan Sinking Fund,		
as provided by said last-named act,	14,814	54
	S261.467	-28

METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE WORKS.

Construction.

The loans authorized under the various acts of the Legislature for the construction of the Metropolitan Sewerage Works, the receipts which are added to the proceeds of the loans, and the expenditures for construction, are given below, as follows:—

North Metropolitan System.

ivoitii menopottian system.		
Loans authorized for expenditures for construction under the various acts, including those for the	,	
Revere, Belmont and Malden extensions, North		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
System enlargements and extensions, and New		
Mystic Sewer,		
Receipts from sales of real estate and from miscel-		
laneous sources, which are placed to the credit		
of the North Metropolitan System:—		
For the year ending November 30, 1912, 10,623 60		
For the period prior to December 1, 1911, . 64,560 64		
Amount approved for payment by the Board ¹ out		
of the Metropolitan Sewerage Loan Fund, North'		
System: —		
For the year ending November 30, 1912, .	\$46,595	23
For the period prior to December 1, 1911, .	6,679,862	22
\$7,089,049 97	\$6,726,457	45
Balance December 1, 1912,	\$362,592	52

¹ The word "Board" refers to the Metropolitan Sewerage Commission and its successor the Metropolitan Water and Sewerage Board.

South Metropolitan System.

. Sound 11200 opolitain Syste	,,,,,			
Loans authorized for expenditures for construc- tion under the various acts, applied to the con- struction of the Charles River valley sewer,				
Neponset valley sewer, High-level sewer and				
extension,	\$8,867,046	27		
Receipts for pumping, sales of real estate and from				
miscellaneous sources, which are placed to the				
credit of the South Metropolitan System: —				
For the year ending November 30, 1912,	372	09		
For the period prior to December 1, 1911,		51		
Amount approved by the Board for payment as	ŕ			
follows:—				
On account of the Charles River valley sewer,			\$800,046	27
On account of the Neponset valley sewer,			911,531	46
On account of the High-level sewer and ex-	•			
tension: —				
For the year ending November 30, 1912,			7,504	29
For the period prior to December 1, 1911,			7,101,407	
	\$8,881,050	87	\$8,820,489	05
Balance December 1, 1912,			\$60,561	82

The amount of the Metropolitan Sewerage Loan bonds issued and outstanding at the beginning of the fiscal year was \$15,502,912, and at the end of the year the amount so issued and outstanding was the same. Of the total amount outstanding at the end of the year, \$6,625,000 was issued for the North Metropolitan System, and \$8,877,912 for the South Metropolitan System. The amount of the Metropolitan Sewerage Sinking Fund was at the beginning of the fiscal year \$2,180,653.98, and at the end of the year was \$2,454,189.72, of which \$1,572,485.73 was on account of the North Metropolitan System, and \$881,703.99 was on account of the South Metropolitan System. The net decrease in the debt for the Metropolitan Sewerage Works was \$273,535.74.

\$4,217 02

Maintenance.

North Metropolitan System. Appropriated for the year ending November 30, 1912, Receipts from pumping and from other sources, which are returned to the appropriation:—	\$160,500	00
For the year ending November 30, 1912,	674	27
	\$161,174	27
Amount approved for payment by the Board:—		
For the year ending November 30, 1912,	156,845	07
Balance December 1, 1912,	\$4,329	20
South Metropolitan System.		
Appropriated for the year ending November 30, 1912, Receipts from sales of property and for pumping, which are returned to the appropriation:—	\$107,550	00
For the year ending November 30, 1912,	383	99
	\$107,933	99
Amount approved for payment by the Board:—		
For the year ending November 30, 1912,	103,716	97

Balance December 1, 1912, . . .

APPENDIX No. 7.

LEGISLATION OF THE YEAR 1912 AFFECTING THE METRO-POLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD.

Acts of 1912.

CHAPTER 132.

AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR OPERATING THE NORTH METROPOLITAN SYSTEM OF SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. A sum not exceeding one hundred and sixty Appropriation for maintenance thousand five hundred dollars is hereby appropriated, to be of north metpaid out of the North Metropolitan System Maintenance erage works. Fund, for the maintenance and operation of a system of sewage disposal for the cities included in what is known as the north metropolitan system, during the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of November, nineteen hundred and twelve.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved February 20, 1912.

CHAPTER 133.

AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR OPERATING THE METROPOLITAN WATER SYSTEM.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. A sum not exceeding four hundred and twenty- Appropriation for maintenance six thousand dollars is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of of metropolitan water works. the Metropolitan Water Maintenance Fund, for the maintenance and operation of the metropolitan water system for the cities and towns in what is known as the metropolitan water district, during the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of November, nineteen hundred and twelve.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved February 20, 1912.

CHAPTER 146.

AN ACT MAKING AN APPROPRIATION FOR OPERATING THE SOUTH METROPOLITAN SYSTEM OF SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Appropriation for maintenance of south metropolitan sewerage works.

Section 1. A sum not exceeding one hundred seven thousand five hundred and fifty dollars is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of the South Metropolitan System Maintenance Fund, for the cost of maintenance and operation of the south metropolitan system of sewage disposal, comprising a part of Boston, the cities of Newton and Waltham, and the towns of Brookline, Watertown, Dedham and Milton, during the fiscal year ending on the thirtieth day of November, nineteen hundred and twelve.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved February 23, 1912.

CHAPTER 461.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR CERTAIN IMPROVEMENTS IN THE NORTH METROPOLITAN SEWERAGE SYSTEM.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Improvements in the north metropolitan sewerage system.

Section 1. The metropolitan water and sewerage board is hereby authorized to provide and construct, as a part of the north metropolitan sewerage system, the following works: - An additional main sewer in the Mystic valley extending from a point in the old Mystic valley sewer near the boundary line between the city of Woburn and the town of Winchester and running through the town of Winchester and a part of the city of Medford to a point in the new metropolitan main sewer near its junction with the Mystic valley main sewer; and new screening machinery in connection with the East Boston sewerage pumping station, with such additional land as may be necessary in connection with the installation of such machinery; and for these purposes the sum of three hundred and seventy-eight thousand dollars shall be allowed and paid out of the treasury of the commonwealth from the Metropolitan Sewerage Loan Fund, North System.

Metropolitan Sewerage Loan. SECTION 2. For the purposes named in the preceding section the said board may, in addition to providing for works

for which expenditures have hitherto been authorized, expend any sum heretofore appropriated for the construction of the metropolitan sewerage works, north system. To meet the further expenditures incurred under the provisions of this act and not so provided for, the treasurer and receiver general shall, from time to time, issue in the name and behalf of the commonwealth and under its seal bonds designated on the face thereof, Metropolitan Sewerage Loan, to an amount not exceeding three hundred and seventy-eight thousand dollars, in addition to the amount of such bonds heretofore authorized for the construction of the north metropolitan sewerage works.

SECTION 3. The provisions of chapter four hundred and Provisions of thirty-nine of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and eighty- apply. nine and of all acts in amendment thereof and in addition thereto shall, so far as they may be applicable, apply to the indebtedness and all proceedings authorized by this act.

Section 4. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved April 10, 1912.

CHAPTER 528.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE A SATURDAY HALF HOLIDAY FOR LABORERS AND MECHANICS OF THE METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD AND THE METROPOLITAN PARK COMMIS-SION.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. Laborers and mechanics in the permanent serv- To provide a half holiday ice of the metropolitan water and sewerage board of the met- for certain laborers, etc. ropolitan park commission, except those employed in the pumping stations of the metropolitan water and sewerage board and at the bath-houses under the control of the metropolitan park commission, shall be given a half holiday each week during the months of June, July, August and September, without loss of pay, and, if practicable, the half holiday shall be on Saturday. If, however, the public service so requires, the metropolitan park commission and the metropolitan water and sewerage board may at any time during the year give to the laborers and mechanics in their permanent service, in lieu of the said half holidays, days off duty without

loss of pay equivalent in time to the half holidays which would otherwise be given under this act.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage.

(The foregoing was laid before the Governor on the seventeenth day of April, 1912, and after five days it had "the force of a law", as prescribed by the Constitution, as it was not returned by him with his objections thereto within that time.)

CHAPTER 656.

AN ACT TO AUTHORIZE THE TOWN OF FRAMINGHAM TO EN-LARGE AND IMPROVE ITS SYSTEM OF WATER SUPPLY.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

The town of Framingham may enlarge, etc., its system of water supply.

Section 1. The town of Framingham, acting by its water commissioners, may enlarge and improve its system of water supply, and for that purpose may erect a pumping station and other necessary structures, lay pipes, aqueducts, conduits and other water courses, and may construct driven, artesian and other wells upon land in said town to be acquired therefor; and also may take, or acquire by purchase or otherwise, and hold any land, rights of way, and easements necessary for the purposes aforesaid, or for preserving the purity of the The town may also connect said system, as enlarged and improved, with the waters of reservoir number three of the metropolitan water works, the waters of Sudbury river or Farm pond and the waters which flow into and from said river and pond, or any reservoir constructed on said river, pond or waters situated in said town, and for the purpose of such connection may lay, construct and maintain pipes, aqueducts, conduits, driven, artesian or other wells, and other water courses in, upon and through land of the commonwealth to and into said reservoir number three or river, pond or waters or reservoirs, as aforesaid, and may distribute therefrom throughout said town sufficient water for the use of the town and its inhabitants for the extinguishment of fires and for domestic and other purposes. The point of connection with, and entrance into, said reservoir or river, pond and waters or reservoirs as aforesaid, and the location of any pipes, aqueducts, conduits, wells, or other water courses laid or constructed on land of the commonwealth, shall be determined

by agreement between the town and the metropolitan water and sewerage board.

Section 2. For the purposes aforesaid the town is author- May take lands, rights of way, ized to take, or to acquire by purchase or otherwise, any necessary land, rights of way, or other easements, to lay, construct and maintain any necessary pipes, aqueducts, conduits, reservoirs and other structures for holding, conveying, and distributing the water, or for preserving the purity thereof. town may construct and lay pipes, aqueducts, conduits, artesian or other wells and any other water works under and over any land, including land of the commonwealth, as hereinbefore provided, water courses, railroads, railways or other public or private ways, in such manner as not unnecessarily to obstruct the same, and may do any other thing necessary or proper in executing the purposes of this act; but the town shall not enter upon, construct or lay any conduits, pipes or other works within the location of any railroad corporation except at such times and in such manner as it may agree upon with such corporation, or, in case of failure so to agree, as may be approved by the board of railroad commissioners.

SECTION 3. The town shall, within sixty days after the Taking to be recorded. taking of any lands, rights of way, water rights, water sources or easements as aforesaid, file and cause to be recorded in the registry of deeds for the county and district within which the same are situated a description thereof sufficiently accurate for identification, with a statement of the purpose for which the same were taken, signed by the water commissioners of the town.

The town shall pay all damages sustained by Payment of damages, etc. SECTION 4. any person or corporation by the taking of any land, rights of way, water, water sources, water rights or easements or by any other thing taken or done by authority of this act. Any person or corporation sustaining such damages and failing to agree with the town as to the amount thereof may have the damages determined in the manner provided by law in the case of land taken for the laying out of highways, on application at any time within a period of two years after the taking of such land or other property or the doing of other injury under the authority of this act. For all damages caused to the commonwealth or the metropolitan water and sewerage board by the taking of water from said reservoir, or river, pond, and waters or reservoirs as aforesaid by the town under

the provisions of this act, the town shall pay to the common-wealth such sum, rate, damages, or compensation as may be agreed upon by the town through its water commissioners and the metropolitan water and sewerage board, and for all damages caused to the commonwealth or the metropolitan water and sewerage board by the exercise by the town of the rights and privileges herein granted to the town in lands of the commonwealth, the town shall also pay such sum as may be agreed upon as aforesaid, but in case the town and said board are unable to agree upon the amount of such sum, rate, damage or compensation, the matter shall be submitted to three commissioners to be appointed by the supreme judicial court upon application of either party and notice to the other, whose decision and award when accepted by the court shall be binding upon both parties.

Existing rights not affected.

Section 7. Nothing in this act shall be construed to affect any existing right, power or privilege of said town to take water from any lake, stream, well, pond, brook, reservoir or other source of water supply, or to abridge any rights, powers or privileges heretofore reserved or granted to the town in respect to its water supply; and the rights, powers and privileges granted to the town by this act shall be held to be in addition to all rights, powers and privileges heretofore granted or reserved to the town.

Time of taking effect.

SECTION 8. This act shall take effect upon its acceptance by a majority of the voters of the town present and voting thereon at a meeting duly called for the purpose. [Approved May 27, 1912.

CHAPTER 689.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR DETERMINING THE DAMAGES TO BE PAID TO THE TOWN OF STONEHAM BY REASON OF THE TAKING OF SPOT POND FOR THE METROPOLITAN WATER WORKS.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Determining damages to Stoneham by reason of the taking of Spot pond, etc. SECTION 1. Within one year after the passage of this act the town of Stoneham may file in the clerk's office of the superior court for the county of Middlesex a petition for the determination of the damages sustained by it by reason of any taking or act of the metropolitan water board or of the metropolitan water and sewerage board under authority of chapter four hundred and eighty-eight of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five, and acts in amendment thereof and in addition thereto, and thereupon, after such notice as said court shall order, the court shall appoint a commission of three disinterested persons. The commission shall, after notice and hearing, determine the damages specified in the petition which the town sustained as aforesaid and could have recovered upon a petition filed in accordance with the provisions of section thirteen of said chapter four hundred and eighty-eight, and shall report its determination to the court. The determination, when accepted by the court, shall be final and conclusive, and the town shall thereupon be precluded from bringing any further action to recover for any damages caused as aforesaid. The court may allow the members of said commission reasonable compensation for their services, and the compensation so allowed and the damages, if any, determined as aforesaid shall be paid from the treasury of the commonwealth, and thereafter shall be apportioned and paid in the same manner in which the other expenses of the metropolitan water and sewerage board are apportioned and paid.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved May 29, 1912.

CHAPTER 694.

An Act relative to the taking of property of the city OF BOSTON BY THE METROPOLITAN WATER AND SEWERAGE BOARD.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

SECTION 1. The metropolitan water and sewerage board water and sew-may take, or acquire by purchase or otherwise, the Fisher erage based may take Hill reservoir, so called, and the land surrounding the same Fisher Hill reservoir, etc. and the main water supply pipes belonging to the city of Boston located in the town of Brookline and the city of Somerville, and in Beacon street, Chestnut Hill avenue and land in the Brighton district of the city of Boston.

SECTION 2. To meet the expenditures incurred under the Metropolitan Water Loan. provisions of this act the treasurer and receiver general shall, from time to time, issue, upon the request of said board, bonds

in the name and behalf of the commonwealth, to be designated on the face thereof, Metropolitan Water Loan, to an amount not exceeding six hundred thousand dollars, in addition to the sum of forty-two million and ninety thousand dollars authorized to be issued by chapter four hundred and eighty-eight of the acts of the year eighteen hundred and ninety-five and acts in amendment thereof and in addition thereto, and the provisions of said chapter four hundred and eighty-eight and of acts in amendment thereof and in addition thereto shall apply to this additional loan.

SECTION 3. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved May 29, 1912.

CHAPTER 719.

AN ACT TO ESTABLISH A COMMISSION ON ECONOMY AND EFFI-CIENCY FOR THE COMMONWEALTH.

Be it enacted, etc., as follows:

Commission on economy and efficiency; a established.

SECTION 1. The governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall appoint a commission on economy and efficiency for the commonwealth, to consist of three persons, qualified voters of the commonwealth, one of whom shall be the auditor of the commonwealth. The chairman shall be designated by the governor, shall be appointed for the term of two years from January first, nineteen hundred and twelve, and shall receive a salary at the rate of five thousand dollars per annum. The chairman shall give his whole time to the work of the commission. The other member shall be appointed for a term of one year from January first, nineteen hundred and twelve, and shall receive a salary at the rate of thirty-five hundred dollars per annum. Annually thereafter the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, shall appoint one member to serve for two years. Any vacancy shall be filled by the governor, with the advice and consent of the council, for the unexpired term, and at the expiration or other determination of the term of the person designated as chairman the governor shall designate a person to serve as chairman. In all cases a member shall continue to serve until his successor is appointed and qualified. The members of said commission may be removed by the governor, with the advice and consent of the council.

SECTION 2. Said commission may employ a secretary and Secretary, etc. such experts, clerks and other assistants, and may pay them such salaries, and may incur such other expenses as it may deem necessary and proper, not exceeding the sum of ten thousand dollars in the year nineteen hundred and twelve, and not exceeding thereafter such sum as may be appropriated for that purpose by the general court. All appointments under this section shall be in accordance with the rules of the civil service commission.

SECTION 3. Every officer or board having charge of any department, institution or undertaking which receives an annual appropriation of money from the treasury of the commonwealth, including annual appropriations to be met by assessments, shall, annually, on or before the fifteenth day of November, submit to the auditor of the commonwealth, statements showing in detail the amounts appropriated for the current fiscal year, estimates of the amounts required for the ensuing fiscal year, with an explanation of the reason for any increased appropriation, and with citations of the statutes relating thereto, and the expenditures for the current year and for each of the two years next preceding. The said estimates shall not include any estimates for special purposes or objects. The auditor, on or before the fifteenth day of December in each year, shall submit to the governor elect and to the commission on economy and efficiency copies of the amounts so required by such departments, institutions or undertakings, together with a statement of the general appropriations for said departments, institutions or undertakings of the preceding fiscal year and the expenditures for the same and the unexpended balance as of the preceding thirtieth of November. The auditor shall further embody the statements received from those in charge of such departments, institutions or undertakings, together with his estimates for the ensuing fiscal year for the ordinary and other revenue of the commonwealth, in one document, and shall have the document printed and shall transmit the same to the general court for its action on or before the first Thursday of January of each year. Copies of this document shall be distributed to the members of the general court.

SECTION 4. Officers, heads of departments, boards, com- Estimates for missions and trustees of institutions, who, in their annual for special reports, or otherwise, recommend appropriations from the submitted to

state treasury for special purposes or objects, including appropriations to be met by assessments, in addition to the ordinary running expenses, shall submit estimates thereof in detail to the auditor of the commonwealth on or before the fifteenth day of November in each year, and he shall classify and submit them to the governor elect and to the commission on economy and efficiency for their examination on or before the fifteenth day of December next succeeding, and shall have them printed in a public document, and shall transmit the same to the general court on or before the first Thursday of January of each year for its action.

Examination of estimates, report, etc.

SECTION 5. The commission on economy and efficiency shall examine the statements submitted to it by the auditor, showing the general and special appropriations asked for by those in charge of the various departments, institutions, boards and undertakings mentioned in sections three and four, and shall report thereon to the general court annually on or before the first Thursday in January, and at such other times as it may see fit, together with such facts, suggestions or recommendations as to any or all of the appropriations requested or the method of raising money for the same as it may deem expedient.

Special examinations to be made, etc.

Section 6. On request of either branch of the general court or of the ways and means committee of either branch, or of the governor, or of the committee on finance of the governor's council, the commission shall make a special examination of any matter affecting the management or finances of any department, institution, board, undertaking or commission mentioned in section three, and on request shall give any information in its possession to either branch of the general court or to the ways and means committee of either branch or to the governor.

Section 7. The commission may make a special examination of the management or finances of any of the departments, institutions, boards, undertakings, or commissions mentioned in section three and may report thereon from time to time to the governor and council and to the general court, if it is in session.

Inquiry to be made into the laws governing financial transactions, etc.

Section 8. It shall be the duty of the commission to inquire into the laws governing the financial transactions of the commonwealth and to study into the possibility of promoting greater economy and efficiency and utility in the transaction

of the business of the commonwealth by any changes in such laws, by the reorganization, consolidation or co-ordination of departments and institutions, by different methods of administration, by classification of employees, by fixing maximum and minimum salaries, by standardizing vacations, by organizing a central purchasing agency or department, by the substitution of the budget method of appropriating money or by any other means, and it shall report thereon from time to time to the governor and council and to the general court, if it is in session.

SECTION 9. For the purpose of this act and in order to pro-Powers of the vide information which shall serve as a basis for legislation, etc. the commission shall have the power to require the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of all books, papers, contracts and documents relating to any matter within the scope of any investigation authorized by this act. Witnesses shall be summoned in the same manner and shall be paid the same fees as witnesses before the superior court. The chairman of the commission or any member thereof may administer oaths to, or take the affirmation of, witnesses and may prescribe rules and regulations for the conduct of hearings and the giving of testimony. If any person so summoned and paid shall refuse to attend, or to be sworn or to affirm, or to answer any question, or to produce any book, contract, document or paper pertinent to the matter of inquiry in consideration before the commission, a justice of the supreme judicial court or of the superior court, in his discretion, upon application by the commission or any member thereof authorized thereto by vote of the commission, may issue an order requiring such person to appear before the commission, and to produce his books, contracts, documents and papers and to give evidence touching the matter in question, and failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by such court as a contempt thereof. Any person summoned and paid who shall refuse to attend, or to be sworn or to affirm, or to answer any question, or to produce any book, contract, document or paper pertinent to the matter in consideration by the commission, and any person who wilfully interrupts or disturbs any hearing of the commission, or who is disorderly thereat, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Any person who wilfully swears

or affirms falsely before the commission upon any point material to the matter of inquiry shall be guilty of perjury, and shall be subject to the provisions of sections one to five, both inclusive, of chapter two hundred and ten of the Revised Laws and amendments thereof. Upon application by the commission to any justice of the supreme judicial court, or of the superior court, the justice may issue a commission to one or more competent persons in another state for the examination of a person without this commonwealth relative to any matter within the scope of any investigation authorized by this act. The testimony of such person may be taken by open commission or otherwise under the procedure, so far as the same may be applicable, provided for by section fortythree of chapter one hundred and seventy-five of the Revised Laws, and the said justice may issue letters rogatory in support of said commission. Nothing in this act shall be construed to compel any person to give any testimony or to produce any evidence, documentary or otherwise, which may tend to incriminate him.

Commission to report to governor, etc.

Section 10. The commission shall make a report to the governor and council and to the general court in January of each year, showing the work done by it during the preceding year, together with such facts, suggestions or recommendations as to the finances or management of any or all of the departments, institutions, boards, undertakings or commissions of the commonwealth, as it may see fit, and shall report on or before the first Thursday in January, nineteen hundred and thirteen, what changes if any in the laws it deems advisable in relation to its existence, organization, powers or duties. Any suggestions for legislation shall be accompanied with drafts of the bills recommended.

Repeal.

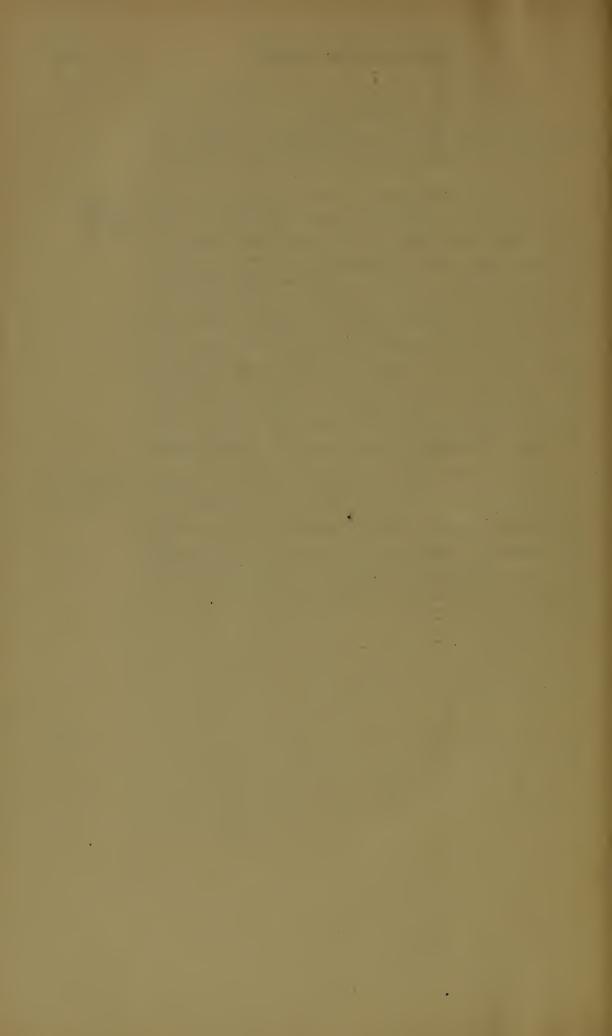
Section 11. Chapter two hundred and twenty of the acts of the year nineteen hundred and ten and all acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 12. This act shall take effect upon its passage. [Approved June 6, 1912.

CHAPTER 10.

RESOLVE TO PROVIDE FOR AN INVESTIGATION OF THE CONDI-TION OF SPOT POND BROOK IN STONEHAM, MELROSE AND MALDEN.

Resolved, That the governor, with the advice and consent Commission to investigate of the council, shall appoint one person and the mayor of the condition of Spot Pond city of Malden, the mayor of the city of Melrose and the brook. selectmen of the town of Stoneham shall each appoint one person, and the four persons so appointed shall constitute a commission to be known as the Spot Pond Brook Commission. Said commission shall investigate the condition of Spot Pond brook in Stoneham, Melrose and Malden and report to the general court before the tenth day of January, nineteen hundred and thirteen, a plan for such improvements in said brook, by means of a retaining basin or otherwise, as will prevent flooding along the course of said brook, during the times of freshet, by the water turned into it by the metropolitan water and sewerage board from Doleful pond and the surrounding country. The metropolitan water and sewerage board shall assist the said commission by furnishing data in its possession relative to the said brook and also such reasonable engineering assistance as the commission may require. The commissioners shall be appointed within thirty days after the passage of this resolve and shall serve without pay. $\lceil Ap$ proved February 9, 1912.



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